



Capinfo Company Limited

(a joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

(Stock Code : 1075)

The background of the cover is a vibrant, futuristic illustration. It depicts a city skyline with various skyscrapers, including one with a distinctive yellow, textured facade. The scene is overlaid with glowing digital lines, data points, and abstract shapes in shades of blue, green, and orange. A large, glowing orange line curves across the lower half of the image. The overall aesthetic is high-tech and modern.

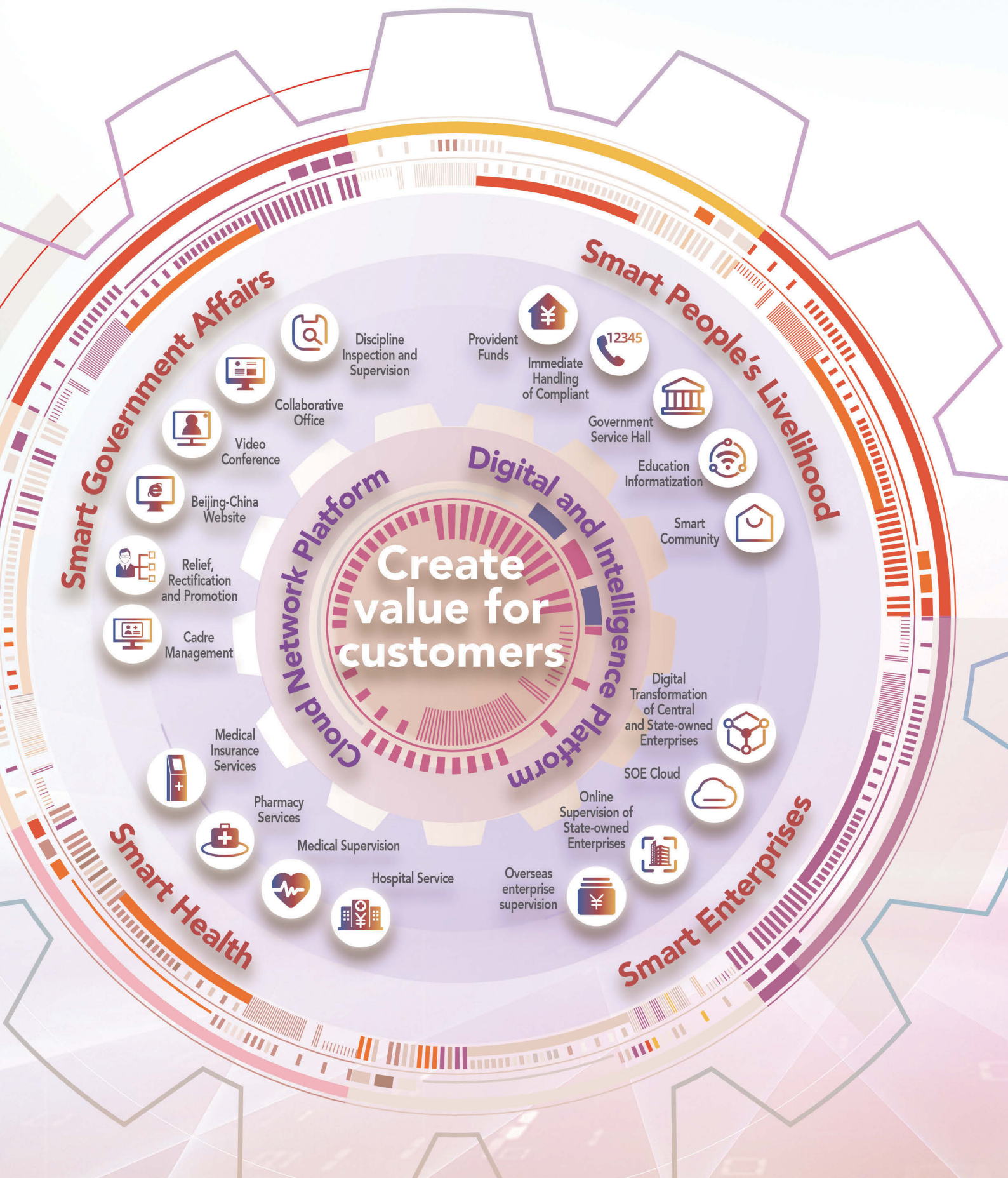
2024 Annual Report



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COMPANY PROFILE



COMPANY PROFILE

Capinfo Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as “Capinfo”) was founded in January 1998, as the leading enterprise in the field of E-governance in Beijing. The Company was listed on the GEM of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange in 2001, and transferred its listing to the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (HK. 1075) in 2011. Capinfo continuously optimized and improved the business connotation of “one core, two platforms and four sectors”, remained adhering to the core principle of “creating value for customers”, used “Cloud Network+Digital Intelligence” as a platform and developed application services of four sectors, namely “smart government affairs, smart people’s livelihood, smart enterprises and smart health”, committing to becoming “a leading smart city and data industry operator”. Leveraging on its extensive experience in governmental information service, it has been provided continuous, reliable and stable information technology services for Beijing e-governance system, medical insurance system, housing provident fund system and credit settlement information systems; it has completed the construction, operation and maintenance of various major information technology application projects in Beijing and across the whole country, provide system guarantee for a number of major events in Beijing; actively participated in the informatization construction of the sub-center of the city, and established the image of a state-owned information technology enterprise that has “firm political stand and high sense of responsibility and reliability”.

Capinfo is a national-level high-tech enterprise. It has the Certificate of Excellent Level (CS4) of Information System Construction and Service Ability, the CMMI Level 5 Certificate with the highest level of maturity of international software, a design and maintenance capability certificate for security engineering enterprises (Level 1), Information Technology Services Standard (ITSS) Level 1 Certificate with the highest standards, and cloud computing service capability standard certificate. It is elected by the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council as one of the “Enterprise of Scientific and Technological Reform” and the first batch of Beijing General Artificial Intelligence Industry Innovation Partnership Program. It owned Beijing Internet Multimedia Lab identified by Beijing Science and Technology Commission, Beijing Internet of Things Technology and System Engineering Technology Research Center, Beijing Engineering Laboratory for Internet Technology for Smart and Healthy Pension Industry identified by Beijing Development and Reform Commission, 4 municipal key laboratories identified Beijing Municipal Enterprise Technology Center such as Beijing Economic and Information Technology Bureau, as well as 2 municipal bases identified by the Beijing Science and Technology Commission, namely the High-end Foreign Expert International Cooperation Base and the Beijing International Science and Technology Cooperation Base for Internet Cloud Applications. The Company has also established cutting-edge technology R&D centers including AI (artificial intelligence) innovation center and information innovation center as well as Capinfo-Beihang Smart City and Data Element Innovation Joint Laboratory. Further, the Company established Capinfo Smart City Digital Economy Expert Advisory Committee, successfully held the 2024 Annual Meeting and Ecological Partner Conference. To provide an important practice base for senior talents, in November 2024, the Company officially launched the postdoctoral research station and became Postdoctoral Research Station Branch for Zhongguancun Science and Technology Park Haidian Park Management Committee, committing itself to continuous efforts to promote independent innovation and incubation and implementation of research results.

After more than 20 years of development, Capinfo has more than 1,700 employees, 7 controlled companies, 2 major joint stock companies, and 15 branches, with its business covering government service, medical care, livelihood, finance and enterprise digital transformation. It has been selected as “2024 Beijing Top 100 Enterprise” and ranked one of the Top 100 in the list in terms of digital economy, highly specialized and advanced industry, service industry and other industries. It has also been selected as “Top 100 Comprehensive Strength Enterprises in Beijing’s Software and Information Service Industry” for three consecutive years; obtained honorary titles such as 5A-level high-tech enterprise, core competitiveness enterprise, integrity enterprise, and social responsibility governance leader by industry associations. Several products were selected into the industry honor list, of which the new products and new technology such as digital base, “Hongdi” Large Model, “Diagnosis and Payment”, “Immediate Handling of Compliant”, have been selected into the List of 100 new technologies and new products, excellent cases of artificial intelligence, typical cases of artificial intelligence large model scenario application, excellent cases of digital finance and excellent cases of application of the national digital economy respectively.

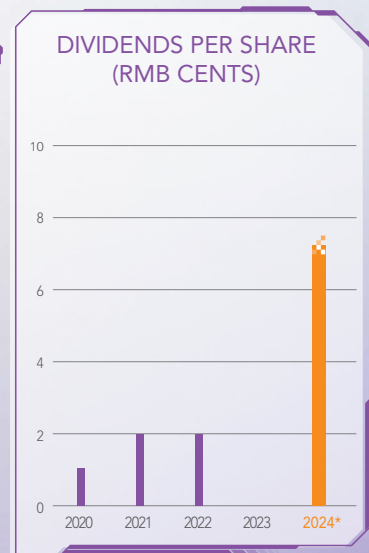
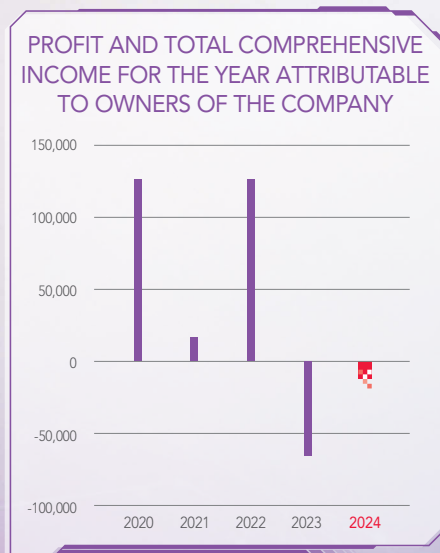
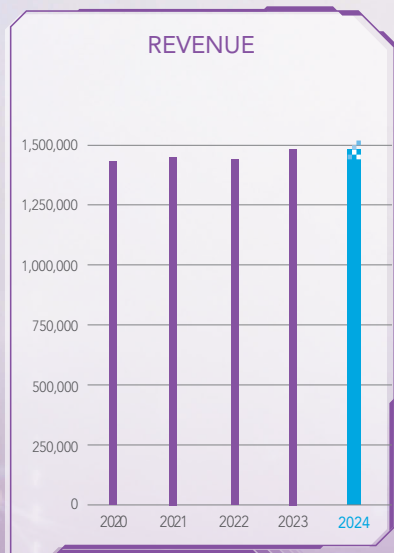
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Unit: RMB'000

| | 2020 | 2021 (Restated) | 2022 (Restated) | 2023 | 2024 |
|--|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|
| During Reporting Period | | | | | |
| Revenue | 1,410,565 | 1,426,774 | 1,422,954 | 1,425,582 | 1,472,387 |
| Profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company | 127,490 | 18,343 | 128,591 | -72,906 | -13,781 |
| Earnings per share (RMB cents) from continuing and discontinued operations | | | | | |
| – Basic | 4.4 | 0.6 | 4.4 | -2.50 | -4.80* |
| Dividends per share (RMB cents) | 1.98 | 0.29 | 1.75 | – | – |
| – Interim dividend | – | – | – | – | – |
| – Final dividend | 1.98 | 0.29 | 1.75 | – | 7.00* |
| During the year | | | | | |
| Total assets | 2,503,124 | 2,387,078 | 2,545,997 | 2,496,823 | 2,362,293 |
| Net assets | 1,243,802 | 1,188,726 | 1,321,287 | 1,202,813 | 1,193,099 |
| Current liabilities | 1,206,086 | 1,158,525 | 1,211,241 | 1,261,974 | 1,113,766 |
| Financial Ratio | | | | | |
| Net gearing ratio (%) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Current ratio (times) | 1.60 | 1.61 | 1.45 | 1.26 | 1.35 |



* During the year 2024, the Company implemented the share consolidation on the basis that every ten existing shares with a par value of RMB0.10 each was consolidated into one consolidated share with a par value of RMB1.00 each.

SHAREHOLDING STRUCTURE

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|---|--------|
| Beijing All Media and Culture Investment and Development Center Co., Ltd. | Beijing SinoSky Radio TV & Communication Technology Co., Ltd. | Beijing State Owned Assets Management Co., Ltd. | Beijing Telecom Investment Co., Ltd. | China Financial Computerization Co., Ltd. | Public |
| 3.55% | 3.55% | 63.31% | 1.82% | 1.05% | 26.72% |

SHAREHOLDERS

CAPINFO

Capinfo Company Limited

MAJOR COMPANIES INVESTED BY CAPINFO

| | | | | | |
|---|--------|--|--------|------------------------------------|-----|
| Capinfo (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. | 100% | Beijing Parking Management Centre Co., Ltd. | 100% | | |
| Capinfo Medical United Information Technology Company Limited | 100% | Beijing Digital Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd.* | 100% | | |
| Rito Info Technology Co., Ltd. | 83%* | Capinfo Technology Development Co., Ltd. | 71.24% | Capinfo Cloud Technology Co., Ltd. | 37% |
| Beijing Certificate Authority Co., Ltd. | 26.24% | Capinfo Soft Co., Ltd. | 19% | | |

Note 1: The Company's shareholding in Rito Info Technology Co., Ltd. shall be 83% according to business registration.

EVENT HIGHLIGHTS

January

Capinfo's Self-developed Product "Capinfo Connect" was selected as an excellent case of digital application (solution) in 2023

Capinfo's "Integrated digital intelligent platform for immediate handling of compliant" were selected as 2023 Beijing Digital Innovative Solutions

Capinfo received Pioneer (AA) rating of corporate social responsibility governance from the Beijing Software and Information Services Industry Association

Capinfo's "Integrated platform for civil servant" were selected as 2023 Beijing Digital Innovative Solutions

Capinfo was awarded the "Hong Kong Stocks Best IR Team of the Year" by Comein Finance 2023.

February

Capinfo joins hands with Beijing Vocational College Of Opera And Arts to build a smart campus and unlock new scenarios of digital applications

March

Capinfo was awarded the first batch of 5A grade high-tech enterprises by High-Tech Enterprise Association

Capinfo Becomes Data Broker for Beijing International Data Exchange

April

Capinfo Launches "Integrated Operation and Maintenance Service Sub-platform of Beijing Information Technology Application Innovation Intensive Procurement Service Platform" to Provide Strong Support for Digital Transformation of Enterprises

Promoting the Standardisation of Data Arithmetic Factor Industry Capinfo participates in editing the group standard of Beijing Electronic Chamber of Commerce

Capinfo's Smart Hospital Product Wins CCIA Outstanding Artificial Intelligence Case of the Year 2023

Capinfo's subsidiary Digital Intelligence and Huawei Create Trusted Data Space Solutions

Information and Cultural and Sports Industries Converge to Achieve New Results Capinfo Helps BSAM's "Hongguozi" Platform to Debut Online

The list of Capital Labour Certificate, Medal and Beijing Workers' Vanguard was released, and Capinfo was awarded the "Capital Labour Certificate".

May

Capinfo's "Hongguozi" Platform Project Selected by Zhongguancun Forum as one of the "2024 Excellent Cases of Digital Application Innovation for National Enterprises".

Capinfo's subsidiary Digital Intelligence Participates in National Data Administration's 2024 Study on the Utilisation of Data Resources in the 15th Five-Year Plan

Capinfo's Digital Base Selected in Zhongguancun Forum's "List of 100 New Technologies and Products"

June

Capinfo organised the "Digital Intelligence Driven – Information Innovation Escorted" Digital Intelligence Provident Fund Forum and released the new generation of "Digital Native" Information Innovation Core System products for housing provident funds.

Capinfo's "Digital Longfusi" Project Wins CCIA Outstanding Artificial Intelligence Case of the Year 2023

Enterprises Asked Questions, Universities Answered Answers— "Youth Creation Beijing" Challenge Competition, Capinfo Asked "Government AI Project" to Call for Capital University Students' Entrepreneurship Outstanding Achievements

July

Capinfo's Hongdi Big Model Medical Insurance Landing Application Selected as "Typical Application Scene Case of Big Model" in the Artificial Intelligence Thematic Forum of 2024 Digital Economy Conference

Capinfo's Numerous New Products Debut in 2024 Global Digital Economy Conference

Capinfo Launches Chang'an Chain – Value-added Collaboration Network for Data Circulation and Utilisation in Global Digital Economy Conference

Capinfo's State-owned Assets Supervision-Enterprise Online Control Platform is Awarded as "Excellent Cases of Digital Transformation (Empowerment) of Enterprises" in 2024

Capinfo's Construction and Operation "Online Registration System for Medical Specialists in Beijing Aids Xinjiang" Officially Launched

Capinfo, Huawei and Beiming Jointly Organised Training and Exchange Session for Partners of Digital Intelligence Eco-Construction

Capinfo Pilot Forum: Focusing on Information Technology Innovation and Helping State-owned Enterprises Transform into Digital Intelligence

August

Capinfo's Smart Health Business "Diagnosis and Payment" Product Wins 2024 Software R&D Digital Finance Excellent Case

Capinfo held "Housing Provident Fund New Quality Productivity Forum" and launched Provident Fund Digital Man – "Tianxuan"

September

The Company's large model commercialization was accelerated and the commercial launch of large model for medical insurance and government affairs was completed

October

Capinfo Participated in the Seminar on Information Technology Development and Construction of Art Colleges and Universities, Frontier Technology Helped Smart Campus Construction

Capinfo Helped 2024 "Data Factor X" Beijing Competition to be Held Successfully

November

Capinfo was awarded the title of "Software and Information Service Industry Integrity Enterprise" again

Appearing at the 2024 Global Data Technology Conference, Capinfo Shares Innovative Applications of Data Technology

"A Decade of Two Products" Moving Towards the New Era: Capinfo Brand Wins Excellent Classic Case Award

Beijing Digital Intelligent City Working Committee Established with Capinfo as Chairman Unit

December

Capinfo Partners with Beijing Mobile to Explore New Path to Digital Intelligence

Capinfo Held the 2024 Annual Meeting of Smart City Digital Economy Expert Advisory Committee and Eco-Partner Conference, Many Reform Achievements Attracted Attention

Capinfo Approved to Set Up Postdoctoral Research Station

Capinfo's Overseas Asset Supervision Platform Wins Excellent Case of State-owned Assets and Enterprises Reform

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



We persisted in independent innovation and seized on market opportunity, adjusted business structure and comprehensively improved our development quality. Our commitment is to create a "New Capinfo" by reforming the entrepreneurial mindset.

MR. YU DONGHUI
Party Secretary & Chairman

DEAR SHAREHOLDERS,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I hereby present to you the 2024 annual report of Capinfo Company Limited. The year 2024 was an important year for deeply implementing the spirit of the 20th Party Congress, the second and third plenary sessions of the 20th CPC Central Committee, seriously implementing the spirit of the Central Economic Work Conference, and deepening reform in a resolute and unremitting way. Despite multiple challenges both internally and externally, the Company overcame difficulties, upheld fundamental principles and broke new ground, assumed its responsibility in major tasks, and forged ahead in reform and development. During the Reporting Period, the Group recorded an operating revenue of RMB1472.39 million at record high and was selected as "Top 100 Comprehensive Strength Enterprises in Beijing's Software and Information Service Industry" for three consecutive years, and obtained honorary title of the 5A-level high-tech enterprise.

Over the past year, we remained committed to strengthening our corporate culture under the leadership of Party building, promoted team building of "New Capinfo" as a reliable force for the operation and protection of important systems. We also upheld the core values of "integrity, innovation, collaboration, and responsibility". We have actively applied the corporate culture

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

featuring “firm political stand and high sense of responsibility and reliability”, solidly carried out the major construction projects related to people’s livelihood such as medical insurance mobile payment and hotline emergency system “Immediate Handling of Compliant”. Our user reputation and industry influence have continued to grow.

Over the past year, we persisted in independent innovation, practising productivism, and continuously improving our value-creation capabilities. We continuously enhanced our product capabilities through talent acquisition, optimisation of the IPD R&D process, organisational restructuring, and other initiatives. We always place great emphasis on customer requirements and are committed to creating excellent products with interactive intelligence, convenient and smooth operation, stability and reliability. We are firmly committed to promoting the construction of the “Hongteng” and “Hongshun” product series. Further, we strived to enhance our own R&D capabilities, AI large model technical capabilities and data technical capabilities by building the CCAF, “Hongdi” Large Model and “C-StonePark” core technology framework for our data platform.

Over the past year, we adhered to being customer-oriented, and have established “Big Marketing” as core philosophy and have promoted business transformation and improvement. With the business layout of “one focus, two platforms and four sectors” as the core, we strived to becoming a national leader in intelligent transformation. We elevated regional branches to first-level departments and vigorously enhanced regional capabilities, while building regional consulting sales and delivery teams. We continued to increase the revenue proportion of software products and business outside of Beijing and strived to transform into a national company based in Beijing.

Over the past year, we carried out innovation in management by adopting a market-oriented approach. We firmly implemented the Professional Manager System, Tenure System and Contractual Management, and continued to improve compensation and performance appraisal systems, thus achieving optimisation of corporate organisation structure. By introducing an internal market competition and accounting mechanism, we adopted centralised procurement, resource reuse and other means to enhance our cost control, optimised and improved our internal control mechanism and continued to increase our corporate governance efficiency.

The year 2025 is the last year of the “14th Five-Year Plan” as well as a critical year for our reform process. We commenced the reform strategy of “Six New”, namely “New improvements in scale efficiency, New support for system stability, New form of technical establishment, New engine for business growth, New mechanism of market-based operation and New culture of corporate development”. Literally, we continuously promoted our comprehensive, in-depth reform and strived to make new progress in product and regional expansion. As a result, the proportion of software and data business has increased significantly. On the other hand, the adjustment of the business structure has achieved advanced results. We are confident in realising our vision to develop the Company into a “leading smart city and data industry operator”.

Finally, on behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to the shareholders who give long-term support for the development of the Company, all of our staff who work alongside us and people from various sectors who pay continuous attention to the development of the Company.

By order of the Board of Directors
Mr. Yu Donghui
Chairman

Beijing, the PRC
31 March 2025

HONORS AND QUALIFICATIONS

- “Hongdi Big Model Medical Insurance Landing Application” Selected as “Typical Application Scene Case of Big Model” in the Artificial Intelligence Thematic Forum of 2024 Digital Economy Conference;
- “Integrated digital intelligent platform for immediate handling of compliant” Selected as “2024 National Digital Economy Application Scenarios Typical Cases”;
- “Capinfo Digital Base (Big Data Middle Platform) System V1.3” products Selected as “The List of 100 New Technologies and Products” by the Zhongguancun Forum;
- “Hongguozi” Platform Project Selected by Zhongguancun Forum as one of the “2024 Excellent Cases of Digital Application Innovation for National Enterprises”;
- State-owned Assets Supervision-Enterprise Online Control Platform was Awarded as “Excellent Cases of Digital Transformation (Empowerment) of Enterprises” in 2024;
- “Diagnosis and Payment” Product Wins “2024 Software R&D Digital Finance Excellent Case”;
- Selected as “2024 Beijing Top 100 Service Industry Enterprises”, “2024 Beijing Top 100 High-Tech and Cutting-Edge Enterprises” and “2024 Beijing Top 100 Digital Economy Enterprises”;
- Beijing Digital Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd. officially released the trusted data space solution jointly developed by both parties with Huawei, and was awarded the “Joint Solution Award” by the conference;
- Awarded the title of “Software and Information Service Industry Integrity Enterprise”;
- Awarded the title of “2024 Beijing Top 100 Software and Information Services Enterprises”;
- Rated as “2024 Beijing Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Governance in Software and Information Services Industry- Grade AAA”;
- Awarded “5A Innovation Capability Rating for High-Tech Enterprises”;
- Awarded “A Decade of Two Products” Excellent Classic Case Award;
- Awarded “2024 List of Annual Investor Relations Data for Listed Companies- The Best Innovation Practices” by Comein Finance;
- Approved to establish Postdoctoral Research Station for Zhongguancun Science and Technology Park Haidian Park Management Committee.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS REVIEW

In 2024, the digital economy continued to deepen, and the deep integration of digital technology and the real economy has entered a new stage. The data infrastructure system has been further improved, and data development, open access and circulation have become more standardised and efficient. Artificial intelligence and other technologies have accelerated in popularisation, technological innovation has become the core driver of industry growth, and policy support provides a solid guarantee for the development of the digital economy. However, the rapid iteration of technology, data security and privacy protection have set higher standards for industry enterprises, and the industry continues to evolve amidst opportunities and challenges. In 2024, the Group's business contracted growth was favourable, and market expansion has achieved significant results. During the Reporting Period, the Group recorded an operating revenue of RMB1,472.39 million, representing an increase of 3.28% as compared with the corresponding period of last year. Total profit was RMB5.12 million, an increase of RMB95.35 million compared with a loss of RMB90.23 million in the corresponding period of last year. Loss attributable to owners of the Company amounted to RMB13.78 million, representing a decrease of loss of RMB59.13 million as compared with the corresponding period of last year.

Consolidate digital infrastructure and build a solid development foundation

Promoted the construction of municipal government cloud information and innovation resource pools, and enhanced the security technology capability and security management capability of government cloud platforms. Expanded and optimized the medical insurance cloud platform to support the 'three medical systems' and large model business. Completed the upgrade and structural optimisation of the cloud platform for state-owned enterprises. Continuously improved the integrated "Cloud+Security+Application" information and innovation solutions, which have been contracted with 27 municipal first-tier enterprises and 42 municipal second-tier enterprises.

Promoted the scale deployment and application of IPv6, and enhanced the level of network openness and cloud-network linking capability. Completed the implementation of the zero-trust project for the network security access platform of municipal governments, and improved the refined management and control capabilities of network security. Completed the construction of the digital network integrated operation and maintenance management platform project to improve the intelligent management capabilities of government network. Completed the construction of a high-precision time system to improve network reliability and resilience against disaster.



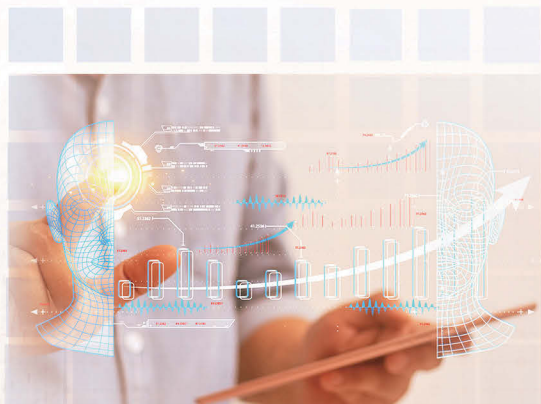
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Stabilised the system foundation, escorting people's livelihood and government affairs

Continuously improve the management, technology and emergency response levels for the stable operation of people's livelihood and administrative system. The national first medical insurance emergency settlement system was completed to ensure the stable operation of the medical insurance information platform. Medical insurance mobile payment has completed the access of more than 200 medical institutions, realising online payment for registration, outpatient scenarios, and 497 pharmacies have achieved medical insurance mobile payment on the drug purchasing platform of Jingdong and Meituan, with the average daily transaction volume exceeding 40,000. Make every effort to ensure the stable operation of the 12345 hotline service system. Continued to develop the protection capability of the government affairs system, providing solid protection for the provident fund and the window of the capital.

Comprehensively implemented the strategy of "industrialisation, productisation and regionalization"

Efforts were made to develop five industry business lines: provident fund, personnel management and affairs, immediate action upon complaint, medical hygiene, and digital transformation of state-owned enterprises. The provident fund business actively promoted the system construction of five cities, including Cangzhou. It served a total of 1.3 million units and 29 million people nationwide. The personnel management business newly expanded to 5 cities, including Shanghai, serving more than 60 central units, provinces and municipalities.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Created the “Hongteng” office platform, “Hongshun” housing provident fund new-generation core platform, cadre management digital intelligence platform, a series of products for the supervision of state-owned assets, integrated digital intelligence platform for immediate action upon complaints, and “Diagnosis and Payment”. The “Hongteng” office platform is deeply rooted in Beijing’s government office sector, and has made market breakthroughs in the market in Dalian and Tianjin. Products such as the cadre management digital intelligence platform and the integrated digital intelligence platform for immediate action upon complaint have been commercially launched. The ‘Diagnosis and Payment’ product won the 2024 software research and development digital finance excellent case, with Chaoyang District as the business benchmark, to build a unified payment platform for all districts in Beijing.

Accelerating the construction of regional branches in Shanghai, Guangdong, Guangxi, Chongqing, Hunan and Hubei, the Company has initially realised a nationwide layout.

Promoting the development of data-based innovative business

The “C-StonePark” digital base was fully applied in the project of the whole life cycle management platform project of medicines, breaking the data barriers between systems, resulting in better business integration, smarter supervision, higher service efficiency, and more synergistic cooperation among the “three medical systems”. In the application of “Hongguozi” digital platform in the cultural and sports sector of the state-owned assets company, real-time access to the user data system of the three major Olympic venues, namely the Bird’s Nest, the Water Cube and the Ice Ribbon, was achieved, resulting in the accumulation of nearly 4 million users’ data and portrait analysis.

Continuously enhance technological innovation capability

We are committed to developing the Capinfo “Hongdi” Large Model, completed the research and development of the basic model selection, nationalized GPU adaptation, and visualization platform for model training, and the application case has been selected as the “Typical Application Scenario Case of Big Model” in the Artificial Intelligence Forum of the Global Digital Economy Conference 2024.

We are committed to developing an integrated product development process (IPD) system, which covers the entire lifecycle management from market insight, customer demand analysis, product planning and design, to development execution, testing and optimisation, and product release.

We continuously upgraded CCAF, an independent software cloud native framework development platform, and applied it in a number of projects, such as housing provident fund products, Capinfo’s knowledge base system, and digital archive system.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Group management and control

During the Reporting Period, the Group continued to deepen its reform and comprehensively promoted refined management. We focused on optimising the human resources structure, introduced high-level talents in the industry and strived to build a professional, innovative and energetic team of high-quality talents. Further enhanced the performance appraisal, fully implemented the tenure system and contractual management for management personnel, and implemented rigid appraisal for all employees. We focused on improving our core technical capabilities by integrating and setting up four first-class software technology departments. We committed to providing customers with innovative data services, and completed the construction of data business teams such as Beijing Digital Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd and Data Business Department to build data service capabilities. Promoting cost reduction and efficiency, adopting centralised procurements and other measures to enhance procurement efficiency; realising efficient utilisation of calculation and storage of resources through refined resource operation and management. Intensified the efforts in the construction of the compliance system, strengthened the protection and management of intellectual property rights, and enhanced the awareness of rule of law and compliance among all staff. Steadily promoted capital operation, completed share consolidation, and issued an announcement on the proposed application for potential quotation of the Company's shares on the National Equities Exchange and Quotations System. Strengthened brand building, selected as one of the 'Top 100-Comprehensive Strength in Beijing's Software and Information Services Industry' for three consecutive years, and awarded 5A high-tech enterprise. We also organised the "2024 Annual Meeting of Capinfo Smart City Digital Economy Expert Advisory Committee and Eco-Partners' Conference" to build an industry ecological alliance and establish our "Digital Business" image and national business brand.

Looking Forward

2025 is the conclusion year of the Group's "14th Five-Year Plan" strategic plan, as well as the critical year for the implementation of deepening reforms. The Group will firmly grasp the opportunities provided by the national industrial policies encouraging innovation upgrade, digital transformation, information security and development of data elements, comprehensively enhance its technological capabilities in artificial intelligence, big data and cloud-native distributed framework, and continuously optimise its operational efficiency and service quality. Adhere to the leading role of innovation and continuously improve the core technology system. We will build a sound security defence for government networks, cloud platforms and other infrastructures, and further improve the level of system operation and maintenance protection. We will implement the strategy of "industrialisation, productisation and regionalisation", build the "CAPs" product system, strengthen the construction of marketing system, brand driving and ecological construction. Intensify the development of innovative business and strategically lay out data business. We will continue to create new development momentum and new growth engines, promoting leapfrog improvement in business scale and operational efficiency, and injecting strong momentum for sustainable development.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Human Resources

As of 31 December 2024, the Group had 1,765 employees (2023: 1,624), including 1,284 technology and research and development employees (2023: 1,224), 396 function management personnel at all levels (2023: 335), 85 sales staff (2023: 65). Expense of the Group's employees was approximately RMB491.03 million (2023: RMB507.46 million).

The Company takes reference from the practice of outstanding peers in the industry to establish a performance-based remuneration management system that reflects the value of talents, supports its strategic development objectives and is competitive in the market, and distinguishes between the roles of different positions in sales, technology and management to provides a platform for fair competition for the development of talents. In addition, the Company maintains basic medical insurance, pension insurance, work injury insurance, unemployment insurance, maternity insurance and housing provident fund for its employees in accordance with the law, as well as registers and pays medical insurance for its employees in accordance with the annual supplementary medical insurance plan. The Group regularly reviews the remuneration packages of its employees.

The Group also arranges training by professionals to its employees to enable them to acquire the latest professional knowledge and to enhance their work quality.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

In 2024, the Group recorded an operating revenue of RMB1,472.39 million, representing an increase of 3.28% as compared with the same period of last year. The Group recorded a gross profit of RMB377.97 million, representing a decrease of 5.28% as compared with the same period of last year, and loss attributable to shareholders amounted to RMB13.78 million.

Other income of the Group amounted to RMB12.82 million, representing a decrease of 18.32% over the same period of last year, mainly attributable to property rental income.

The Group's gain on fair value changes for the year was RMB0.69 million, which was the gain on fair value changes recognized for the investment in FOF. During the current year, the investment revenue amounted to RMB8.34 million, representing an increase of RMB14.85 million as compared with last year, which was mainly attributable to the recognition of the investment gains in Beijing Certificate Authority Co., Ltd. During the year, interest income of RMB4.49 million was recognized on a large sum of bank deposit, and gain of RMB0.55 million was recognized for the investment in FOF. The impairment loss of assets amounted to RMB5.60 million. Credit impairment loss amounted to RMB19.34 million during the year.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In respect of the Group's business model, business operations included (1) products, software development and services; (2) industry solutions; and (3) operation and maintenance service, of which revenue from products, software development and services amounted to RMB432.42 million, representing a decrease of 0.25% as compared with last year and accounting for 29.50% (2023: 30.55%) of the total operating revenue of the Group; revenue from industry solutions amounted to RMB337.17 million, representing a decrease of 13.72% as compared with last year and accounting for 22.90% (2023: 27.41%) of the total operating revenue of the Group; revenue from operation and maintenance service amounted to RMB687.97 million, representing an increase of 17.89% as compared with last year and accounting for 46.72% (2023: 40.93%) of the total operating revenue of the Group.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE, LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As of 31 December 2024, the Group had total assets amounting to RMB2,362.29 million, representing a decrease of 5.39% as compared with last year. Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent company amounted to RMB1,127.90 million, representing a decrease of 1.49% as compared with last year. The Group's current ratio, defined as total current assets over total current liabilities, was 1.35, representing an increase of 0.09 as compared with last year. The gearing ratio (gearing ratio = interest-bearing debt/(interest-bearing debt + total equity)) was 7.98%. For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group had no pledged assets.

Bank deposits, bank balance and cash of the Group amounted to RMB723.37 million, representing a decrease of 11.14% as compared with the corresponding period of last year. In addition, bank certificates of deposit in large amounts of RMB110.20 million was reported under other non-current assets due within a year, bank certificates of deposit in large amounts of RMB40.94 million presented in the item of other non-current assets.

EQUITY INVESTMENTS

In 2024, the Group's share of results of associates was RMB3.30 million, representing a significant increase as compared with the corresponding period of last year, mainly due to the recognition of investment income in an associate, namely BJCA, using the equity method.

INCOME TAX

In 2024, the Company was recognized as a high-tech enterprise in the national planning and layout and entitled to the preferential tax treatment. The enterprise income tax of the Company was imposed at a reduced rate of 15%. During the year, the income tax expenses amounted to RMB11.41 million.

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES



Yu Donghui
Executive Director

Executive Directors

Mr. Yu Donghui (Party Secretary and Chairman), aged 52, was appointed as an executive Director in January 2017 and was elected as the Chairman on 10 September 2021. He currently serves as the Party Secretary and Chairman of the Company, and is also the Chairman of the Strategy Committee, Nomination Committee and Rule of Law and Compliance Committee, and is responsible for leading the Board of Directors and ensuring effective operation of the Board of Directors in the overall interest of the Company. Mr. Yu graduated from Tsinghua University in 1999 with a master degree in materials processing engineering and joined the Company in the same year. He previously served as general manager of the network technology service center, business director, deputy general manager and general manager of the Company with extensive experience in enterprise and technique management.



Zhang Yiqian
Executive Director

Mr. Zhang Yiqian (Deputy Party Secretary and General Manager), aged 46, was appointed as an executive Director in October 2021. He currently serves as the Deputy Party Secretary and general manager of the Company, and is also a member of the Strategy Committee and Rule of Law and Compliance Committee and an executive director of Capinfo Medical United Information Technology Company Limited and Beijing Digital Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd., both being subsidiaries, responsible for the overall operation and management, the implementation of the policies and operation objectives established by the Board of Directors. Mr. Zhang graduated from Beihang University with a master degree in software engineering. He previously acted as sales representative of Capinfo Company Limited, deputy general manager and general manager of sales department in Beijing, director of customer center, director of sales center, company director and deputy general manager of Beijing Certificate Authority Co., Ltd.

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES



Yan Yi

Non-Executive Director

Non-executive Directors

Ms. Yan Yi, aged 40, an economist with postgraduate qualification, was appointed as a non-executive Director in June 2021 and serves as a member of the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee. She is currently the deputy manager of the information service and digital business department of BSAM. She previously served as the business analyst of MWH (UK), the product manager of GE Medical System Co., Ltd., the project manager and senior project manager of the urban function and social investment department and the senior manager of the human resources department of BSAM, and the vice president of Beijing Yingzhi Rehabilitation Hospital Co., Ltd. Ms. Yan graduated from the school of management of Huazhong University of Science and Technology in June 2006 where she received a bachelor degree in information management and information system, and graduated from the University of Sheffield in September 2007 where she received a master degree in information management, and obtained a master degree in business administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in November 2020.



Zhou Weihua

Non-executive Director

Mr. Zhou Weihua, aged 63, a professional senior engineer, was appointed as a non-executive Director since June 2015. He is currently the chairman and general manager of Beijing Sino-Sky Radio TV & Communication Technology Co. Ltd., the sponsor shareholder of the Company and had served as the director and deputy chief engineer of the Research Department in Aerial Design of the Radio, Film & TV Design and Research Institute and engaged in development, design and management of antenna of radio and television communications for many years. He graduated from the Department of Space Physics of Wuhan University with a Bachelor of Science degree in Physics in July 1984 and graduated from Peking University Guanghua School of Management in July 2005 where he received a master degree in management.

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES



Zhao Shujie

Non-Executive Director

Ms. Zhao Shujie, aged 50, senior engineer, was appointed as a non-executive Director in December 2023. She is currently the director and general manager of Beijing Telecom Investment Co., Ltd., the sponsor shareholder of the Company. She graduated from Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications with a master degree in management engineering in 1999. She previously served as deputy general manager of audit department, deputy general manager of product support centre, deputy general manager of material procurement and management department of China Unicom Group, Beijing branch. She joined Beijing Telecom Investment Co., Ltd. in 2023, with extensive experience in enterprise operation management.

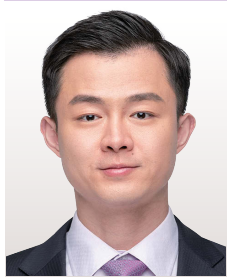


Xin Shuangbai

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Xin Shuangbai, aged 46, was appointed as a non-executive Director in June 2023. He currently serves as an officer of strategy planning and development department of Beijing Gehua Media Group and is responsible for strategy planning of the group, operation management, performance appraisal etc. Mr. Xin Shuangbai graduated from Beihang University with major in international finance and obtained a bachelor degree in economics in 1988 and graduated from Communication University of China with major in electromagnetic field and microwave technology and obtained a master's degree in industrial engineering in 2003. In 2007, he joined Beijing All Media Television Company and served as the deputy officer of technology department, officer of operation management department, assistant to general manager etc. In 2020, he joined the strategy planning and development department of Beijing Gehua Media Group, with comprehensive experience in corporate operation and management.

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES



Jiang Wei
Non-Executive Director

Mr. Jiang Wei, aged 42, a senior accountant, Certified Public Accountant of China, Certified Management Accountant of the United States, currently serves as general manager of the financial management department of China Financial Computerization Co., Ltd. He graduated from Beijing Jiaotong University with major in accounting and obtained a master's degree in accounting in 2007. He previously served as senior deputy manager of China Banknote Printing and Minting Corporation, a member of the Party Committee and financial controller of China Golddeal Investment Co., Ltd., the deputy general manager of the internal audit department and the finance department of China Financial Computerization Co., Ltd. He has assumed his current position since 2022 with comprehensive experience in corporate finance management.



Gong Zhiqiang
Independent Director

Independent Directors

Mr. Gong Zhiqiang, aged 53, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director since June 2009 and is also the chairman of the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee and a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Rule of Law and Compliance Committee. Mr. Gong is currently a director and senior partner of Beijing S&P Law Firm. Mr. Gong previously worked in the Intermediate People's Court of Handan Municipality, Hebei Province and Beijing Hylands Law Firm. He has extensive experience in control of corporate legal risks. Mr. Gong graduated from Hebei University with a master degree in laws in 1995.



Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell
Independent Director

Mr. Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell, aged 54, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in June 2015, and is a member of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. Cheung currently serves as Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of Far East Consortium International Limited (a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange), and is also an audit committee member of AGORA Hospitality Group Co., Ltd. (a company listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange). Mr. Cheung graduated in Scotland with a bachelor degree of arts in accountancy in 1992, and obtained an MBA degree from the University of Leicester, UK in 1995 and a master's degree in professional accounting in 2007. Mr. Cheung is a non-practicing member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a qualified accountant of CPA Australia.

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES



Yang Xiaohui
Independent Director

Mr. Yang Xiaohui, aged 57, is a senior accountant, certified public accountant, certified tax agent, and certified public valuer (non-practicing member), appointed as an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee in November 2016. He is now the partner of ShineWing Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Yang once served as independent non-executive director of Beijing Jingcheng Machinery Electric Company Limited, a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. He was a teaching assistant of North China University of Technology, department manager of Zhonghengxin Certified Public Accountants, partner of RSM China Certified Public Accountants. He has extensive experience in auditing and financial management. Mr. Yang graduated from North China University of Technology and obtained a bachelor's degree in Accountancy in 1991.



Dong Jin
Independent Director

Mr. Dong Jin, aged 53, PhD, with a senior professional title, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in December 2023 and serves as a member of the Strategy Committee. He is currently an officer of National Blockchain Technology Innovation Centre, a Director of Beijing Microchip Edge Computing Research Institute and a Deputy to the 14th National People's Congress of the People's Republic of China. Mr. Dong Jin graduated in Tsinghua University with a doctor's degree. Simultaneously, he has served as a member of Advisory Committee for Policy Decision in Technology Strategy in Beijing and a member of Natural Science Foundation in Beijing. Dr. Dong has engaged in the research on core technology in the fields of blockchain, privacy computing and microchip design for a long time, which was applied in more than 100 critical scenarios for the Mainland ministries, State-owned enterprises and in the areas of economy, people's livelihood and social governance in Beijing region etc.

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES



Li Jianqiang
Independent Director

Mr. Li Jianqiang, aged 51, is a doctor of engineering, doctoral advisor, Beijing distinguished professor, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company in June 2024. Mr. Li currently serves as the deputy director of the information department of Beijing University of Technology, president of Software Engineering Institute, chairman of Technical Committee on Humanized Crowd Computing of IEEE SMC, vice president of management decision and information system sub-committee of Chinese Society of Optimization, Overall Planning and Economic Mathematics, a member of growth and development and metabolism committee of Chinese Woman and Child Health Research, a member of editorial board of Chinese Medical Science Journal. Mr. Li graduated in Tsinghua University with a doctor's degree. He successively worked with National University of Ireland, NEC Labs, China and Department of Computer Science of Stanford University. In 2014, he joined Software Institute of Beijing University of Technology, focusing on application of new information technology, including logical verification and performance analysis of operating system, resources allocation and enhancement for data centre, blockchain technology, big health data analysis, key technology research in predictive modelling construction etc.



Ge Li
Supervisor

Supervisors

Ms. Ge Li, aged 50, was appointed as a shareholder representative supervisor in June 2023 and was elected as the Chairman to the Board of Supervisors by the supervisors. Ms. Ge is currently the manager of audit department of BSAM. She served as the deputy general manager of Beijing Oriental Xinda Asset Management Corporation (北京東方信達資產經營總公司), deputy general manager of Beijing Guozi Financial Leasing Co., Ltd. and deputy general manager of Beijing Beiao Group Corp., Ltd., and has extensive experience in auditing and financial management. Ms. Ge graduated from the Business School of Heilongjiang with a bachelor degree in accountancy in July 1999 and graduated from Tsinghua University with a master's degree in business management in July 2015.

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES



Ma Xiaoping
Supervisor

Ms. Ma Xiaoping, aged 39, was appointed as a shareholder representative supervisor on 18 June 2021. Ms. Ma currently serves as the senior manager of the legal and compliance department of BSAM. She previously served as the trainee clerk, clerk and assistant judge of the administrative court of No. 1 Intermediate People's Court of Beijing Municipality, and the legal manager of legal compliance department of BSAM. Ms. Ma graduated from the school of criminal justice of China University of Political Science and Law in July 2009 where she received a bachelor's degree in law, and graduated from the school of law of China University of Political Science and Law in July 2012 where she received a master's degree in constitution and administrative law.



Kuang Mingzhi
Supervisor

Ms. Kuang Mingzhi, aged 48, was appointed as employee representative supervisor of the Company in June 2024. She currently serves as manager of the audit department of the Company, supervisor of Capinfo Technology Development Co., Ltd., Capinfo Cloud Technology Co., Ltd. and Beijing Certificate Authority Co., Ltd. In 1998, she worked for the finance department of a construction and engineering company in Beijing in audit and account. In 2005, she served as the responsible person of audit team of the finance department of BCEG Civil Engineering Co., Ltd. She joined the Company in 2018 and served as deputy general manager of the financial management department, responsible person in finance for Shunyi branch, Tongzhou branch, Daxing branch, financial controller of Capinfo Medical United Information Technology Company Limited, deputy manager of the audit department of the Company and supervisor of Rito Info Technology Co., Ltd. Ms. Kuang graduated from University of International Business and Economics with major in accounting in 2007.

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES



Xia Xiaoqing
Senior Management

Senior Management

Mr. Xia Xiaoqing, aged 59, joined the Company in March 2018. He is currently the vice general manager of the Company and the chairman of Capinfo Technology Development Co., Ltd., a subsidiary, mainly responsible for the Company's quality management, system stability, smart health and other related work. Before joining the company, Mr. Xia served as deputy manager and manager of the Information Department of China Nuclear Energy Technology Co., Ltd., deputy general manager, deputy secretary of the party committee and general manager of Huahui Information Technology Co., Ltd., and Chairman of China Nuclear Energy Hongsheng Co., Ltd. Mr. Xia also served as an executive director of Capinfo Cloud Technology Co., Ltd. from May 2018 to December 2021. Mr. Xia graduated from the Missile College of Air Force Engineering University in 1994 with a master's degree in computer application. In 2006, he graduated from Northwest Polytechnic University with a doctor's degree in computer application.



Wang Liang
Senior Management

Mr. Wang Liang, aged 37, joined the Company in February 2018 and is currently the deputy general manager of the Company and a director of Beijing Certificate Authority Co., Ltd., a participating company, mainly responsible for smart enterprise, cloud network platform, procurement and other related work. Mr. Wang served as secretary of the league branch and head of the organization section of Beijing Haohua Energy Resource Co., Ltd., head of the disciplinary committee of Beijing Jingmei Group Co. Ltd., manager of disciplinary supervision of Zhongrong International Trust Co. Ltd., director of the discipline inspection and supervision department of Capinfo Company Limited, executive deputy general manager and chairman of Capinfo Cloud Technology Co., Ltd., chairman and general manager of Rito Info Technology Co., Ltd. and Director and General Manager of Capinfo Technology Development Co., Ltd. Mr. Wang graduated from Heilongjiang University of Science and Technology, majoring in business administration, and obtained a master's degree in management.

PROFILES OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES



Du Xiaoling

Senior Management

Ms. Du Xiaoling, aged 44, accountant, international accountant, senior management accountant, joined the Company in May 2018 and is currently the deputy general manager of the Company. She also serves as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, the Chairman of the Labor Union, and an executive director of Capinfo (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd., a director of Rito Info Technology Co., Ltd., being the subsidiaries of the Company, a director of Beijing Certificate Authority Co., Ltd, an investee company, mainly responsible for financial management and financial supervision, union work and other related work. Prior to joining the Company, Ms. Du held financial management-related positions in China Construction First Engineering Bureau Third Construction Co., Ltd., Space Science and Application Research Center of Chinese Academy of Sciences and Institute of Microelectronics of Chinese Academy of Sciences. Ms. Du graduated from Southwest China Normal University majored in accounting and received a bachelor's degree in management.



Wu Ning

Senior Management

Mr. Wu Ning, aged 43, joined the Company in June 2020. He is currently the secretary of the board and general counsel of the Company and a director of Rito Info Technology Co., Ltd., a subsidiary, mainly responsible for company compliance, investment management, the board of directors and other related work. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Wu worked for the People's Court of Beijing Dongcheng District, the Asset Management Department and the Legal Department of COFCO Corporation, and the Compliance and Legal Affairs Department of COFCO Futures Co., Ltd. Mr. Wu graduated from the Law School of Renmin University of China, majoring in civil and commercial law, and obtained a master's degree in law.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is an information technologies and services supplier. Its businesses mainly include product, software development and service, industry solutions and operation and maintenance service. Leveraging on its comprehensive experience and abundant information resources, the Group participated in the construction, operation and maintenance of large scale information application projects in Beijing and other regions across the country, and has established a widespread and exclusive IT service network over many years.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A discussion on the business development and prospect of the Group during the Year are provided in the "Chairman's Statement" on pages 8 to 9 and "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 11 to 16 of this annual report respectively. A description of the major risks factors and uncertainties that the Group may be facing and the financial risk management objectives and policies are provided in note IX to the consolidated financial statements. An analysis of the Group's performance during the Year using financial key performance indicators is provided on page 5 of "Financial Highlights" of this annual report. In addition, compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group and the relationships with its stakeholders are contained on pages 45 to 75 of "Corporate Governance Report" and pages 76 to 88 of "Investors Relations" of this annual report respectively. The Group acts in a manner responsible for the environment, trying to comply with laws and regulations concerning environmental protection, and take effective measures to achieve efficient use of resources, energy conservation and waste reduction. Further details will be disclosed in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report of 2024 of the Company.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND APPROPRIATION

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 are set out in the Consolidated Income Statement on page 99 of this annual report.

The Directors have recommended the payment of a final dividend of RMB7 cents (2023: nil) per Share, with a total dividend distribution amount of RMB20,290,000 as at 31 December 2024. During the Reporting Period, the directors did not recommend the payment of interim dividend (2023: nil).

SHARE CAPITAL

During the year, the Company implemented the share consolidation on the basis that every ten existing shares with a par value of RMB0.10 each was consolidated into one consolidated share with a par value of RMB1.00 each.

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in "note V (34) to the consolidated financial statements" on page 207 of this annual report.

*DIRECTORS' REPORT***FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 and the past four financial years is set out in "Financial Highlights" on page 5 of this annual report.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment acquired by the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in "note V (15) to the financial statements" on page 194 of this annual report.

INVESTMENT PROPERTY

The investment property owned by the Company is situated at No. 12 Beichen West Road, Chaoyang District, Beijing, which is the office property on the fifth and sixth floor of Block A of Digital Beijing Building, with a gross floor area of approximately 5,386 sq.m. The property is currently leased out. Pursuant to the committed tenancy agreement, the leased area for the period from 20 April 2020 to 19 April 2023 was 5,386 sq.m. The leased area for the period of 20 May 2023 to 19 May 2025 is 2,693 sq.m., with an area for lease of 2,693 sq.m. Details of the movements of the investment property of the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in "note V (14) to the consolidated financial statements" on page 193 of this annual report.

SHARE OPTIONS

Up to the date of this report, no share option scheme is implemented by the Company

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year was the Company and its parent company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

No equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company at the end of the year or during the year.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

The following persons are Directors during the year and up to the date of this report:

Executive Directors

Mr. Yu Donghui (*Party Secretary and Chairman*)

Mr. Zhang Yiqian (*Deputy Party Secretary and General Manager*)

Non-executive Directors

Ms. Yan Yi

Mr. Xin Shuangbai

Mr. Zhou Weihua

Ms. Zhao Shujie

Mr. Feng Jianxun (*retired in June 2024*)

Mr. Jiang Wei (*appointed in June 2024*)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yang Xiaohui

Mr. Gong Zhiqiang

Mr. Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell

Mr. Su Zhongxing (*retired in June 2024*)

Mr. Li Jianqiang (*appointed in June 2024*)

Mr. Dong Jin

The Company has received from each of independent non-executive directors of their "annual confirmation" in relation to their independence in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, and considered that each of them is independent.

Mr. Jiang Wei and Mr. Li Jianqiang were appointed as Director on 18 June 2024, they had obtained legal advice on 18 June 2024, as required under rule 3.09D of the Listing Rules from the legal advisor of the Company and have confirmed that they understood their obligations as a director of a listed company.

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS, SUPERVISORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

As at 31 December 2024, none of the Directors, supervisors and chief executive of the Company had any interest and short position in shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong)) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by Directors as referred in Appendix C3 of the Listing Rules.

*DIRECTORS' REPORT***DIRECTORS' AND SUPERVISORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE**

Save as disclosed, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company and its parent company, its subsidiaries, or fellow subsidiaries was a party or were parties and in which a Director or supervisor or any entities connected with him/her had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted during or at the end of the year.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not purchase, sell or redeem any of the Company's listed securities.

INTEREST OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

Save as disclosed below, the Directors are not aware of any other interests and short positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company of any person (other than Directors or chief executive of the Company) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO as at 31 December 2024:

| Name of controlling shareholder | Number of shares | Nature of interests | Approximate percentage to the issued share capital |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Beijing State-owned Assets Management Co., Ltd. | 183,454,176 domestic shares | Beneficial owner | 63.31% |

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

During the Reporting Period, the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's 5 largest suppliers accounted for less than 30% of the Group's total purchases. The aggregate revenue attributable to the Group's 5 largest customers accounted for approximately 31.67% of the Group's total revenue, among which, the largest customer attributed approximately 10.79% of the Group's total revenue.

None of the Directors, their close associates or any shareholders (who to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) has any interest in any of the Group's 5 largest suppliers or 5 largest customers.

COMPETING INTERESTS

None of the Directors or the management shareholders (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company and their respective associates had any interest in a business which competes with the Company or may compete with the business of the Group.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

MATERIAL LITIGATION AND ARBITRATION

Except as disclosed below, the Group was not involved in any material litigation or arbitration. Besides, to the best knowledge of the management of the Company, the Group had no material litigation or claim which was pending or threatened by or against the Group.

On 21 July 2014, the Company entered into a share transfer agreement with Xiamen Ruitailong Investment Development Company Limited* (廈門銳泰隆投資發展有限公司) and other transferors (the "Former Shareholders") to acquire the equity interest of Rito Info. On the ground that the Former Shareholders were suspected of exaggeration of financial performance for the period under assessment, in order to protect the interests of the Company and its Shareholders, a new legal proceeding was instituted by the Company in the Beijing First Intermediate People's Court (北京市第一中級人民法院) on 3 April 2023, to seek legal action against the Former Shareholders according to law, requesting, among other things, the revocation of the share transfer agreement and the refund of the consideration paid for the share transfer. The Company applied for property preservation on 25 April 2023, and the preservation measures shall be amounted to RMB335,995,436.60. The Beijing First Intermediate People's Court (北京市第一中級人民法院) made a civil judgment and imposed preservation measures on the Former Shareholders in accordance with the law. During the trial of the case, the Former Shareholders counterclaimed that the Company should continue to pay the third installment of the consideration for the share transfer in accordance with the share transfer agreement in dispute, and filed an application for property preservation. The Beijing First Intermediate People's Court (北京市第一中級人民法院) ruled to freeze the bank deposits of the Company in the amount of RMB21,428,269.54. The frozen funds were automatically unfrozen on 4 January 2025 due to the fact that the Former Shareholders did not apply for extension of preservation.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Company has taken out insurance against the liability and costs associated with defending any proceedings which may be brought against Directors of the Company.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Company formulated Management System of Information Disclosure and Management System of Inside Information and Insiders, to regulate and enhance management over connected transactions. Led by the Board Secretary and the Company Secretary, the Board's office of the Company is responsible for daily reporting and reviewing of connected transactions. Connected transactions and continuing connected transactions occurred during the Reporting Period are set out as follows:

DIRECTORS' REPORT

1. Continuing connected transactions

Unit: RMB million

| No. | Matter | Counterparty | Type | Annual Cap | Annual transaction amount (including tax) |
|-----|---|--|---------|------------|---|
| 1 | Provision of network system and relevant operation and maintenance services | Beijing State-owned Assets Management Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries | Income | 95.00 | 73.16 |
| 2 | Purchase of network security system and services | Beijing Xinlongfu Property Management Co., Ltd. | Expense | 45.00 | 30.89 |
| 3 | Purchase of property services | Beijing Xinlongfu Property Management Co., Ltd. | Expense | 1.20 | 0.85 |
| 4 | Service fees paid by Capinfo Cloud to the Group | Capinfo Cloud | Income | 30.0 | 29.54 |
| 5 | Service fees paid by the Group to Capinfo Cloud | Capinfo Cloud | Expense | 25.00 | – |

(I) Continuing connected transaction for provision of the network system operation and relevant maintenance services

With the approval at the 18th meeting of the eighth session of the Board, on 18 January 2023, the Company and BSAM entered into the Technique Services Framework Agreement, pursuant to which, it was agreed that the Company and its subsidiaries will provide services on software development, network system establishment and service, network design, website intensification, system integration, technical operation and maintenance, technical consultancy, cloud services, cloud products, wireless products and related information technology services and products to BSAM and its subsidiaries, with a term expiring on 31 December 2025. The Board approved, for each of the years from 2023 to 2025, and the connected transaction where Company and its subsidiaries provide related technical services and products to BSAM and its subsidiaries to be RMB35.0 million, RMB35.0 million and RMB35.0 million respectively. The transaction was exempt from the independent shareholders' approval. The Company had complied with the reporting and announcement requirements under the Listing Rules and the relevant announcement of which was posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. On 19 July 2024, the Company adjusted the annual caps under the said agreement for each of the years from 2024 to 2025 to RMB95.0 million after consideration by the 2nd meeting of the ninth session of the Board, which was approved by the independent shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 12 September 2024.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Connected relationship: | BSAM is the controlling shareholder of the Company, holding approximately 63.31% of the issued share capital of the Company. |
| Transaction background: | BSAM, as the implementer and operator of major projects in Beijing, focuses its business operations in financial services, high-tech and modern manufacturing, culture and creativity, urban functionality area development, environmental protection and new energies. In order to ensure to provide stable, safe and efficient services to its clients, BSAM engaged the Company to provide related technical services and products for it. |
| Voting: | None of the Directors (including the Independent Non-executive Directors) had any material interests in the above transaction. Moreover, the Directors were of the view that the transaction was carried out in the ordinary course of business of the Company on normal commercial terms, and the terms of the transaction were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole. On the date of the above Board resolution, the Directors who were employees of BSAM, which were related parties, had abstained from voting on the resolution. |

(II) Continuing connected transaction for purchase of network security system and services

With the approval at the 18th meeting of the eighth session of the Board, on 18 January 2023, the Company and BSAM entered into the Technique Services Framework Agreement, pursuant to which, it was agreed that BSAM and its subsidiaries will provide services on electronic certification services, electronic certification products and information security services, and related security products, network security system development, operation and maintenance and other technical outsourcing services to the Company and its subsidiaries, with a term expiring on 31 December 2025. The Board approved, for each of the years from 2023 to 2025, and the connected transaction where BSAM and its subsidiaries provide network security system and services to the Company and its subsidiaries to be RMB30.0 million. The transaction was exempt from the independent shareholders' approval. The Company had complied with the reporting and announcement requirements under the Listing Rules and the relevant announcement of which was posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. On 19 July 2024, the Company adjusted the annual caps under the said agreement for each of the years from 2024 to 2025 to RMB45.0 million after consideration by the 2nd meeting of the ninth session of the Board, which was approved by the independent shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 12 September 2024.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Connected relationship: BSAM is the controlling shareholder of the Company, holding approximately 63.31% of the issued share capital of the Company.

Transaction background: BSAM, as the implementer and operator of major projects in Beijing, focuses its business operations in financial services, high-tech and modern manufacturing, culture and creativity, urban functionality area development, environmental protection and new energies. Currently, along with the upgrading of information security and the higher demand of the clients for system security, the Company purchase the products and services to ensure our network systems run safely and stably.

Voting: None of the Directors (including the Independent Non-executive Directors) had any material interests in the above transaction. Moreover, the Directors were of the view that the transaction was carried out in the ordinary course of business of the Company on normal commercial terms, and the terms of the transaction were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole. On the date of the above Board resolution, the Directors who are employees of BSAM, which were related parties, had abstained from voting on the resolution.

(III) Connected transaction for the office lease and continuing connected transaction for the property services

As approved at the 28th meeting of the eighth session of the Board of the Company, the Company entered into a lease agreement with BXLE on 29 December 2023 to lease the office premises of BXLE for office use from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2026. The leased premises are the entire 5th floor in a building, with an aggregate gross floor area of 5,807 sq.m., at a rent of RMB225.29025/month/sq.m. and an aggregate monthly rent of RMB1.31 million (VAT inclusive). In accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprise No. 21, the lease payments under the lease agreement with BXLE are capital in nature, so the office premises of BXLE will be recognized as a right-of-use asset of the Group on 1 January 2024 for an amount of RMB38.70 million. The rental payment and property management payment under the lease agreement with BXLE is expected to be satisfied by the internal resources of the Group in its usual and ordinary course of business.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

As approved at the 28th meeting of the eighth session of the Board, the Company entered into a property service agreement with BXLE Property Management on 29 December 2023, under which BXLE Property Management agreed to provide the Company with property services in respect of the BXLE Office Premises from 1 January 2024 to 30 June 2026. The annual caps for the continuing connected transactions under the property service agreement were RMB1.20 million, RMB1.20 million and RMB0.60 million, respectively, for each of the years from 2024 to 2025 and the six months ended 30 June 2026. The above transaction was exempted from independent Shareholders' approval and the Company had complied with the reporting and announcement requirements under the Listing Rules and the relevant announcement of which was posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

Connected relationship: BXLE is a subsidiary with 70% of equity interests controlled by BSAM, the controlling shareholder of the Company. BXLE Property Management is a wholly-owned subsidiary of BXLE.

Transaction background: BXLE is principally engaged in real estate development; property management; project investment; investment management; organizing cultural exchange activities (excluding performances); undertaking display demonstration; advertisement design, production, agency and publishing; sale of commodity properties. BXLE Property Management is principally engaged in property management; leasing of commercial properties; organizing cultural and art exchange activities; undertaking display demonstration, design, production, agency and advertisement publishing. Longfu Mansion is located in central Beijing, providing a better working environment and convenient location for the employees. There will be considerable time and cost saving (in terms of relocation and renovation) for the Group to lease the office premises from the BXLE, and the lease will provide the Group with stable and successive premises for its operations.

Voting: None of the Directors (including the Independent Non-executive Directors) had any material interests in the above transaction. Moreover, the Directors were of the view that the transaction was carried out in the ordinary course of business of the Company on normal commercial terms, and the terms of the transaction were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole. On the date of the above Board resolution, the Directors who are employees of BSAM, which were related parties, had abstained from voting on the resolution.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

(IV) Continuing connected transactions with Capinfo Cloud

With the approval at the second meeting of the ninth session of the Board of the Company, the Company and Capinfo Cloud entered into a Capinfo Cloud Framework Agreement on 19 July 2024, pursuant to which, Capinfo Cloud agreed to provide the Group (excluding Capinfo Cloud) with information technology services and products such as cloud services, cloud products, software development, system integration, technical operation and maintenance, and technical consulting; the Group (excluding Capinfo Cloud) agreed to provide Capinfo Cloud with network system construction and services, software and hardware equipment leasing, and technical outsourcing services relating to website intensification and operation and maintenance, with a term expiring on 31 December 2025. The annual caps for the service fees to be paid by Capinfo Cloud to the Group for each of the years from 2024 to 2025 were RMB30 million. The annual caps for the service fees to be paid by the Group to Capinfo Cloud for each of the years from 2024 to 2025 were RMB25 million. The Company had complied with the reporting and announcement requirements and obtained approval from independent shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 12 September 2024.

Connected relationship: Capnet is a subsidiary of BSAM with 95% of shares, and BSAM is the controlling shareholder of the Company. Capnet holds approximately 26% paid-up registered capital of Capinfo Cloud. Capinfo Cloud is therefore a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Transaction background: Capinfo Cloud is a service provider for building PRC's governmental cloud network and cloud network for smart cities. Capinfo Cloud provides digital technologies and services such as cloud computing construction and operation, data governance and services, and intelligent applications and services to government and enterprise customers. The Board believed that the entering into the Capinfo Cloud Framework Agreement will be beneficial to the Group's operation. The Board was also of the view that the services to be provided by Capinfo Cloud to the Group will continue helping the Group to provide customers with cloud + network + platform + data + application integrated product system and service capabilities, reduce collaboration costs, achieve economies of scale, and improve the related level of technology and services.

Voting: None of the Directors (including the Independent Non-executive Directors) had any material interest in the above transaction. Moreover, the Directors were of the view that the terms of the Capinfo Cloud Framework Agreement, the annual caps for the service fees to be paid by the Group to Capinfo Cloud and that to be paid by Capinfo Cloud to the Group under the Capinfo Cloud Framework Agreement are fair and reasonable, are in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group and are in the interests of the Group and the Shareholders as a whole.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S CONCLUSION ON THE CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The auditor of the Company has carried out procedures on the continuing connected transactions for the year. The independent auditor is of the conclusion that these transactions:

1. nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions have not been approved by the Company's Board of Directors.
2. for transactions involving the provision of goods or services by the Group, nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that transactions were not conducted, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group.
3. nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the transactions were not conducted, in all material aspects, in accordance with the terms of the agreements governing such transactions.
4. in relation to the aggregate/individual amount of the continuing connected transactions set out in the list of continuing connected transactions, nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the amount of continuing connected transactions disclosed exceeds the maximum annual aggregate value set by the Company.

2. Connected transaction

(1) Connected transaction for deemed disposal of equity interest in a subsidiary

On 20 April 2018, the Company and Capnet entered into a joint venture agreement, pursuant to which, the parties established a joint venture, Capinfo Cloud. With the approval at the 29th meeting of the eighth session of the Board of the Company, the Company and Capnet entered into a supplemental agreement on 28 February 2024, pursuant to which, Capnet agreed to fulfil part of its paid-in contribution obligations as agreed in the supplemental agreement to inject RMB8.5 million in aggregate to Capinfo Cloud. Upon completion of the capital injection by Capnet, the paid-up equity interest held by the Group in Capinfo Cloud will decrease from 100% to approximately 68.52%. Capinfo Cloud will continue to be a subsidiary of the Company and the financial results of Capinfo Cloud will continue to be consolidated into the Group. Under the Listing Rules, the capital injection contemplated under the supplemental agreement constitutes a connected transaction and a deemed disposal of the Company. The transaction was exempt from the independent shareholders' approval. The Company had complied with the reporting and announcement requirements under the Listing Rules and the relevant announcement of which was posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Connected relationship: | Capnet is a subsidiary of BSAM with 95% of shares, and BSAM is the controlling shareholder of the Company. |
| Transaction background: | Pursuant to the amendments to the Company Law, the capital contribution subscribed by all shareholders of a limited liability company shall be paid up by the shareholders within five years from the date of incorporation of the company in accordance with the provisions of the articles of association. Therefore, Capnet will gradually make paid-in capital contribution to Capinfo Cloud based on factors such as the capital needs of Capinfo Cloud and the capital pressure of Capnet. Capital contribution from Capnet can also relieve the capital pressure confronted by Capinfo Cloud. |
| Voting: | None of the Directors (including the Independent Non-executive Directors) had any material interest in the above transaction. Moreover, the Directors were of the view that (i) the capital injection is in the ordinary and general business of the Group and on normal commercial terms or better; (ii) the capital injection is fair and reasonable and meets the agreements under the joint venture agreement and supplemental agreement; and (iii) the capital injection is in the interest of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole. |

Save as disclosed above, none of the related party transactions as disclosed in note XI to the consolidated financial statements constitutes connected transaction or continuing connected transaction. To the extent that the Group's related party transactions constituted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in the Listing Rules, the Company had complied with the relevant requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules during the year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The corporate governance policies and practices of the Company are set out in "Corporate Governance Report" on pages 45 to 75 of this annual report.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING PERIOD

There was no significant event affecting the Group occurred after 31 December 2024 and up to the date of this report.

AUDITOR

The financial statements for the year have been audited by Grant Thornton LLP (Special General Partnership).

There has been no change in the Company's auditor in any of the preceding three years.

By Order of the Board

Mr. Yu Donghui
Chairman

Beijing, the PRC
31 March 2025

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' REPORT

Board of the Company

In 2024, as the independent non-executive directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as "INEDs"), based on the principle of objective, fair and impartial, in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations of "Company Law of the People's Republic of China" "Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited" strictly, as well as the duties stipulated in the "Articles of Association of Capinfo Company Limited", adhere to a diligent and responsible attitude, timely understand the Company's operating conditions in all aspects, actively attend the board of directors and shareholders' meetings, and review the relevant resolutions. On the basis of fully understanding of the facts, independent judgement based on our professional capabilities and experience, issuing independent opinions and voting on various proposals have effectively protected the interests of the Company and the majority of shareholders, especially small and medium shareholders.

Our performance of duties in 2024 is reported as follows, which will also be reported to shareholders at the Annual General Meeting of the Company.

I. BASIC INFORMATION OF INEDS

Currently, the Company has five INEDs, and is compliant with the requirements on the minimum number of INEDs under the Listing Rules. Given the professional background on financial, legal, audit and information technology as well as related experience of these INEDs, it is believed that they have relevant experience and qualifications as required for the performance of their duties.

II. PERFORMANCE OF DUTIES DURING THE YEAR

(i) Attendance of meetings of the Board and shareholders' general meetings

During the Reporting Period, we actively attended shareholders' general meetings and meetings of the Board, and had not raised any objection to the resolutions proposed on such meetings. At the shareholders' general meetings, we listened carefully to the questions and opinions raised by the participating shareholders on the operation of the Company, and paid attention to the voting for the resolutions concerning the legitimate interests of the minority shareholders and their subsequent implementation. On the meetings of the Board, we carefully considered each proposal and ensured that the voting for the resolutions complied with the principles of independence, fairness and objectivity with a view to safeguarding the continuous healthy development of the Company.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' REPORT

(ii) Operation of the professional committees under the Board

The Board has five professional committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Strategy Committee and the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee. These committees are authorized to discuss and study in depth the major matters related to the development of the Company within the scope of responsibilities in accordance with respective Detailed Working Rules. On the meetings of the professional committees of the Board, leveraging the advantages of professional strengths, we provide professional advice in respect of the key issues over the areas such as strategies, finance and legal affairs of the Company. This serves as an important support for the Board to perform efficient decision-making.

III. MAJOR CONCERNS IN THE PERFORMANCE OF DUTIES BY INEDS

(i) Connected transactions and disclosure of information

The Company has been dedicated to performing obligation of auditing and disclosure for connected transactions in accordance with relevant laws and regulations and relevant provisions of the Listing Rules, as well as the Company's "Management Regulations for Disclosure of Information" and the "Management Regulations for Insider Information and Insiders". During the Reporting Period, the Company carried out connected transactions in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. When the related transaction was involved, the connected directors or the connected shareholders had abstained from voting at relevant meetings. We also gave independent statements and opinions, which would fundamentally eliminate the occurrence of illegal connected transactions. We uphold the principle of truthful, accurate, complete, timely and fair information disclosure, strengthen the management of information disclosure. We remain vigilant against insider trading and are committed to protect the interests of the shareholders of the Company.

(ii) External guarantees and appropriation of capital

During the Reporting Period, the Company did not involve in any guarantee, nor there be any appropriation of capital of the Company by controlling shareholders.

*INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' REPORT***(iii) Remuneration of Senior Executives**

Based on the performance of the Company and with reference to relevant standards of remuneration for senior executives in the industry and specific performance of the Company's senior management, the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee made confirmation on the overall implementation of the Company's remuneration policies in 2023, and approved the remuneration of the senior executives of the Company for 2023 and the term of office performance remuneration for 2021 to 2023.

(iv) Appointment of auditor

During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee of the Company approved the reappointment of Grant Thornton (Special General Partnership) as the independent auditor of the Company. The aforesaid had been submitted to the Board and the shareholders' general meetings for deliberation. The procedure of re-appointment of the independent auditor of the Company was compliant with the requirements of the laws and regulations and the Articles of Association.

(v) Cash dividends and other returns to investors

The Company continuously distributed cash dividends from 2008 to 2023 with an accumulated amount of RMB604.59 million (including tax). In 2024, in view of the fact that the Group did not achieve the expected growth in its operating results for the financial year ended 31 December 2023, and to address risks such as rising labor costs and increasing contract fulfillment costs in business development, the Company did not distribute a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023. The Company has always put great emphasis on generating investment return for its shareholders. Following deliberations at the Eighth Meeting of the Ninth session of the Board, the Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of RMB7 cents per share for the year ended 31 December 2024 in 2025, subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting. In the future, the Company will continue to adhere to long-term and stable dividend policy and reward its shareholders while taking account of its operational needs.

*INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' REPORT***(vi) Performance of commitments made by the Company and its shareholders**

Beijing State-owned Assets Management Co., Ltd., the controlling shareholder of the Company, made a non-competitive commitment in December 2001 when the Company went public, according to which, Beijing State-owned Assets Management Co., Ltd. would not engage in any business competing, directly or indirectly, with the Company's existing business, and would not conduct any business which competes, either directly or indirectly, with the Company's business. Since then, the controlling shareholder has been fulfilling its commitments in an active manner, and no breach of commitment had been identified.

The year 2024 is the critical year of the "14th Five-Year Plan". With "creating value for customers" as the core, the Company continuously enriched and perfected the business layout of "one focus, two platforms and four sectors", enhanced core technical capabilities, strengthened marketing organisation construction, truly enhanced corporate vitality, and achieved significant results in market expansion. The year 2025 is the last year of the "14th Five-Year Plan". The Company will continue to strengthen its core competitiveness, enhance its ability to support the operation of major systems, and strive to make new progress in "industrialisation, productisation and regionalisation".

**Mr. Yang Xiaohui, Mr. Gong Zhiqiang, Mr. Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell,
Mr. Dong Jin and Mr. Li Jianqiang**
Independent Non-executive Directors

Beijing, the PRC
31 March 2025

SUPERVISORS' REPORT

In 2024, with an aim to substantially safeguard the interests of the Company and all shareholders, the Board of Supervisors duly and honestly performed its duties, according to the Companies Law of the People's Republic of China, relevant regulations and the requirements under the Articles of Association, to oversee the long-term corporate development planning, significant development projects, the Company's production and operation, financial conditions and the performance of duties of the Director and senior management for promoting the standardized operation and sound development of the Company. Details of our duty performance in the last year are set out as below:

I. MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

During the Reporting Period, the Board of Supervisors convened a total of 5 meetings, including 1 on-site meeting and 4 video conferences, and considered 8 issues, to take an effective supervision over the Board and the compliance of operation management of the Company. The Board of Supervisors carefully reviewed the Company's "Report on the Provision for Impairment of Assets of the Governmental Private Network Project" and related information, the "Audit Report for 2023" and the "Financial Accounts Proposal for 2023", the "Assurance Report on Continuing Connected Transactions for 2023", the "Report of the Board of Supervisors for 2023", the "Specific Proposal for the Public Transfer and Listing of the Company's Shares on the Basic Level of the NEEQ", the "Review Report for 1 January – June 2024" and the "Analysis Report on Operation and Financial Position for the First Half of 2024", and confirmed the contents of the reports. In addition, the Board of Supervisors also considered and elected the candidates for the Supervisors of the Ninth Session of the Board of Supervisors, and elected Ms. Ge Li as the Chairman of the Ninth Session of the Board of Supervisors of the Company, with a term of office commencing from the date of approval by the Board of Supervisors to the date of expiry of the Ninth Session of the Board of Supervisors.

II. OPERATION OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

During the Reporting Period, the Supervisors' Report of 2023 proposed by the Supervisors of the Company was approved at the general meetings. Meanwhile, the Supervisors of the Company reviewed the documents of all previous board meetings, and made no objection to each report and contents proposed on the meeting for consideration.

*SUPERVISORS' REPORT***III. INDEPENDENT OPINIONS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

The Board of Supervisors made the following opinions on the supervision of the Year:

(I) Lawful Operation of the Company

The Board of Supervisors exercised supervision in routine work over the legality and compliance of the Company's operation and management. It had also exercised supervision over the work performance of the Company's Directors and operation management. During the Reporting Period, the Company conducted business according to the law and made continuous efforts to improve its internal control system; the decision-making procedures were in compliance with the relevant provisions of the laws, regulations and the Articles of Association.

(II) Authenticity of Financial Reports

During the Reporting Period, the Board of Supervisors carefully reviewed the Company's "Report on the Provision for Impairment of Assets of the Governmental Private Network Project" and related information, the "Audit Report for 2023" and the "Financial Accounts Proposal for 2023", the "Assurance Report on Continuing Connected Transactions for 2023", the "Review Report for 1 January – June 2024" and "Analysis Report on Operation and Financial Position for the First Half of 2024", supervised and inspected the Company's implementation of relevant financial policies, regulations and the Company's assets, financial income and expenditure. The Board of Supervisors was of the opinion that the financial reports of the Company gave a true and fair presentation of the financial position and operating results of the Company, the preparation procedure for the reports and decision-making and approval procedures were in compliance with the requirements of the laws and regulations, the Listing Rules and the Company's internal management system.

(III) Implementation of Resolutions Passed at the General Meetings

During the Reporting Period, the Board of Supervisors conducted supervision and inspection over the implementation of resolutions passed at the general meetings by the Board and the operation management. The Board of Supervisors was of the opinion that the Directors and the operation management of the Company had diligently discharged their duties in accordance with the resolutions approved at the general meetings. None of the Directors and operation management of the Company were found to have violated any laws or regulations or the Articles of Association nor taken any act which were detrimental to the interests of the shareholders of the Company in discharging their duties.

SUPERVISORS' REPORT

(IV) Information Disclosure and Connected Transaction

The Company fulfilled its information disclosure obligations in strict compliance with the laws, regulations and the requirements of the Listing Rules, duly implemented the Information Disclosure Management System and the Management System of Inside Information and Insiders of the Company, disclosed information in a timely and fair manner, and ensured that information disclosed was true, accurate and complete. During the Reporting Period, the procedures for entering into connected transactions by the Company were in compliance with the laws, regulations and requirements of the Listing Rules, and the prices were determined pursuant to commercial market rules. The approval, voting, disclosure and implementation of connected transactions complied with the relevant provisions of the laws, regulations and the Listing Rules. The Board of Supervisors did not find any act that was detrimental to the interests of the shareholders or the Company.

(V) Internal Control and Risk Management

During the Reporting Period, the Company focused on strengthening internal control, established and implemented a relatively completed and reasonable internal control policy, and the internal control system was roughly completed and effective. During the Year, no significant responsible accident occurred. Save as disclosed by announcement, no significant case occurred during the Year.

The risk management of the Company operated by closely focusing on strategic transition, regulatory requirements, operating objectives and the satisfaction of clients, which effectively promoted the optimization and adjustment of the business structure, thus all risks of the Company were effectively controlled and the assets were in good condition.

In the new year, the Board of Supervisors will strictly follow the regulatory requirements and the relevant provisions of the Articles of Association, continue to enhance its supervisory capacity and effectively perform its supervisory duties. The members of the Board of Supervisors will attend the Board meetings and general meetings of the Company in accordance with the law and, through the supervision of the Company's financial situation and production and operation activities, further strengthen the internal control system and effectively prevent operational risks, so as to better safeguard the interests of the Company and all shareholders.

By Order of the Board of Supervisors

Ms. Ge Li

Chairman of the Board of Supervisors

Beijing, the PRC
31 March 2025

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Good corporate governance serves as a foundation for the Company to improve its management. The Company pursues sound corporate governance and believes that good corporate governance is in the best interest of the Company, shareholders and stakeholders. The Company considers excellent corporate governance as an important goal. With an aim to continuously improve its corporate governance level, the Company constantly improves its corporate governance practices and procedures, with a standardized and improved corporate governance structure. It also strictly complies with the state laws and regulations, relevant regulatory requirements and Listing Rules and closely observes trends in regulatory changes in China and abroad to improve the corporate governance level. During the Reporting Period, the Company has adopted the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules as its own corporate governance code. As of the date of this report, the Company has complied with all code provisions under the Corporate Governance Code.

CORPORATE STRATEGY AND CULTURE

The Company advocates the corporate culture featuring “firm political stand and high sense of responsibility and reliability”, shoulders our responsibilities as a state-owned enterprise, focuses on smart construction, actively promotes data application and innovation, integrates development technologies into different occasions, and performs our function of serving the construction of “smart city” and “benchmark city for the global digital economy” in the capital. The Company focuses on value creation for customers, optimizes management mechanisms, enhances our risk control capabilities to ensure high-quality development, and strives for “a leading operator of smart city and data industry”.

The Company has continuously promoted the Party conduct and anti-corruption work, and continued to make efforts in building a wholesome political atmosphere to provide a strong support for business development.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK

In accordance with the relevant provisions of the laws and regulations including the Companies Law and the Listing Rules as well as the Articles of Association, and with reference to the actual situation of the Company, the Company constantly developed, improved and effectively implemented work systems and related work processes for the Board and its specialized committees. The Company has established an effective corporate governance system with general meeting as the organ of highest authority, the Party Committee as the leading organ, the Board as the decision-making organ, the Board of Supervisors as the supervisory organ and the management as the implementation organ. During the Reporting Period, through the co-ordination and checks and balances among the general meeting, the Party Committee, the Board and its specialized committees, the Board of Supervisors and the management together with the effective operations of the internal control systems, the internal management operations of the Company have been further standardised and the level of its corporate governance has been continually enhanced.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

REGULATORY DOCUMENTS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The shareholders' general meetings, the Board and its Professional Committees and the Board of supervisors are functioning independently and efficiently according to the Articles of Association and their respective rules of procedures. At present, the Company's regulatory documents of corporate governance mainly include:

| No. | Name of Document |
|-----|--|
| 1 | Articles of Association |
| 2 | Rules of Procedures of General Meeting |
| 3 | Rules of Procedures of Meetings of the Board of Directors |
| 4 | Rules of Procedures of Meetings of the Board of Supervisors |
| 5 | Rules of Working Meetings of General Managers |
| 6 | Articles of the Audit Committee |
| 7 | Articles of the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee |
| 8 | Articles of the Nomination Committee |
| 9 | Articles of the Strategy Committee |
| 10 | Articles of the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee |
| 11 | Articles of Independent Non-executive Directors |
| 12 | Remuneration System of Directors and Supervisors |
| 13 | Code for Securities Transactions |
| 14 | Operation Rules for Capital Management |
| 15 | Management System of Information Disclosure |
| 16 | Management System of Inside Information and Insiders |
| 17 | Investor Relationship Management System |
| 18 | Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as Director |
| 19 | Internal Audit Working Regulations |
| 20 | Administrative Measures for Post-evaluation of Investor Projects |
| 21 | Administrative Measures for Economic Responsibility Audit |
| 22 | Rules of Equity Investment Management |
| 23 | Negative List of Investment Projects |
| 24 | Administrative Measures for Overseas Investments |
| 25 | Negative List of Overseas Investment Projects |
| 26 | Regulations on Management of the Parent Company and Subsidiaries |
| 27 | Management System of Finance Raising |
| 28 | Comprehensive Budgeting Management System |
| 29 | Rules of Compliance Management |
| 30 | Administrative Measures for Board Authorization |
| 31 | Provisions on the Management of Rules and Regulations |
| 32 | Financial Management System |
| 33 | Remuneration Management System |
| 34 | Provisions on the Management of Legal Affairs |
| 35 | Measures for the Evaluation of the Internal Control |

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

EXCEEDING THE REQUIREMENTS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

| No. | Exceeding the Requirements of Code Provisions of Corporate Governance Code of the Listing Rules |
|-----|---|
| 1 | As of the date of this report, ten of the twelve members of the Board are external Directors, so there is a strong independent element on the Board, which can effectively exercise independent judgment. |
| 2 | Two Independent Non-executive Directors of the Board are Certified Public Accountants. |
| 3 | All members of the audit committee are Independent Non-executive Directors with legal or accounting professional qualifications or relevant experience in the industry respectively. |
| 4 | The management monitors the operating risks and the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Company on an ongoing basis. |
| 5 | The management submits Internal Audit Report to audit committee every quarter to confirm that the Company complies with a series of internal control systems, regulations and procedures. |
| 6 | The management submits a report on the evaluation of internal control to the Board every year, so that the Board can assess the effectiveness of internal control and risk management of the Company. |
| 7 | The Company has formulated the Code for Securities Transactions on terms no more lenient than that of the Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 of the Listing Rules. |
| 8 | The Company adopted fair information disclosure policy which explicitly explains the principles regarding provision of information to the public. |
| 9 | In addition to the liability insurance coverage for the Directors, the Company also purchased liability insurance for the supervisors and senior management. |

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND GENERAL MEETINGS

Shareholders of the Company enjoy various rights entitled by laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association. General meeting is the organ of highest authority of the Company. The shareholders exercise their rights through general meetings. The Company formulated the Rules of Procedures of General Meetings to specify its written terms of reference so as to regulate the compliant operation of the general meetings. Full text of which is available at the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company for the information of shareholders and investors.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Key functions and powers of the General Meetings

- to decide on the Company's business policy and investment plans;
- to elect and replace Directors, to elect and replace supervisors acted by shareholder representatives and to decide remuneration of Directors and supervisors;
- to examine and approve the reports of the Board, reports of the Board of Supervisors, the proposed annual budgets and final accounts, the profit distribution proposals and loss recovery proposals;
- to resolve on proposals of the increase or reduction of the Company's registered capital;
- to resolve on matters such as merger, division, dissolution and liquidation of the Company;
- to resolve on the issuance of the Company's bonds;
- to resolve on the appointment, removal or non-reappointment of the Company's auditor;
- to amend the Articles of Association;
- to resolve on the external guarantees which shall be approved by a general meeting as required under laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association;
- to consider transactions which need to be approved by a general meeting as provided in the Listing Rules;
- to consider and approve matters of changing the use of raised fund;
- to consider resolutions proposed by shareholder(s) who represents 3% or above of the voting shares of the Company; and
- to resolve such other matters which, in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association, shall be resolved by a general meeting.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

PROCEDURES FOR CONVENING GENERAL MEETINGS AND SUBMITTING PROPOSALS

The contents of a proposal of the general meeting shall fall into the terms of reference of the general meeting with definite topics and specific matters for resolution and comply with the relevant provisions of laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association. In accordance with the Rules of Procedures of General Meeting of the Company, the following institutions or persons are eligible to submit proposals at general meetings:

- The Board, the Board of Supervisors, and shareholder(s) individually or collectively holding 3% or more of the Company's shares shall have the right to submit proposals to the Company.
- Shareholder(s) individually or collectively holding 3% or more of the Company's share may submit an extempore proposal to the convener in writing 10 days prior to the date of convening the general meeting. Within 2 days after the receipt of the proposal, the convener shall issue supplementary notice of the general meeting in this regard.
- The convener shall not amend the proposals set out in the notice of general meeting or add any new proposals subsequent to the announcement of the notice of the general meeting.
- Where shareholder(s) individually or collectively holding 10% or more of the Company's shares propose to convene an extraordinary general meeting or a class shareholders' meeting, the shareholder(s) shall sign one or more written request(s) in identical form and content requiring the Board to convene an extraordinary general meeting or a class shareholders' meeting and state the subject of the meeting, and at the same time submit proposals to the Board.

General meetings convened during the Reporting Period are set out in the section headed Investors Relations on pages 83 to 87 of this annual report.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board takes a conscientious and effective approach in leading and supervising the Company. All Directors are responsible for promoting the continuous business development of the Company in good faith and in the best interest of the Company. Members of the Board understand that they are individually and collectively responsible to all shareholders in relation to the management, supervision and operation of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

COMPOSITION OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As of the date of this report, the Company's Board of Directors comprises twelve members, including two Executive Directors, five Non-executive Directors and five Independent Non-executive Directors. The list of the members of the Board of Directors has been published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company for the information of the shareholders and the investors.

As of the date of this report, there is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship) among members of the Board.

Biographies of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Profiles of Directors, Supervisors and Senior Management" on pages 17 to 25 of this annual report.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Company formulated the Rules of Procedures of Meetings of the Board of Directors to specify its written terms of reference so as to regulate the compliant operation of the Board. Full text of which is available at the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company for the information of shareholders and investors.

Key functions and powers of the Board of Directors

- to determine the Company's business plans and investment plans and to decide on the establishment of the Company's internal management bodies;
- to formulate the Company's annual budgets and final accounts, the Company's profit distribution plans and loss recovery plans and the plan for increase or reduction of the Company's registered capital, and proposals for issue of the corporate bonds;
- to formulate the proposals for merger, division or dissolution of the Company;
- to formulate the Company's basic management system and proposals for any amendment to the Articles of Association;
- to be responsible for convening general meetings and report on its work at the general meetings and to implement the resolution passed at the general meetings;
- to appoint or dismiss the general manager of the Company; to appoint or dismiss other senior management personnel of the Company according to the nomination of the general manager, and to determine their remunerations and system of rewards and punishment;

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the Directors' performance of their responsibilities and the employees' compliance with the Code of Conduct;
- to review the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report; and
- other matters stipulated by laws and regulations or Articles of Association and authorized at the general meetings.

NOMINATION AND APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to the Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as Director, when and only when there is vacancy in the Board, shareholders individually or collectively holding 3% or above of shares of the Company are entitled to nominate individuals for directorship to the Nomination Committee and be the candidates for directorship in accordance with relevant procedures of the Company. Details of the nomination procedures are available at the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company for the information of shareholders and investors.

Appointment of Directors shall be approved by ordinary resolutions at general meetings. The general meetings are also entitled to remove any of the Directors before expiry of their tenure, provided that the removal is in compliance with relevant laws and administrative rules and regulations. Each newly appointed Director will provide with reading materials essential for the Directors to discharge their duties effectively, including profile of the Company and the industry and information regarding the relevant laws and regulations and duties of directorship. The management of the Company will also present details to the newly appointed Directors on the latest developments of the Company's business and operation. Meanwhile, the Company will provide Directors with learning materials regularly to ensure their timely understanding of the latest developments of the laws and regulations and the Company's business and operation.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

TERM OF APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

The term of each session of the Board of the Company is three years. The term of the ninth session of the Board of Directors began on 18 June 2024 and will expire on 17 June 2027 and will be re-appointed thereafter subject to re-election and re-appointment and other related provisions as stipulated in the Articles of Association and the Rules of Procedures of the Board of Directors, provided that the appointments may be terminated when both the Director and the Company agree.

SERVICE CONTRACTS OF THE DIRECTORS

The Company has entered into service contracts with each of the members of the ninth session of the Board of Directors. Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors has a service contract with the Group which can be terminated within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' TRAINING

In accordance with the requirements of Rule C.1.4 of Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules, all Directors have participated in various forms of training programmes during their tenure to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills so as to ensure that they contribute to the Board with a well-rounded professionalism. The forms of learning taken by the Directors include on-the-spot trainings organized by various professional organizations in relation to laws and regulations, finance and banking, internal control of risks and corporate governance as well as reading updated information on regulatory requirements and E-learning.

During the Reporting Period, pursuant to the requirements of Code Provision D.1.2 set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules, the Company provides Directors with "Monthly Report", which contains the Company's stock price performance, information disclosure, supervision and legislation trends and industry development trends. The Company also provides books and materials related to compliance and duty performance for Directors to learn so as to ensure that the Directors are provided with continuous professional development to be competent for their jobs. During the Reporting Period, the Directors provided their training records to the Company regularly.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT PARTICIPATED BY DIRECTORS

| Name | Reading regulatory updates | Attending seminars/ conferences relevant to the Directors' duties | Receiving shareholders' visit |
|---|-------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Executive Directors | | | |
| Mr. Yu Donghui (Party Secretary and Chairman) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Mr. Zhang Yiqian (Deputy Party Secretary and General Manager) | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Non-executive Directors | | | |
| Ms. Yan Yi | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Mr. Zhou Weihua | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Mr. Xin Shuangbai | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Ms. Zhao Shujie | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Mr. Jiang Wei | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Independent non-executive Directors | | | |
| Mr. Yang Xiaohui | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Mr. Gong Zhiqiang | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Mr. Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Mr. Dong Jin | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Mr. Li Jianqiang | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Directors who have resigned or retired | | | |
| Mr. Feng Jianxun | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Mr. Su Zhongxing | ✓ | ✓ | |

DIRECTORS' LIABILITY INSURANCE

In accordance with the requirement of Code Provision C.1.8 set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules, liability insurance for Directors is maintained by the Company with coverage for any legal liabilities which may arise in the course of performing their duties and enhance the effectiveness of decision-making.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ACCOUNTS

The Directors are responsible for supervising the preparation of accounts for the year which shall present a true and fair view of the financial position, results of operations and cash flow of the Group during the Year. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024, the Directors had selected and consistently applied suitable accounting policies; made judgments and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis. The Directors ensure that the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group is in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Company's independent auditor's reporting responsibilities on the Group's accounts are set out in the Auditors' Report on pages 89 to 257 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a Code of Securities Transactions regarding Directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings as set out in Appendix C3 of the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiries of all Directors, all Directors confirm that they have complied with the required standard of dealings and the Company's Code of Securities Transactions regarding securities transactions by the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2024.

BOARD MEETING

The Chairman of the Board is responsible for convening the Board meetings which shall be convened at least four times each year. In accordance with the requirements of Code Provision C.5.3 and C.5.8 of Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules, the Company had notified all Directors at least fourteen days before the convening of a board meeting and ensure that relevant meeting materials has been sent to the Directors at least three days before the meeting. Notices and agendas of the Board meetings of the Company were prepared under the instruction of the Chairman of the Board and distributed to the Board members within reasonable time before the meetings pursuant to the Articles of Association and the Rules of Procedures of the Board of Directors.

During the Reporting Period, the Board of Directors held 12 meetings. Details on the attendance of meetings of the members of the Board of Directors set out in the "Attendance of Directors on the Board and its Professional Committees" on page 68 of this annual report.

To ensure the Directors making decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company, pursuant to the relevant requirements under Rule 13.44 of the Listing Rules and Article 127 of the Articles of Association, any Director shall abstain from voting on any resolutions in which he or his close associate(s) is/are materially interested and shall not be counted in the quorum of the meeting.

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In accordance with the requirements of Paragraph B.(c) and (d) as set out in Part I of Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules, any Director attending the Board meeting by electronic means such as teleconference and video conference shall be deemed as present in person, while attendance of meetings of the Board meetings or meetings of its subordinate specialized committees by entrusting another director to attend such meetings on his/her behalf shall not be counted in the attendance of meeting rate of the respective Director.

SUPPLY OF AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION OF THE BOARD

- All Directors are entitled to receive advice and services of the secretary of the Board and the secretary of the Company. If any Director need to seek independent professional advice in the exercise of their functions and powers, the relevant fees shall be at the Company's expense;
- Directors are entitled to receive the communication information of the management of the Company so as to communicate and keep them informed of the operations of the Company in a timely manner;
- Directors are entitled to have immediate access to the agendas and relevant meeting documents of the Board meetings and may require the management to supplement more detailed information on the meeting and other relevant information;
- The minutes of meetings of the Board and its Professional Committees are kept, which record in details the opinion expressed and any doubts or objection raised by the Directors. Directors may comment on the draft minutes. The final versions of the minutes will be filed within a reasonable time after the meeting and are available for inspection by all Directors.

The Board considers that the above mechanism and arrangements are effective in ensuring that the Board is provided with independent views and opinions.

SPECIALIZED COMMITTEES UNDER THE BOARD

The Company established five specialized committees under the Board, i.e. the Audit Committee, the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Strategy Committee and the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee, which are delegated to perform certain function of the Board so as to improve efficiency of the Board.

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AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established the Audit Committee in accordance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules, and formulated the Articles of Audit Committee to specify its written terms of reference, so as to regulate the compliant operation of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee of the Company comprises three members, all being Independent Non-executive Directors. The term of the Audit Committee of the Company is three years, the same as that of the Board and will expire on 17 June 2027. The appointment will be re-appointed thereafter subject to re-election and re-appointment and other related provisions as stipulated in the Articles of Association and the Articles of Audit Committee, provided that the appointment may be terminated when both the member and the Company agree. As of the date of this report, the members of the Audit Committee are as follows:

| Name | Director Type | Position |
|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Mr. Yang Xiaohui | Independent Non-executive Director | Chairman |
| Mr. Gong Zhiqiang | Independent Non-executive Director | Member |
| Mr. Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell | Independent Non-executive Director | Member |
| Mr. Su Zhongxing (retired in June 2024) | Independent Non-executive Director | Member |

Key functions and powers of Audit Committee

- to make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of an external auditor, to approve the remuneration and the terms of engagement of the external auditor and to deal with any issues relating to the resignation or dismissal of the external auditor;
- to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards; to discuss with the external auditor the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations before audit commences and ensure co-ordination where more than one audit firms are involved;
- to develop and implement policies on the engagement of an external auditor to provide non-audit services;
- to conduct regular assessment on the performance of the financial and audit departments of the Company and the performance of the staff in charge of these departments;

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

- to monitor the financial, accounting policies and practices of the Company (including the financial control, risk management and internal control systems of the Company), to review reports of the risk management and internal control systems, financial statements and performance reports before they are submitted to the Board of Directors, to check the completeness of the statements and reports and to review significant opinions concerning financial reporting contained in them, in particular:
 - (1) any change in accounting policies and practices;
 - (2) where important judgements are involved;
 - (3) major adjustments to be made after the audit is completed;
 - (4) going concern assumptions and any reservations;
 - (5) compliance with the accounting standards; and
 - (6) compliance with the Listing Rules and relevant regulations.
- to discuss with the auditors about any issues or doubt appears during the audit of the annual accounts and review of interim accounts, and consider any matters raised by the accountant, financial reporting staff and the monitoring officer of the Company, and other matters that the auditor wishes to discuss (if necessary, in the absence of management);
- to keep in contact with the Board of Directors and senior management by members of the Committee, and to meet at least twice (2) a year with the external auditor;
- to review the external auditor's explanatory statement to the management on its audit, any material doubt raised by the auditor on accounting records, financial accounts or monitoring systems to the management and management's response to these doubts, ensure that the Board of Directors responds promptly to any issues raised by the auditor;
- to supervise the setting up of comprehensive internal audit, review system, and to audit and monitor any significant connected transactions;
- to consider major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings;

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- to discuss with the management the risk management and internal control systems and ensure that the management has discharged its duties to have an effective systems, the contents of discussion shall include whether the resources for accounting and financial reporting function, and the qualification and experience of the responsible staff are adequate and whether the staff received sufficient training and there are enough of the budget, and to ensure the coordination between internal audit department and external auditor, and to ensure that the internal audit department is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Company, and to review and monitor the effectiveness of the internal audit function;
- to cooperate with the Board of Supervisors in its audit activities;
- act as the key representative of the Company and the external auditor for overseeing the relationship between the two parties;
- the Audit Committee has a special email (audit@capinfo.com.cn) for raising concern and taking appropriate action towards and requesting the Company to undertake a fair and independent investigation over the matters with respect to any misconduct exists in the Company which are reported or raised by the staff and other relevant parties (including but not limited to customers and suppliers);
- to report to the Board of Directors on the matters of these Articles; and
- to perform other duties as delegated by the Board of the Company.

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Convening of Audit Committee Meetings

In 2024, the Audit Committee held five meetings. The meeting mainly reviewed the following issues:

- 2023 Audit Report and 2024 Interim Review Report of the Company and its subsidiaries, the Operation and Financial Position Analysis Report for the first quarter and third quarter of 2024
- Report on the Provision for Impairment of Assets of the Governmental Private Network Project
- Report on the write-off of the provision for Impairment of Assets of the Governmental Private Network Project
- the appointment of Grant Thornton as the auditor of the Company for the year of 2024
- the amendments to the Administrative Measures for Economic Responsibility Audit
- the Summary Report on Internal Audit
- 2024 Annual Work Plan of the Audit Committee
- 2023 Summary Report on the Internal Audit Work and 2024 Audit Work Plan

The Audit Committee is of the opinion that, the internal control management of the Company was effective, while the procedures of internal audit were standard and reasonable, thus fulfilling the target of effectively controlling and preventing the operation risk. The Company was able to accurately identify the operation risk with rapid response and prompt correction; meanwhile the Company formulated feasible risk control measures, which were strictly executed. The accounting policy of the Company was carried out properly, the preparation of the financial reports of the Company strictly complied with applicable accounting standards, the Listing Rules and other laws and regulations, the financial reporting information is complete and accurate, and adequate disclosures have been made that give a true picture of the Company's operational position.

Details of the attendances of meetings of the members of the Audit Committee set out in "Attendance of Directors on the Board and its Professional Committees" on page 68 of this annual report.

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REMUNERATION AND APPRAISAL COMMITTEE

The Company has established the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee in accordance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules, and formulated the Articles of the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee to set out its terms of reference in writing, so as to regulate the compliance operation of the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee. The Remuneration and Appraisal Committee comprises three members. The term of Remuneration and Appraisal Committee is three years, the same as that of the Board of Directors, and will expire on 17 June 2027, and may be renewed thereafter, subject to re-election, renewal and other relevant provisions of the Articles of Association and the Articles of the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee, provided that the term of office may be terminated with the consent of both the members and the Company. As of the date of this report, the members of the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee are as follows:

| Name | Type of Director | Position |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|----------|
| Mr. Gong Zhiqiang | Independent non-executive director | Chairman |
| Mr. Yang Xiaohui | Independent non-executive director | Member |
| Ms. Yan Yi | Non-executive Director | Member |

Key functions and powers of Remuneration and Appraisal Committee

- according to the operation objectives and goals of the Company, propose to the Board the entire remuneration policies, structures and appraisal criteria for the Directors, Supervisors and senior management of the Company, and to make recommendations to the Board of Directors on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing the remuneration policy;
- to make recommendations to the Board of the remuneration packages for individual Executive Director and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension right and compensation payment (including compensation for loss or termination of office or appointment) by reference to the remuneration benchmark paid by the similar companies, the duties and responsibilities, the time involved, and the employment conditions of other positions in the Group;
- to review and approve the compensation payable to the executive directors and senior management for the loss or termination of their duties or appointments to ensure that such compensation is consistent with the terms of the contract; if not consistent, the compensation must be fair and reasonable;

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- to review and approve the compensation arrangements for the dismissal or removal of the directors and supervisors due to misconduct to ensure the arrangements are in line with the terms of the contract; if not consistent with the terms of the contract, the compensation must be reasonable and appropriate;
- to ensure that no Directors, Supervisors or any of their associates is involved determining their own remuneration;
- to vote on the service contracts of the Directors and the supervisors that are subject to shareholder approval;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of the Non-executive Directors and supervisors;
- to review and/or approve matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules;
- to monitor the implementation of the remuneration system of the Company and propose any amendment thereto if needed; and
- to perform other duties as delegated by the Board.

Meetings of the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee

In 2024, the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee held three meetings in total, which mainly considered the following topics:

- Gross payroll of the Company in 2023 and appraisal for remuneration of senior management in 2023
- Performance pay fulfilment of the Company's senior management for the term 2021-2023
- 2024 Work Plan of the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee

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REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SUPERVISORS

Remuneration Policy for Directors and Supervisors

The current remuneration system for Directors and Supervisors of the Company was approved by the shareholders at the annual general meeting held on 18 June 2021. The remuneration standard for Directors and Supervisors was determined at the annual general meeting of the Company. The Directors and Supervisors who receive remuneration from the Company's domestic shareholder units will not receive further remuneration as Directors and Supervisors in the Company, and the Directors and Supervisors who serve and receive remuneration in the Company and its participating and controlling companies will no longer receive remuneration as Directors and Supervisors. The remuneration standard for independent non-executive Directors was determined to be RMB80,000 per annum for each person.

Remuneration of Directors and Supervisors

Unit: RMB'0,000

| Name | Director's fee | Job salary, allowances and contribution to retirement benefits schemes | Total |
|--|----------------|--|--------|
| Executive Directors | | | |
| Mr. Yu Donghui (Party Secretary, Chairman) | – | 110.85 | 110.85 |
| Mr. Zhang Yiqian (Deputy Party Secretary, General Manager) | – | 116.54 | 116.54 |
| Non-executive Directors | | | |
| Ms. Yan Yi | – | – | – |
| Mr. Zhou Weihua | – | – | – |
| Mr. Xin Shuangbai | – | – | – |
| Ms. Zhao Shujie | – | – | – |
| Mr. Feng Jianxun (retired in June 2024) | – | – | – |
| Mr. Jiang Wei (appointed in June 2024) | – | – | – |
| Independent non-executive directors | | | |
| Mr. Yang Xiaohui | 8.00 | – | 8.00 |
| Mr. Gong Zhiqiang | 8.00 | – | 8.00 |
| Mr. Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell | 8.00 | – | 8.00 |
| Mr. Su Zhongxing (retired in June 2024) | 3.17 | – | 3.17 |
| Mr. Li Jianqiang (appointed in June 2024) | – | – | – |
| Mr. Dong Jin | 8.00 | – | 8.00 |
| Shareholder Representative Supervisors | | | |
| Ms. Ge Li | – | – | – |
| Ms. Ma Xiaoping | – | – | – |
| Staff Representative Supervisor | | | |
| Ms. Zhu Chenlan (retired in June 2024) | – | 34.39 | 34.39 |
| Ms. Kuang Mingzhi (appointed in June 2024) | – | 27.43 | 27.43 |

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REMUNERATION FOR SENIOR EXECUTIVES AND THE TOP FIVE SALARIED EMPLOYEES

The annual salary of the senior executives is within the range of RMB1.5 million. Details of the senior executives and the Group's top five salaried employees are set out in "Note XIV (3) to the Consolidated Financial Statements" on page 252 to 255 of this annual report.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established the Nomination Committee in accordance with Article 3.27A of the Listing Rules, and formulated the Articles of the Nomination Committee to set out its terms of reference in writing, so as to regulate the compliance operation of the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee comprises three members. The term of the Nomination Committee is three years, the same as that of the Board of Directors, and will expire on 17 June 2027, and may be renewed thereafter, subject to re-election, renewal and other relevant provisions of the Articles of Association and the Articles of the Nomination Committee, provided that the term of office may be terminated with the consent of both the members and the Company. As of the date of this report, the members of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

| Name | Type of Director | Position |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|
| Mr. Yu Donghui | Executive Director | Chairman |
| Mr. Gong Zhiqiang | Independent non-executive director | Member |
| Mr. Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell | Independent non-executive director | Member |

Key functions and powers of the Nomination Committee

- To make recommendations to the Board of Directors on the size and composition of the Board at least annually based on the Company's business situation, asset size, shareholding structure and development strategy, and with reference to the directors' skills, experience, knowledge, expertise and membership diversity;
- To review and evaluate the independence of the independent non-executive Directors;
- To make recommendation to the Board as to the appointment of Directors, the reappointment of Directors and the successor plan for the Directors (particularly the Directors serving concurrently as the Chairman and the General Manager);
- To study the criteria and procedure for selecting the Directors and make recommendations to the Board;
- To extensively identify qualified candidates for Directors;

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- To conduct appraisals on the candidates of Directors, and make recommendations;
- To monitor the implementation of the Board diversity policy and review it where appropriate to ensure its effectiveness; to review the measurable objectives developed for the implementation of Board Diversity Policy and its progress;
- To disclose the diversity policy or policy summary and review findings in the Corporate Governance Report annually; and
- To perform other duties as authorized by the Board.

The procedure for nominating directors by the Nomination Committee

- To actively communicate with the relevant divisions of the Company, study the demand of the Company for new Directors and prepare written documents;
- To identify candidates for directorship within the Company, its controlling companies as well as in the labour market in an extensively manner;
- To obtain information including gender, age, culture, occupation, education background, job title, detailed working experience and all concurrent posts from initial candidates and prepare written documents;
- To seek the nominees' consent on his/her nomination, otherwise his/her name shall not be put on the list of the candidates of directorship;
- To convene meetings of the Nomination Committee and to review the qualification of the initial candidates according to their relevant qualifications;
- To make recommendations about the candidates for directorship and provide relevant documents to the Board of Directors before the election of new Directors;
- To conduct other follow-up works based on the decision and feedbacks of the Board of Directors

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Meetings of the Nomination Committee

In 2024, the Nomination Committee held two meetings, which mainly considered the following topics:.

- The size and composition of the Board of Directors of the Company in 2023
- 2024 Work Plan of the Nomination Committee
- Proposal to the Board to consider the election of the eighth session of the Board of Directors of the Company

The attendance of members of the Nomination Committee is stated in the section titled “Attendance of Directors on the Board and its Professional Committees” on page 68 of the Annual Report.

STRATEGY COMMITTEE

The Company has established the Strategy Committee, and formulated the Articles of the Strategy Committee to set out its terms of reference in writing, so as to regulate the compliance operation of the Strategy Committee. The Strategy Committee comprises four members. The term of the Strategy Committee is three years, the same as that of the Board of Directors, and will expire on 17 June 2027, and may be renewed thereafter, subject to re-election, renewal and other relevant provisions of the Articles of Association and the Articles of the Strategy Committee, provided that the term of office may be terminated with the consent of both the members and the Company. As of the date of this report, the members of the Strategy Committee are as follows:

| Name | Type of Director | Position |
|--|------------------------------------|----------|
| Mr. Yu Donghui | Executive Director | Chairman |
| Mr. Zhang Yiqian | Executive Director | Member |
| Mr. Li Jianqiang (appointed in June 2024) | Independent non-executive director | Member |
| Mr. Dong Jin | Independent non-executive director | Member |
| Mr. Su Zhongxing (retired in June 2024) | Independent Non-executive Director | Member |

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Key functions and powers of the Strategy Committee

- to conduct studies and make recommendations on the Company's long-term development strategies;
- to conduct studies and make recommendations on the Company's major investment and financing plans;
- to conduct studies and make recommendations on the Company's major capital operations and asset operation projects;
- to conduct studies and make recommendations on other significant events that may affect the development of the Company;
- to conduct inspection and supervision on implementation of the above matters; and
- to perform other duties as delegated by the Board of the Company.

Meetings of the Strategy Committee

In 2024, the Strategy Committee held two meetings in total, which mainly considered the following topics:

- Post-investment project evaluation report of Capinfo Medical United Information Technology Company Limited
- 2024 Work Plan of the Strategy Committee
- Report on the Mid-term Evaluation of the "14th Five-Year Plan" for Capinfo

The attendance of members of the Strategy Committee is stated in the section titled "Attendance of Directors on the Board and its Professional Committees" on page 68 of the Annual Report.

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RULE OF LAW AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

The Company has established the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee, and formulated the Articles of the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee to set out its terms of reference in writing, so as to regulate the compliance operation of the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee. The Rule of Law and Compliance Committee comprises three members. The term of the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee is three years, the same as that of the Board of Directors, and will expire on 17 June 2027, and may be renewed thereafter, subject to re-election, renewal and other relevant provisions of the Articles of Association and the Articles of the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee, provided that the term of office may be terminated with the consent of both the members and the Company. As of the date of this report, the members of the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee are as follows:

| Name | Type of Director | Position |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|----------|
| Mr. Yu Donghui | Executive Director | Chairman |
| Mr. Zhang Yiqian | Executive Director | Member |
| Mr. Gong Zhiqiang | Independent non-executive director | Member |

Key functions and powers of the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee

- To understand the development and operation of the Company's legal and compliance system;
- To supervise and evaluate the legal and compliance management of the Company, check the Company's performance in complying with laws and regulations;
- To review the organization setup and responsibility plan for governing the enterprise according to law, the annual legal and compliance work plan and progress report of the Company; and
- To perform other duties as authorized by the Board.

Meetings of the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee

In 2024, the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee held four meetings in total, which mainly considered the following topics:

- 2024 Work Plan of the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee
- 2024 Legal and Internal Control Compliance Work Report of the Company

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- Election of the Chairman of the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee of the Ninth Session of the Board of Directors of the Company
- Amendment of the Provisions on the Management of Rules and Regulations and Rules of Compliance Management

The attendance of members of the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee is stated in the section titled “Attendance of Directors on the Board and its Professional Committees” on page 68 of the Annual Report.

ATTENDANCE OF DIRECTORS ON THE BOARD AND ITS PROFESSIONAL COMMITTEES

| Name | Board of Directors ¹ | Audit Committee ² | Remuneration and Appraisal Committee ³ | Rule of Law and Compliance Committee ⁴ | Nomination Committee ⁵ | Strategy Committee ⁶ |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Executive Directors | | | | | | |
| Mr. Yu Donghui | 11/12 | | | 4/4 | 2/2 | 2/2 |
| Mr. Zhang Yiqian | 10/12 | | | 4/4 | | 2/2 |
| Non-executive Directors | | | | | | |
| Ms. Yan Yi | 8/12 | | 3/3 | | | |
| Mr. Zhou Weihua | 9/12 | | | | | |
| Mr. Xin Shuangbai | 6/12 | | | | | |
| Ms. Zhao Shujie | 11/12 | | | | | |
| Mr. Feng Jianxun (retired in June 2024) | 3/5 | | | | | |
| Mr. Jiang Wei (appointed in June 2024) | 6/7 | | | | | |
| Independent non-executive Directors | | | | | | |
| Mr. Yang Xiaohui | 12/12 | 5/5 | 3/3 | | | |
| Mr. Gong Zhiqiang | 10/12 | 5/5 | 3/3 | 4/4 | 2/2 | |
| Mr. Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell | 6/12 | 5/5 | | | 2/2 | |
| Mr. Dong Jin | 4/12 | | | | | 2/2 |
| Mr. Su Zhongxing (retired in June 2024) | 3/5 | 2/2 | | | | 2/2 |
| Mr. Li Jianqiang (appointed in June 2024) | 5/7 | | | | | 0/2 |

Notes:

1. The Board of Directors held two on-site meetings and ten meetings through video conference.
2. The Audit Committee signed meeting documents by circulation on five occasions.
3. The Remuneration and Appraisal Committee signed meeting documents by circulation on three occasions.
4. The Rule of Law and Compliance Committee signed meeting documents by circulation on four occasions.
5. The Nomination Committee signed meeting documents by circulation on two occasions.
6. The Strategy Committee signed meeting documents by circulation on two occasions.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

DIVERSITY POLICY

In terms of the composition of the Board, the Company supports the principle of diversity and strives to achieve a scientific balance in those aspects such as the Directors' genders, ages and business expertise, thus playing an active role in corporate governance level. The Company's Board of Directors comprises two female members and ten male members, with four aged between 40 and 49 as well as eight aged 50 and above. The Board's members are professionals in finance, law, commerce, information services and management with extensive experience and expertise in various areas. The Board considers that the board members have achieved its goal of diversity.

In addition, the Company insists on equal employment and eliminates any discrimination based on gender, age, race, religion, etc. With 33.1% of all employees being female, we have achieved gender diversity. Details of employees by gender, employees by functions and employees by age groups are set out in the Company's Environmental, Social and Governance Report.

THE COMPANY SECRETARY

With the approval at the first meeting of the ninth session of the Board, the Company appointed Ms. Koo Ching Fan as company secretary to assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities to shareholders in accordance with the Listing Rules, provide professional advice on governance to the Board, ensure good communication among Board members, arrange orientation and professional development for Directors, ensure the compliance with Board procedures and enhance the Board effectiveness.

Ms. Koo graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a Master's degree in Accounting in 2002. She is also an associate member of each of the Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries) and the Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators), U.K. and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants of the United Kingdom. She has extensive experience in corporate secretarial work. As Ms. Koo is an external service provider of the Company, in accordance with Code Provision C.6.1 of the Corporate Governance Code of Hong Kong, the Company has appointed the Secretary of the Board of Directors, Mr. Wu Ning, as the primary contact person to assist the Company Secretary, Ms Koo Ching Fan to perform her relevant duties.

In accordance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, during the Reporting Period, the Company Secretary attended more than 15 hours of professional training, mainly in the areas of law and regulation, finance, internal control and corporate governance organised by The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute and the Institute of Chartered Certified Accountants of the United Kingdom. Through continuous training and learning, she has effectively improved her professional ability and played a positive role in assisting the effective operation of the Board of Directors.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

The Company has established the Board of Supervisors in accordance with Article 130 of the Companies Law, and formulated the Rules of Procedures of Meetings of the Board of Supervisors to set out its terms of reference in writing, so as to regulate the operation of the Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors comprises three members, as shown below:

| Name | Type of supervisor | Position |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Ms. Ge Li | Shareholder Representative Supervisor | Chairman of the Board of Supervisors |
| Ms. Ma Xiaoping | Shareholder Representative Supervisor | Supervisor |
| Ms. Kuang Mingzhi (appointed in June 2024) | Staff Representative Supervisor | Supervisor |
| Ms. Zhu Chenlan (retired in June 2024) | Staff Representative Supervisor | Supervisor |

The term of the ninth session of the Board of Supervisors is three years and will expire on 17 June 2027, and may be renewed thereafter, subject to re-election, renewal and other relevant provisions of the Articles of Association and the Rules of Procedures of Meetings of the Board of Supervisors, provided that the term of office may be terminated with the consent of both the members and the Company.

The Company has entered into a Supervisor Service Contract with each of the members of the ninth session of the Board of Supervisors. Except as disclosed above, there is no service contract between the supervisor and the Group which cannot be terminated by the Group within one year without compensation (other than statutory compensation). Biographies of supervisors are set out in the section titled "Profiles of Directors, Supervisors and Executive Officers" on page 17 to 25 of this annual report.

Key functions and powers of the Board of Supervisors

- to raise proposals to the general meeting and to convene extraordinary general meeting;
- to attend the general meetings of the Company upon being invited, and to supervise and investigate into the implementation of the resolutions of the general meetings;
- to attend the meetings of the Board of the Company upon being invited. So to supervise the matters, including the legality of the procedures of the convening of the meetings of the Board of the Company, the abstention of Directors as connected persons from voting and whether or not the contents of the resolutions of the meeting of the Board conform to the requirements of the laws, regulations and the Articles of Association and meet the actual needs of the Company;
- to attend the meetings, including the work meetings of the general managers that involve material operating activities of the Company;

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

- to supervise the acts of the Directors, general managers and other senior management of the Company in their performance of the company duties, that are in violation of the laws and regulations or the Articles of Association;
- to represent the Company in negotiation with, or bring legal actions against, the Directors;
- to examine the finance of the Company; and
- such other powers and duties as stipulated in relevant laws and regulations, regulatory documents or the Articles of Association and as delegated by the general meetings.

Meetings of the Board of Supervisors

Details of the meetings of the Board of Supervisors during the Reporting Period are set out in the section titled "Reports of Board of Supervisors" on pages 42 to 44 of this annual report.

Supervisors' participation in training

During the Reporting Period, all the supervisors participated in various forms of training and learning to improve and update their knowledge and skills, including on-site training on corporate governance, books reading and online studies on laws and regulations, finance and internal control of risks. In addition, the monthly report provided by the Company to the Directors was also sent to the supervisors, so that they can keep abreast of the Company's stock price performance, information disclosure, supervision and legislation trends and industry development trends. During the Reporting Period, the supervisors provided training records to the Company on a regular basis.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL MONITORING

General meeting is the organ of the highest authority of the Company. The Party Committee is the leading organ of the Company. The Board of Directors is the decision-making body of the Company. The Board of Supervisors is the supervision organ of the Company. The Company established five specialized committees under the Board, i.e. the Audit Committee, the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Strategy Committee and the Rule of Law and Compliance Committee, as the decision-making research units of the Board. Chairman of the Board and management of the Company directed, coordinated, managed and supervised the Company's daily operations in accordance with the decisions of the Board. Authorities perform their respective duties to ensure the stable operation of the Company.

The Company established a comprehensive and systematic internal control system, made the internal control manual and commenced the internal control assessment work according to the relevant requirements set out by the "Interim Measures of the Internal Control Assessment Work" set out in the Internal Control and Compliance Manual. During the Reporting Period, the Auditing Department of the Company had carried out effective internal control supervision and

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

completed the assessment work of the assigned matters of the internal control and carried out a comprehensive internal control assessment in 2024, which reasonably ensures the legitimacy and compliance of the Company's operation and management, safety of assets, financial reporting as well as the accuracy and completeness of relevant information. This has raised the operational efficiency and has facilitated the Company to achieve development strategies.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Control Culture | Establish regulated corporate governance structure, foster the integrity and moral values of employees, enhance the competence and control awareness of employees and create good business atmosphere for the Company. |
| Risk Assessment | Confirm and identify risks (including environmental, social and governance risks) relating to the Company as the basis to develop control measures. |
| Control Measures | Formulate policies and procedures for each business function, including approval, authorization, check, advice, performance assessment, assets safety and division of responsibilities. |
| Information Communication | Ensure smooth information communication with outside and provide responsibilities reminder for the management to take measures to implement the supervision effectively. |
| Supervision | Adopt control and risk assessment system and continuously assess and control risks through internal audit and by informing employees of important control process. |

Through the design, operation, evaluation and continuous improvement of risk management and internal control system, the Company kept reinforcing the duty of internal control management, regulated risks, as well as improved the internal control management. The Company implemented the risk management and internal control system in all business processes and operations, ensuring integrity, rationality and effectiveness in the improvement of internal control environment, enhancement of risk identification and assessment capabilities, reinforcement of risk control measures, improvement of information exchange and strengthening of supervision and evaluation mechanism. The risk management and internal control system provides reasonable assurance for the Company to implement the development strategy, achieve the business objectives and realize sustainable healthy development of all businesses.

During the Reporting Period, the Company continued to strengthen and improve the establishment of risk management and internal control system so as to keep optimizing the internal control environment, improved the corporate governance system; enhanced management and direction over the branches and controlled subsidiaries; further implemented talent strategy; and strengthened the corporate culture with an aim to promote the implementation of its strategic goal. Meanwhile, the Company further improved its decision-making and risk control abilities and extended the breadth and depth of market risk management; promoted the standardized and computerized management of the financial information; made a comprehensive business plan and annual budget; perfected the appraisal standards of business performance and business development; further optimized the business processes, which made the business processing more

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

efficient; intensified the management of the operational risk by integrating the risk monitoring system; further enhanced the significant risk alert mechanism and emergency handling mechanism to regulate the crisis management procedure; improved the connected transaction management, information disclosure and investor relations management to continue to enhance the transparency and safeguard the rights and interests of the shareholders. Through the above measures, the Company kept reinforcing its internal control.

During the Reporting Period, the Company further increased the strength on supervision and inspection. By focusing on development strategy and oriented by risk and aimed at uplifting corporate value, the internal audit department effectively performed its duties of internal control by supervising the business transformation and business innovation, as well as the effectiveness of implementation of business regulatory requirements and the Company's systems to generally cover the key areas which need to be paid more attention and controlled.

EFFECTIVENESS OF RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The audit department and the management of the Company regularly discussed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control and reported to the Board after reviewed by Audit Committee. As of 31 December 2024, the Board was of the view that the Company did a fruitful job in risk management and internal control during the Reporting Period, and no significant events which may affect the shareholders were identified.

INSIDE INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

In order to reinforce its management of insiders and external information users and keep inside information confidential so as to prevent insider trading, the Company developed Management System of Inside Information and Insiders to enhance internal control over inside information management.

With respect to the procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information, the Company:

- strictly kept the inside information of the Company confidential before disclosure, and disclosed it immediately after the Board approved to do so;
- conducted registration of insiders strictly according to the requirements of Management System of Inside Information and Insiders;
- regulated all relevant securities transactions by giving notice to insiders in a timely manner, including registration of specific insiders before the price-sensitive period (including 60 days prior to final results announcement and 30 days prior to interim results announcement), and sending notice of restrictions on trading in shares and prohibitions on insider trading by email at the same time.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

During the Reporting Period, there was no disclosure of inside information, and none of the Directors, supervisors or senior management of the Company made use of any inside information to deal with the shares of the Company. No investigation or rectification was conducted or required by the regulatory authorities in this regard.

INTERNAL AUDIT

The Company established the audit department, which is under the guidance of the Audit Committee. As an important force in the Company's internal supervision, the audit department performs independent examination and evaluation on all business operations and management activities of the Company. To ensure the independence and effectiveness of the internal audit, material audit findings and internal control defects are directly reported to the management and the Audit Committee.

During the Reporting Period, the Company implemented risk-oriented and value adding-targeted audit activities according to the development strategy of the Company, and fully accomplished the annual audit plan, including 1 compliance audit, 4 special audits, 2 follow-up audits, 1 audit rectification project, 1 internal control evaluation, and 1 post-assessment of a construction project. Thus, the Company has performed its audit supervision and evaluation duties in a more effective way.

The Company performed supervision and examination on internal control of business units through onsite examinations, off-site audits, special audits and departure/transfer audits, which covered major areas of the Company's operation and management including business, financial management, connected transactions, terms, duty performance and departure of senior management members. Audits focused on strategic, systematic and mechanism risks in main businesses with strong influence over the Company's operation, fast innovative development and new workflow system mode, as well as efficiency of key rules, processes, systems, operations and related management and control. The internal audits addressed the focuses of the Board and regulatory requirements. The problems identified in the audits were continuously tracked and the units/departments responsible for the problems were urged to carry out rectification. The Company conducted examination on overall business and process risks, thereby promoting the sound operation and sustainable development of the Company.

During the Reporting Period, internal auditors of the Company actively adapted to the requirements on duty performance under the complex risk management circumstance, accelerated functional transformation and professional innovation and optimized working methods and management mechanisms, thereby improving the effects of the operation of audit projects. Emphasis was placed on integration and analysis of the various types of risk and control information, to enhance auditing service capabilities in terms of problem identification and overall supervision; more information technologies were applied during audits, auditing practice standards were perfected, and expertise of the auditing team was further strengthened, effectively supporting the comprehensive improvement of auditing quality and performance.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Key works completed by the audit department during the Reporting Period:

| Reporting period | Number of audit reports | Number of departure/ transfer audit reports | Number of compliance audit reports | Number of Foreign audit reports | Number of special audit reports | Number of follow-up audit reports | Number of internal control evaluation reports | Number of audit rectification project reports | Number of post- investment evaluation reports |
|------------------|----------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| 2023 | 13 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 | | 1 |
| Q1 2024 | 2 | | | | 1 | | | 1 | |
| Q2 2024 | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | |
| Q3 2024 | 3 | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | | |
| Q4 2024 | 4 | | | | 2 | | 1 | | 1 |
| Total | 10 | | 1 | | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Grant Thornton LLP (Special General Partnership) ("Grant Thornton") has sent a letter to the Audit Committee confirming its independence and the absence of any relationship between the Company and it which may affect its independence. During the Reporting Period, Grant Thornton provided the following services to the Company:

Unit: RMB'0,000

| Service items | 2024 | 2023 |
|-------------------|-------|-------|
| Audit services | 125.0 | 110.0 |
| Non-audit Service | 45.0 | 43.6 |
| Total | 170.0 | 153.6 |

CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT

The Company has made continuous efforts to improve its corporate governance standards with an aim to continue to enhance and, where appropriate, improve our corporate governance practices in light of the evolving regulatory requirements and international development trends based on our extensive experience accumulated for years, so as to realize the best interests of shareholders.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

In 2024, the Company dedicated its efforts towards improving its performance level, continuously created company value, maintained close contact and communication with investors, and actively communicated the Company's positive development trend to the capital market. As of 31 December 2024, the market capitalization of the Company amounted to HK\$594.11 million.

CLASS OF SHAREHOLDERS AND PUBLIC FLOAT

The Company has issued an aggregate of 289,808,609 ordinary shares, of which, 212,358,809 are domestic shares and 77,449,800 are overseas listed foreign invested shares (H shares), representing approximately 73.28% and 26.72% of the total issued ordinary shares of the Company respectively. As of the date of this report, based on the information that is publicly available, the public float meets the requirement of minimum public float stated in Rule 8.08 of the Listing Rules.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company always attaches great importance to the shareholders' demand for dividends, and is committed, based on the financial performance of the Company as well as taking into consideration the long-term interests of the Company, the interests of the shareholders as a whole and the sustainable development of the Company, to maintaining a stable dividend policy to ensure the continuity and stability of the relevant policy.

PROFIT DISTRIBUTION PLAN IN THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Company always attaches great importance on the reasonable investment return for the investors. Profit distribution plan is determined by the Company based on the financial performance to ensure continuity and stability of the dividend distribution policy. In accordance with the requirements of the Articles of Association, unless otherwise approved by special resolution of shareholders, the Company shall only distribute dividends once a financial year.

- I. Pursuant to Article 141 of the Articles of Association, the financial statements of the Company are prepared under the accounting standards and regulations of PRC. As confirmed after the auditor, during the Reporting Period, profit attributable to owners of the Company amounted to approximately RMB-13.78 million and the basic earnings per share amounted to RMB-4.8 cents. The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of RMB7 cents (approximately HK7.57 cents, tax inclusive) per share for the year of 2024 with a total of approximately RMB20.29 million (tax inclusive). The Company will hold the 2024 Annual General Meeting on 20 June, 2025 to consider and approve the Board's proposal to distribute a final dividend for 2024.
- II. In accordance with the provisions of Articles 150 and 151 of the Articles of Association, dividends shall be denominated and declared in RMB. Dividends payable to holders of domestic shares shall be paid in RMB while dividends payable to holders of H shares shall be paid in Hong Kong Dollars. In paying dividends in Hong Kong Dollars, the applicable exchange rate shall be the average of the median price for conversion of RMB to Hong Kong Dollar as announced by the People's Bank of China for the calendar week preceding to the date on which such dividends are declared.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

- III. Pursuant to the Law on Corporate Income Tax of the People's Republic of China and its implementation rules which came into effect on 1 January 2008, the Company is required to withhold and pay corporate income tax at the rate of 10% before distributing the final dividends to non-resident corporate shareholders whose names appear on the H share register of members of the Company. Any H shares registered in the name of non-individual shareholders, including HKSCC Nominees Limited, other nominees, trustees or other groups and organizations, will be deemed as shares held by non-resident corporate shareholders, therefore the dividends payable on such shares will be subject to the withholding of the corporate income tax. After receipt of the dividends, a non-resident corporate shareholder may, in person or through an agent, apply to the competent tax authorities for preferential treatment under the taxation treaties (arrangements) to enjoy tax refund at the presence of evidence in support of its status as a beneficial owner as defined in the taxation treaties (arrangements).
- IV. Pursuant to the regulation promulgated by the State Administration of Taxation of the PRC (Guo Shui Han [2011] No. 348), the Company is required to withhold and pay the individual income tax for its individual holders of H shares ("Individual H Shareholders") and the Individual H Shareholders are entitled to certain tax preferential treatments according to the tax treaties between those countries where the Individual H Shareholders are residents and China and the provisions in respect of tax arrangements between mainland China and Hong Kong (Macau). The Company will withhold and pay the individual income tax at the tax rate of 10% on behalf of the Individual H Shareholders who are Hong Kong residents, Macau residents or residents of those countries having agreements with China for an individual income tax rate in respect of dividend of 10%. For Individual H Shareholders who are residents of those countries having agreements with China for an individual income tax rate in respect of dividend of lower than 10%, the Company will make applications on their behalf to seek entitlement of the relevant agreed preferential treatments pursuant to the Notice of the State Administration of Taxation in relation to the Administrative Measures on Preferential Treatment Entitled by Non-residents under Tax Treaties (Tentative) (Guo Shui Fa [2009] No. 124) (《國家稅務總局關於印發〈非居民享受稅收協定待遇管理辦法(試行)〉的通知》(國稅發[2009] 124號)). For Individual H Shareholders who are residents of those countries having agreements with China for an individual income tax rate in respect of dividend of higher than 10% but lower than 20%, the Company will withhold and pay the individual income tax at the agreed effective tax rate. For Individual H Shareholders who are residents of those countries without any taxation agreements with China or having agreements with China for an individual income tax in respect of dividend of 20% or under other situations, the Company will withhold and pay the individual income tax at the tax rate of 20%.

The Company will determine the country of domicile of the Individual H Shareholders based on the registered address as recorded in the H share register of members of the Company at 4:30 p.m. on 26 June 2025 and will accordingly withhold and pay the individual income tax. If the country of domicile of the Individual H Shareholder is not the same as the registered address, the Individual H Shareholder shall notify the share registrar of the Company's H shares, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited (address: 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong), and provide relevant supporting documents before 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 26 June 2025.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

- V. The Company will not assume any liability and will not entertain any claims arising from any delay in or inaccurate determination of the status of the shareholders or any disputes over the withholding and payment of tax. Shareholders are recommended to consult their tax advisers regarding the PRC, Hong Kong and other tax implications arising from their holding and disposal of H shares.

DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION INFORMATION FOR PREVIOUS YEARS

| Year of distribution | Declaration date | Payment date** | Dividend per share before tax | | Total amount of dividend paid RMB million | Net profit attributable to the shareholders of the parent company | Percentage of dividend to net profit attributable to the shareholders of the parent company |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|--|---|---|
| | | | RMB cent | HK\$ cent | | RMB million | |
| Final dividend for 2007 | 20 March 2008 | 15 July 2008 | 1.40 | 1.54 | 40.6 | 47.1 | 86.13% |
| Final dividend for 2008 | 23 March 2009 | 16 July 2009 | 0.52 | 0.59 | 15.1 | 53.2 | 28.32% |
| Interim 2010 | 12 August 2010 | 5 November 2010 | 2.05 | 2.35 | 59.4 | 76.8* | 77.35% |
| Final dividend for 2010 | 21 March 2011 | 9 August 2011 | 1.15 | 1.36 | 33.3 | 73.7 | 45.22% |
| Final dividend for 2011 | 23 March 2012 | 13 August 2012 | 1.20 | 1.48 | 34.8 | 69.1 | 50.36% |
| Final dividend for 2012 | 22 March 2013 | 24 September 2013 | 1.30 | 1.61 | 37.7 | 81.4 | 46.31% |
| Final dividend for 2013 | 21 March 2014 | 23 September 2014 | 1.30 | 1.65 | 37.7 | 81.4 | 46.29% |
| Final dividend for 2014 | 27 March 2015 | 24 September 2015 | 1.06 | 1.34 | 30.7 | 67.0 | 45.83% |
| Final dividend for 2015 | 24 March 2016 | 23 September 2016 | 1.57 | 1.88 | 45.5 | 101.5 | 44.81% |
| Final dividend for 2016 | 24 March 2017 | 29 September 2017 | 1.09 | 1.23 | 31.6 | 109.2 | 28.92% |
| Final dividend for 2017 | 23 March 2018 | 29 September 2018 | 1.25 | 1.55 | 36.2 | 81.1 | 44.64% |
| Final dividend for 2018 | 25 March 2019 | 27 September 2019 | 0.97 | 1.14 | 28.1 | 62.1 | 45.25% |
| Final dividend for 2019 | 27 March 2020 | 25 September 2020 | 1.98 | 2.17 | 57.4 | 127.6 | 44.91% |
| Final dividend for 2020 | 30 March 2021 | 27 September 2021 | 1.98 | 2.35 | 57.4 | 127.5 | 45.00% |
| Final dividend for 2021 | 25 March 2022 | 26 September 2022 | 0.29 | 0.35 | 8.4 | 18.4 | 45.00% |
| Final dividend for 2022 | 31 March 2023 | 25 September 2023 | 1.75 | 2.00 | 50.7 | 128.5 | 39.74% |
| Final dividend for 2023 | 28 March 2024 | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| Final dividend for 2024 | 28 March 2025 | 25 September 2025 | 7.00 | 7.57 | 20.3 | -13.8 | – |

Notes:

* Net profit attributable to the shareholders of the parent company for the interim period of 2010 represented the sum of net profit attributable to the shareholders of the parent company for the annual period of 2009 and the interim period of 2010.

** The payment date refers to the payment date of dividends paid on H shares. The payment date of dividends paid on the domestic shares is approximate to that of the H shares.

*INVESTOR RELATIONS***SHAREHOLDERS' COMMUNICATION POLICY****Communication with investors**

In 2024, the Company positively enhanced interaction with capital market, and conducted positive and frank communication with the investors through various channels such as annual general meeting, results conference, company visits and teleconference to update investors on information on the macroeconomic environment, the industry prospect and the operation of the Company. Various forms of communication and interaction further strengthen investors' understanding of the industry and the Company and enable them to accurately evaluate the Company's investment value. In communicating with the investors, the Company earnestly listened to the advice or opinions of the investors and timely reported the questions raised by the investors to the management, with an aim to constantly improve the quality of our work.

Information Disclosure

The Company firmly believes that information disclosure is not only the responsibility and obligation to protect investors' interest in accordance with the regulatory provisions for the listed companies, but also an important means to improve transparency, enhance the understanding of the Company by the capital market and establish a smooth communication channel. Since its listing, the Company has strictly complied with the information disclosure requirements under the Listing Rules for listed companies and made information disclosure in a timely, just, fair and accurate manner. In 2024, the Company published 56 corporate communications such as announcements and circulars. Such publications have objectively and comprehensively disclosed information regarding the Company's results, operating performance, financial information, dividend payment, connected transaction and general meetings etc.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company's website (www.capinfo.com.cn) is one of the important disclosure channel for corporation information, and also an important platform for investors to access information of the Company. In 2024, the Company published the following information through the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules:

| No. | Events | Publish Date |
|-----|---|------------------|
| 1 | Monthly Return Of Equity Issuer On Movements In Securities For The Month Ended 31 December 2023 | 4 January 2024 |
| 2 | Monthly Return Of Equity Issuer On Movements In Securities For The Month Ended 31 January 2024 | 1 February 2024 |
| 3 | Connected Transactions Deemed Disposal Of Equity Interest In A Subsidiary | 28 February 2024 |
| 4 | Monthly Return Of Equity Issuer On Movements In Securities For The Month Ended 29 February 2024 | 1 March 2024 |
| 5 | Inside Information Profit Warning Announcement | 12 March 2024 |
| 6 | Notice Of Board Meeting | 18 March 2024 |
| 7 | Annual Consolidated Results For The Year Ended 31 December 2023 | 28 March 2024 |
| 8 | Voluntary Announcement On Convening Of 2023 Final Results Conference | 3 April 2024 |
| 9 | Monthly Return Of Equity Issuer On Movements In Securities For The Month Ended 31 March 2024 | 8 April 2024 |
| 10 | Annual Report 2023 | 26 April 2024 |
| 11 | 2023 Environmental, Social And Governance Report | 26 April 2024 |
| 12 | Notice Of Annual General Meeting | 26 April 2024 |
| 13 | Proxy Form Annual General Meeting ("Meeting") – 18 June 2024 | 26 April 2024 |
| 14 | Monthly Return Of Equity Issuer On Movements In Securities For The Month Ended 30 April 2024 | 6 May 2024 |
| 15 | Announcement In Relation To (1) Proposed Share Consolidation; (2) Proposed Change In Board Lot Size; And (3) Proposed Amendments To The Articles Of Association | 16 May 2024 |
| 16 | Clarification Announcement In Relation To (1) Proposed Share Consolidation; (2) Proposed Change In Board Lot Size; (3) Proposed Amendments To The Articles Of Association | 20 May 2024 |
| 17 | Proposed Re-Election And Election Of Directors And Supervisors | 28 May 2024 |
| 18 | Announcement Of The Proposed Amendments To The Articles Of Association | 28 May 2024 |
| 19 | Proposed Re-Election And Election Of Directors And Supervisors And Re-Appointment Of Auditor And Proposed Amendments To The Articles Of Association And Supplemental Notice Of Annual General Meeting | 30 May 2024 |
| 20 | Supplemental Proxy Form Annual General Meeting ("Meeting") – 18 June 2024 | 30 May 2024 |
| 21 | Supplemental Notice Of Annual General Meeting | 30 May 2024 |
| 22 | Monthly Return Of Equity Issuer On Movements In Securities For The Month Ended 31 May 2024 | 3 June 2024 |

INVESTOR RELATIONS

| No. | Events | Publish Date |
|-----|---|---------------|
| 23 | (1) Proposed Share Consolidation; (2) Proposed Change In Board Lot Size; (3) Proposed Amendments To The Articles Of Association; And (4) Notice Of Extraordinary General Meeting And Class Meetings | 4 June 2024 |
| 24 | Notice Of Extraordinary General Meeting | 4 June 2024 |
| 25 | Notice Of Existing Domestic Share Class Meeting | 4 June 2024 |
| 26 | Notice Of Existing H Share Class Meeting | 4 June 2024 |
| 27 | Form Of Proxy For Use At The Extraordinary General Meeting (Or Any Adjournment Thereof) | 4 June 2024 |
| 28 | Form Of Proxy For Use At The Class Meeting Of Holders Of Existing Domestic Shares (Or Any Adjournment Thereof) | 4 June 2024 |
| 29 | Form Of Proxy For Use At The Class Meeting Of Holders Of Existing H Shares (Or Any Adjournment Thereof) | 4 June 2024 |
| 30 | Poll Results Of Annual General Meeting And Changes Of Directors, Supervisors And Members Of Board Committees | 18 June 2024 |
| 31 | List Of Board Of Directors And Their Role And Function | 18 June 2024 |
| 32 | Articles Of Association | 18 June 2024 |
| 33 | Articles Of Association | 26 June 2024 |
| 34 | Poll Results Of (A) The Extraordinary General Meeting; (B) The Existing H Share Class Meeting; And (C) The Existing Domestic Share Class Meeting Held On 26 June 2024 | 26 June 2024 |
| 35 | Next Day Disclosure Returns | 28 June 2024 |
| 36 | Monthly Return Of Equity Issuer On Movements In Securities For The Month Ended 30 June 2024 | 3 July 2024 |
| 37 | (1) Continuing Connected Transactions – The Capinfo Cloud Framework Agreement (2) Revision Of Annual Caps For Continuing Connected Transactions With BSAM Group | 19 July 2024 |
| 38 | Monthly Return Of Equity Issuer On Movements In Securities For The Month Ended 31 July 2024 | 1 August 2024 |
| 39 | Delay In Despatch Of Circular In Relation To (1) Continuing Connected Transactions – The Capinfo Cloud Framework Agreement; And (2) Revision Of Annual Caps For Continuing Connected Transactions With BSAM Group | 9 August 2024 |
| 40 | Inside Information Potential Quotation On The National Equities Exchange And Quotations System (The New Third Board*) | 9 August 2024 |

INVESTOR RELATIONS

| No. | Events | Publish Date |
|------------|---|---------------------|
| 41 | Notice Of Board Meeting | 19 August 2024 |
| 42 | Inside Information Profit Warning Announcement | 21 August 2024 |
| 43 | (1) Continuing Connected Transactions – The Capinfo Cloud Framework Agreement (2) Revision Of Annual Caps For Continuing Connected Transactions With BSAM Group | 22 August 2024 |
| 44 | Notice Of Extraordinary General Meeting | 22 August 2024 |
| 45 | PROXY FORM Extraordinary General Meeting (The “Meeting”) – 12 September 2024 | 22 August 2024 |
| 46 | Interim Results Announcement For The Six Months Ended 30 June 2024 | 29 August 2024 |
| 47 | Monthly Return Of Equity Issuer On Movements In Securities For The Month Ended 31 August 2024 | 2 September 2024 |
| 48 | Voluntary Announcement On Convening Of 2024 Interim Results Conference | 4 September 2024 |
| 49 | Poll Results Of The Extraordinary General Meeting | 12 September 2024 |
| 50 | 2024 Interim Report | 19 September 2024 |
| 51 | Notification Letter And Reply Form To Registered Shareholders | 27 September 2024 |
| 52 | Notification Letter And Reply Form To Non-Registered Shareholders | 27 September 2024 |
| 53 | Monthly Return Of Equity Issuer On Movements In Securities For The Month Ended 30 September 2024 | 2 October 2024 |
| 54 | Change Of H Shares Registrar And Transfer Office In Hong Kong | 25 October 2024 |
| 55 | Monthly Return Of Equity Issuer On Movements In Securities For The Month Ended 31 October 2024 | 1 November 2024 |
| 56 | Monthly Return Of Equity Issuer On Movements In Securities For The Month Ended 30 November 2024 | 3 December 2024 |

INVESTOR RELATIONS

CONVENING OF SHAREHOLDER'S GENERAL MEETINGS

Pursuant to the Articles of Association and Rules of Procedures for General Meetings, the Company specified the convening procedures and voting process of shareholder's general meetings. During the Reporting Period, the Company held one annual general meeting, two extraordinary general meetings and two class meetings in strict compliance with the procedures of notification, convening and holding as stipulated in the relevant laws and regulations, the Listing Rules and the Articles of Association. The details are set out as follows:

| | 2023 Annual General Meeting | 2024 First Extraordinary General Meeting | Existing H Share Class Meeting | Existing Domestic Share Class Meeting | 2024 Second Extraordinary General Meeting |
|------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Date of meeting | 18 June 2024 | 26 June 2024 | 26 June 2024 | 26 June 2024 | 12 September 2024 |
| Place of meeting | Beijing | Beijing | Beijing | Beijing | Beijing |
| Agenda items | Ordinary Resolutions: | Ordinary Resolutions: | Ordinary Resolutions: | Ordinary Resolutions: | Ordinary Resolutions: |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> To consider and approve the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries and auditor's report for the year ended 31 December 2023. To consider and approve the directors' report of the Company for the year 2023. To consider and approve the supervisors' report of the Company for the year 2023. To consider and approve the independent non-executive directors' report of the Company for the year 2023. To consider and approve no payment of the final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023 by the Company. To consider and approve the re-appointment of Grant Thornton (Special General Partnership) as auditor of the Company and to authorize the board of directors of the Company to fix their remuneration. | Nil | Nil | Nil | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> THAT (a) the Capinfo Cloud Framework Agreement dated 19 July 2024 and the transactions contemplated thereunder and in connection therewith and any other ancillary documents be and are hereby approved, confirmed and ratified; and (b) the management of the Company be and are hereby authorised for and on behalf of the Company to, amongst others, sign, execute and deliver or to authorise the signing, execution and delivery of all such documents and deeds, to do or authorise doing all such acts, matters and things as he/she may in his/her discretion consider necessary, expedient or desirable to give effect to and implement the Capinfo Cloud Framework Agreement and any ancillary documentation and transactions thereof. |

INVESTOR RELATIONS

| 2023 Annual General Meeting | 2024 First Extraordinary General Meeting | Existing H Share Class Meeting | Existing Domestic Share Class Meeting | 2024 Second Extraordinary General Meeting |
|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| 7. | <p>(1) To re-elect Mr. Yu Donghui as executive director of the ninth session of the board of directors of the Company.</p> <p>(2) To re-elect Mr. Zhang Yiqian as executive director of the ninth session of the board of directors of the Company.</p> <p>(3) To re-elect Mr. Zhou Weihua as non-executive director of the ninth session of the board of directors of the Company.</p> <p>(4) To re-elect Ms. Yan Yi as non-executive director of the ninth session of the board of directors of the Company.</p> <p>(5) To re-elect Mr. Xin Shuangbai as non-executive director of the ninth session of the board of directors of the Company.</p> <p>(6) To re-elect Ms. Zhao Shujie as non-executive director of the ninth session of the board of directors of the Company.</p> <p>(7) To elect Mr. Jiang Wei as non-executive director of the ninth session of the board of directors of the Company.</p> <p>(8) To re-elect Mr. Gong Zhiqiang as independent non-executive director of the ninth session of the board of directors of the Company.</p> <p>(9) To re-elect Mr. Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell as independent non-executive director of the ninth session of the board of directors of the Company.</p> | | | 2. THAT (a) the revised annual caps for the BSAM Framework Agreement in the amounts of RMB95.0 million for service fees to be paid by BSAM Group to the Group and RMB45.0 million for service fees to be paid by the Group to BSAM Group for each of the years ending 31 December 2024 and 2025, respectively (the "Revised Annual Caps"), and the transactions contemplated thereunder be and are hereby approved; and (b) the management of the Company be and are hereby authorised for and on behalf of the Company to execute all such other documents, instruments and agreements and to take all steps necessary and expedient to implement and/or give effect to the and implement the Revised Annual Caps for the BSAM Framework Agreement. |

INVESTOR RELATIONS

| 2023 Annual General Meeting | 2024 First Extraordinary General Meeting | Existing H Share Class Meeting | Existing Domestic Share Class Meeting | 2024 Second Extraordinary General Meeting |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| | (10) To re-elect Mr. Yang Xiaohui as independent non-executive director of the ninth session of the board of directors of the Company. | | | |
| | (11) To re-elect Mr. Dong Jin as independent non-executive director of the ninth session of the board of directors of the Company. | | | |
| | (12) To elect Mr. Li Jianqiang as independent non-executive director of the ninth session of the board of directors of the Company. | | | |
| 8. | To authorize the Board to enter into service contract or appointment letter with each of the newly elected executive directors, non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors respectively pursuant to such terms and conditions as the Board shall think fit and to do all such acts and things to give effect to such matters. | | | |
| 9. | (1) To re-elect Ms. Ge Li as supervisor of the ninth session of the board of directors of the Company. | | | |
| | (2) To re-elect Ms. Ma Xiaoping as supervisor of the ninth session of the board of directors of the Company. | | | |
| 10. | To authorize the Board to enter into service contract or appointment letter with each of the newly elected Supervisors representing the Shareholders of the Company and Supervisor representing the staff and workers of the Company respectively pursuant to such terms and conditions as the Board shall think fit and to do all such acts and things to give effect to such matters. | | | |

INVESTOR RELATIONS

| | 2023 Annual General Meeting | 2024 First Extraordinary General Meeting | Existing H Share Class Meeting | Existing Domestic Share Class Meeting | 2024 Second Extraordinary General Meeting |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | Special Resolution: | Special Resolution: | Special Resolution: | Special Resolution: | Special Resolution: |
| | 11. To consider and approve the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association. | 1. The resolution in relation to approving the Share Consolidation as set out in the Circular. 2. The resolution in relation to approving the amendments to articles 15 and 19 of the Articles of Association of the Company as set out in the Circular. | 1. The resolution in relation to approving the Share Consolidation as set out in the Circular. | 1. The resolution in relation to approving the Share Consolidation as set out in the Circular. | Nil |
| Number of shareholders or authorized representatives present at the meeting | 6 | 8 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| Total number of representing shares | 2,124,146,091 | 2,130,815,091 | 20,373,000 | 2,123,588,091 | 28,934,433 |
| Of total share capital/share capital of class | 73.29% | 73.52% | 0.70%/2.63% | 73.28%/100% | 9.98% (BSAM had abstained from voting) |
| For | Ordinary Resolutions 1-6, 7(1), 7(2), 7(4) - 7(8), 7(10)-7(12), 9(1), 9(2), 10:100% Ordinary Resolutions 7(3), 7(9), 8: 99.97% Special Resolution: 99.97% | Special Resolution:100% | Special Resolution:100% | Special Resolution:100% | Ordinary Resolutions:100% |
| Against | Ordinary Resolutions:0.03% Special Resolution:0.03% | Special Resolution:0% | Special Resolution:0% | Special Resolution:0% | Ordinary Resolutions:0% |

INVESTOR RELATIONS

ATTENDANCE OF GENERAL MEETINGS OF THE DIRECTORS

| Name | 2023 Annual General Meeting | 2024 First Extraordinary General Meeting | Existing H Share Class Meeting | Existing Domestic Share Class Meeting | 2024 Second Extraordinary General Meeting |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Executive Directors | | | | | |
| Mr. Yu Donghui (Party Secretary and Chairman) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Mr. Zhang Yiqian (Deputy Party Secretary and General Manager) | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Non-Executive Directors | | | | | |
| Ms. Zhao Shujie | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Ms. Yan Yi | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Mr. Zhou Weihua | | | | | |
| Mr. Xin Shuangbai | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Mr. Feng Jianxun | | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Mr. Jiang Wei | N/A | | | | |
| Independent Non-executive Directors | | | | | |
| Mr. Yang Xiaohui | ✓ | | | | |
| Mr. Gong Zhiqiang | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Mr. Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Mr. Su Zhongxing | | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Mr. Dong Jin | | | | | |
| Mr. Li Jianqiang | N/A | | | | |

VOTE BY WAY OF POLL

Pursuant to the provisions in Article 70 of the Articles of Association, the votes for all resolutions at the general meetings will be taken by way of poll. Each share represents one voting right. The announcement of poll results of the general meeting will be published at the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company respectively on the same day after the general meeting for the information of the shareholders and investors.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

SHAREHOLDER SERVICES

- Any matters relating to the H shares in your name, such as transfer of shares, change of name or address and loss of share certificates, should be addressed in writing to the Company's Hong Kong share registrar and transfer office.
- Shareholders are, at any time, welcome to raise questions and request published information of the Company (to the extent it is publicly available) from the Board and the management by sending emails to the E-mail address for Investors Relations: investor@capinfo.com.cn or to Mr. Wu Ning, the secretary of the Board of the Company by post. Any such letter from the shareholders should be marked with "Shareholders' Communication" on envelope.

The Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the shareholders' communication policy implemented during the year and considers that the communication between the Company and its shareholders and stakeholders has been effectively enhanced through multiple communication channels.

INVESTORS CALENDAR

| Date | Issue |
|--|---|
| 31 March 2025 | Announcement of annual results for the year ended 31 December 2024 |
| 30 April 2025 | Dispatch of 2024 Annual Report |
| 30 April 2025 | Dispatch of Notice of 2024 Annual General Meeting and Proxy Form |
| 17 June to 20 June 2025 (both days inclusive) | Closure of register of members to ascertain the entitlement of shareholders to attend the general meeting |
| 20 June 2025 | Convention of 2024 Annual General Meeting * |
| 26 June 2025 | Closure of register of members to ascertain the entitlement to the dividend |
| 26 June 2025 | Record date/benchmark date of final dividend |
| August 2025 | Announcement of interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2025 |
| 25 September 2025 | Payment of final dividend of 2024 |

Note*:

The form of proxy together with any power of attorney (if any) or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy thereof, must be lodged in person or by mail with the Company's H share registrar and transfer office, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, PRC (for holders of H shares) or the registered office of the Company at 5th Floor, Longfu Mansion, No. 95 Longfusi Street, Beijing, PRC (for holders of domestic shares) not later than 24 hours before the time scheduled for the annual general meeting or any adjournment thereof.

AUDITORS' REPORT



Grant Thornton
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GTCSZ (2025) No. 110A006803

To the Shareholders of Capinfo Company Limited:

I. OPINION

We have audited the financial statements of Capinfo Company Limited (the "Capinfo"), which comprise the consolidated and company balance sheets as at 31 December 2024, the consolidated and company income statements, the consolidated and company cash flows statements, the consolidated and company statements of changes in equity for the year 2024, and notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated and company financial position as of 31 December 2024, and the consolidated and company financial performance and the consolidated and company cash flows for the year 2024 of Capinfo in accordance with the requirements of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises.

II. BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards for the Certified Public Accountants of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of Capinfo in accordance with the China Code of Ethics for Certified Public Accountants and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Auditors' Report

III. KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

(I) Recognition of main business revenue

For details of relevant information disclosure, please refer to Note III (25) and Note V (39) of the Financial Statements.

1. Description of matters

The business revenue of Capinfo in 2024 was RMB1,472,386,500, including a main business revenue of RMB1,459,567,700, accounting for 99.13%. The main business revenue is mainly from software development and service, system integration, data processing service and information professional service

We identified main business revenue recognition as a key audit matter because the amount of revenue is significant and deemed as one of the key performance indicators of Capinfo for evaluating operating condition, and whether the revenue is recognized in the appropriate financial statement period may potentially lead to misstatements.

Auditors' Report

2. Audit procedures

Our audit procedures for main business revenue recognition mainly included the following aspects:

- (1) Understanding and evaluating the design of key internal controls in relation to the management of Capinfo (the "Management") and main business revenue recognition, and testing the operating effectiveness of key control processes;
- (2) Reviewing the revenue-related contracts of different types to understand and evaluate the policies of main business revenue recognition for different businesses of Capinfo, and evaluate whether the accounting policies of main business revenue recognition applied by the Management are in compliance with the requirements of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises, and whether they are consistent with the actual situation of Capinfo;
- (3) Analyzing the changes in revenue from the main business and gross profit margin of the main business to determine whether it has abnormal fluctuations;
- (4) Examining the supporting documents in relation to main business revenue recognition on sampling basis, such as contracts, Letter of Award, acceptance reports, sales invoices and sales receipts, and verifying the truthfulness of the main business revenue;
- (5) Testing the accuracy of recognition of revenue from the main business by recalculation of duration of service and progress of contract fulfilment on sampling basis;
- (6) Select sample to externally confirming the contract amount, settlement amount, the situations of the technical project inspection, balance of accounts receivable and income amount;
- (7) For revenue from the main business recognized on or around the balance sheet date, verifying supporting evidence such as contracts, acceptance reports and invoices on sampling basis to access whether the revenue from main business is recognized in an appropriate period.

Auditors' Report

(II) Provision for credit impairment loss on accounts receivable

For details of relevant information disclosure, please refer to Note III (10) and Note V (3) of the Financial Statements.

1. Description of matters

As of 31 December 2024, the accounts receivable balance of Capinfo was RMB661,137,400, and the balance of the allowance for bad debts from accounts receivable was RMB206,596,500. For accounts receivable, the management classifies business segments with identical credit risk characteristics into the same portfolio, measures loss allowance based on expected credit losses, and the key assumptions involved include historical credit losses and expected future economic conditions.

As the key assumptions used in determining the expected credit losses on accounts receivable involve significant judgment, we have identified the provision for credit impairment loss on accounts receivable as a key audit matter.

2. Audit procedures

Audit procedures we performed on the provision for credit impairment loss on accounts receivable mainly included the following aspects:

- (1) Evaluate and test the effectiveness of the design and implementation of internal controls relevant to credit impairment losses on accounts receivable, including the management's internal controls over reviewing, assessing and determining the classification of the portfolio of accounts receivable and the key assumptions used;
- (2) For accounts receivable with provision for bad debts on individual basis, review the basis used by the management for assessing the expected credit losses based on factors such as the customer's financial condition, repayment records and projections of future economic conditions;
- (3) For accounts receivable with provision for bad debts on collective basis, review the reasonableness of management's portfolio division, and estimate the expected credit loss rate based on historical credit loss experience and taking into account current conditions and projections of future economic conditions;

Auditors' Report

- (4) Comparing the amount of provision for bad debts in previous years with the actual amount of bad debts incurred, and evaluate the adequacy of the provision for expected credit losses on accounts receivable in conjunction with recovery checks after accounts receivable period;
- (5) Select samples to confirm the balance of the accounts receivable.

IV. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The management of Capinfo is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the Annual Report of 2024, other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The other information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the other information included in the 2024 Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those in charge with governance and take appropriate action considering the audit standards.

V. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of Capinfo is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises and for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing Capinfo's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate Capinfo or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those in charge with governance are discharging their responsibilities for overseeing Capinfo's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Report

VI. RESPONSIBILITIES OF CPA FOR AUDITING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements taken as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an audit report containing an audit opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it does not provide assurance that an audit performed in accordance with auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when one exists. Misstatements may result from fraud or error and are generally considered to be material if there is a reasonable expectation that, individually or in the aggregate, the misstatement could have affected the economic decisions made by users of the financial statements based on the financial statements.

In performing our audit in accordance with auditing standards, we use professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism. At the same time, we perform the following tasks:

- (1) We identified and evaluated the risks of material misstatement caused by fraud or error, designed and implemented proper audit procedures to deal with these risks, and obtained sufficient and appropriate audit evidence as the basis for audit opinions. The risk of failure to detect a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than that due to error because fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentation or override of internal control.
- (2) We tried to understand the audit-related internal control, so as to design proper audit procedures rather than provide opinions on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- (3) We evaluated the appropriateness of accounting policies adopted by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and relevant disclosures.
- (4) We drew conclusions about the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern assumption. At the same time, based on the audit evidence obtained, a conclusion is reached as to whether there is a material uncertainty regarding matters or circumstances that may cast significant doubt on the ability of Capinfo to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, auditing standards require that we draw the attention of users of the financial statements to the relevant disclosures in the audit report; if the disclosures are not adequate, we shall express a non-unqualified opinion. Our conclusion is based on information available to us as of the date of our audit report. However, future events or circumstances may cause Capinfo to be unable to continue as a going concern.
- (5) We evaluated the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements and judged if the financial statements fairly reflected the relevant transactions and events.

Auditors' Report

- (6) We obtained sufficient and appropriate audit evidence about the financial information of the entities or business activities in Capinfo to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for directing, supervising and performing group audits and accept full responsibility for audit observations.

We communicate with the governance team on matters such as planned audit scope, timing, and significant audit findings, including communication of internal control deficiencies of concern identified during our audit.

We also provide a statement to the governance team regarding compliance with ethical requirements related to independence and communicate with the governance team about all relationships and other matters that could reasonably be perceived to affect our independence, as well as related precautions, if applicable.

From the matters communicated with the governance team, we determined which matters were most significant to the audit of the financial statements for the period and therefore constituted key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report except in those cases where public disclosure of such matters is prohibited by law or regulation, or in those rare cases where we determine that we shall not communicate a matter in our auditor's report if we reasonably expect that the negative consequences of communicating it in our auditor's report would outweigh the benefits in the public interest.

Grant Thornton LLP
(special general partnership)

Chinese Certified Public Accountant Liang Yinan
(Engagement Partner)

Chinese Certified Public Accountant Dai Zhenqiang

Beijing, China

31 March 2025

CONSOLIDATED AND COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS

31 December 2024

Prepared by: Capinfo Company Limited

Unit: RMB

| Item | Note | Balance as at the end of the period | | Balance at the end of the previous year | |
|--|------|--|------------------|--|------------------|
| | | Consolidated | Company | Consolidated | Company |
| Current assets: | | | | | |
| Monetary funds | V1 | 723,367,245.89 | 159,392,769.43 | 814,097,620.53 | 245,284,066.62 |
| Held-for-trading financial assets | | | | | |
| Notes receivable | V2 | 8,561,436.10 | 16,430.47 | 76,620.81 | |
| Accounts receivable | V3 | 454,540,912.60 | 308,650,968.31 | 463,361,943.70 | 238,495,639.76 |
| Receivables financing | | | | | |
| Prepayments | V4 | 43,752,219.31 | 15,170,879.30 | 64,397,788.90 | 39,077,678.94 |
| Other receivables | V5 | 38,056,463.63 | 124,146,115.52 | 73,564,280.38 | 85,989,146.40 |
| Of which: Interest receivable | | | | | |
| Dividends receivable | | | | | |
| Inventory | V6 | 78,749,175.39 | 27,810,281.06 | 121,049,721.55 | 79,892,018.55 |
| Of which: Data resources | | | | | |
| Contract assets | V7 | 41,787,484.40 | 13,815,221.15 | 24,452,746.54 | 5,442,691.87 |
| Assets held for sales | V8 | | | 30,257,681.13 | 30,257,681.13 |
| Non-current assets due within one year | V9 | 110,202,602.74 | 110,202,602.74 | | |
| Other current assets | V10 | 2,340,304.69 | 2,011.88 | 1,137,871.39 | 367,745.71 |
| Total current assets | | 1,501,357,844.75 | 759,207,279.86 | 1,592,396,274.93 | 724,806,668.98 |
| Non-current assets: | | | | | |
| Debt investment | | | | | |
| Other debt investments | | | | | |
| Long-term receivables | | | | | |
| Long-term equity investment | V11 | 237,112,917.85 | 342,612,919.97 | 237,082,620.23 | 427,464,768.19 |
| Investment in other equity instruments | V12 | | | | |
| Other non-current financial assets | V13 | 67,294,538.92 | 67,294,538.92 | 51,300,941.47 | 51,300,941.47 |
| Investment properties | V14 | 15,706,981.28 | 15,706,981.28 | 19,327,556.00 | 19,327,556.00 |
| Fixed assets | V15 | 144,067,948.38 | 60,514,366.41 | 125,554,131.98 | 77,355,421.24 |
| Construction in progress | | | | | |
| Productive biological assets | | | | | |
| Oil and gas assets | | | | | |
| Right-of-use assets | V16 | 41,861,962.90 | 34,644,743.01 | 27,069,182.55 | 16,887,895.29 |
| Intangible assets | V17 | 210,762,626.85 | 190,061,970.59 | 162,751,298.53 | 147,468,730.49 |
| Of which: Data resources | | | | | |
| Development expenditures | V18 | | | 63,112,867.93 | 63,112,867.93 |
| Of which: Data resources | | | | | |
| Goodwill | V19 | | | | |
| Long-term unamortized expenses | V20 | 5,428,704.10 | 3,151,428.93 | 7,759,096.20 | 7,672,180.43 |
| Deferred income tax assets | V21 | 95,779,727.02 | 59,883,214.34 | 103,816,826.47 | 55,984,662.03 |
| Other non-current assets | V22 | 42,920,118.15 | 1,798,182.15 | 106,652,602.74 | 106,652,602.74 |
| Total non-current assets | | 860,935,525.45 | 775,668,345.60 | 904,427,124.10 | 973,227,625.81 |
| Total assets | | 2,362,293,370.20 | 1,534,875,625.46 | 2,496,823,399.03 | 1,698,034,294.79 |

Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets

31 December 2024

| Item | Note | Balance as at the end of the period | | Balance at the end of the previous year | |
|--|------|--|----------------|--|----------------|
| | | Consolidated | Company | Consolidated | Company |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | |
| Short-term borrowings | | | | | |
| Held-for-trading financial liabilities | | | | | |
| Notes payable | V24 | | | 1,669,827.20 | |
| Accounts payable | V25 | 575,719,949.40 | 221,987,495.25 | 398,969,828.62 | 172,502,780.57 |
| Advances received | | | | | |
| Contract liabilities | V26 | 287,842,203.33 | 86,217,513.12 | 315,570,239.61 | 170,406,117.18 |
| Payroll payable | V27 | 75,734,113.50 | 27,903,090.98 | 93,476,126.63 | 44,889,711.29 |
| Tax payable | V28 | 44,063,989.32 | 15,709,443.30 | 38,906,832.96 | 5,401,014.57 |
| Other payables | V29 | 41,586,338.52 | 31,963,818.08 | 349,845,189.48 | 149,297,658.91 |
| Of which: Interest payable | | | | | |
| Dividends payable | | | | | |
| Held-for-sales liabilities | | | | | |
| Non-current liabilities due within one year | V30 | 81,141,029.47 | 78,624,650.12 | 63,536,275.58 | 60,577,074.98 |
| Other current liabilities | V31 | 7,678,865.08 | | | |
| Total current liabilities | | 1,113,766,488.62 | 462,406,010.85 | 1,261,974,320.08 | 603,074,357.50 |
| Non-current liabilities: | | | | | |
| Long-term borrowings | | | | | |
| Bonds payable | | | | | |
| Of which: Preferred shares | | | | | |
| Perpetual bonds | | | | | |
| Lease liabilities | V32 | 22,356,227.93 | 17,281,329.20 | 19,197,462.75 | 11,677,788.90 |
| Long-term payables | | | | | |
| Long-term employee benefits payable | | | | | |
| Estimated liabilities | | | | | |
| Deferred income | V33 | 19,881,623.94 | 19,881,623.94 | 254,273.51 | 254,273.51 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | V21 | 13,190,470.48 | 6,107,143.32 | 12,584,587.33 | 2,807,335.03 |
| Other non-current liabilities | | | | | |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 55,428,322.35 | 43,270,096.46 | 32,036,323.59 | 14,739,397.44 |
| Total liabilities | | 1,169,194,810.97 | 505,676,107.31 | 1,294,010,643.67 | 617,813,754.94 |

Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets

31 December 2024

| Item | Note | Balance as at the end of the period | | Balance at the end of the previous year | |
|--|------|--|------------------|--|------------------|
| | | Consolidated | Company | Consolidated | Company |
| Equity: | | | | | |
| Share capital | V34 | 289,808,609.00 | 289,808,609.00 | 289,808,609.10 | 289,808,609.10 |
| Other equity instruments | | | | | |
| Of which: Preferred shares | | | | | |
| Perpetual bonds | | | | | |
| Capital reserves | V35 | 301,717,858.35 | 296,273,299.00 | 304,991,645.96 | 299,547,086.61 |
| Less: treasury shares | | | | | |
| Other comprehensive income | V36 | -8,443,166.86 | -8,443,166.86 | -8,443,166.86 | -8,443,166.86 |
| Special reserves | | | | | |
| Surplus reserves | V37 | 129,525,384.77 | 116,260,810.90 | 129,525,384.77 | 116,260,810.90 |
| Undistributed profit | V38 | 415,287,475.76 | 335,299,966.11 | 429,068,885.33 | 383,047,200.10 |
| Total equity attributable to shareholders | | | | | |
| of the parent company | | 1,127,896,161.02 | 1,029,199,518.15 | 1,144,951,358.30 | 1,080,220,539.85 |
| Minority interests | | 65,202,398.21 | | 57,861,397.06 | |
| Total shareholder's equity | | 1,193,098,559.23 | 1,029,199,518.15 | 1,202,812,755.36 | 1,080,220,539.85 |
| Total liabilities and shareholder's equity | | 2,362,293,370.20 | 1,534,875,625.46 | 2,496,823,399.03 | 1,698,034,294.79 |

Legal representative:
Yu DonghuiPerson in charge of accounting:
Du XiaolingPerson in charge of the
accounting department:
Jia Ruixin

CONSOLIDATED AND COMPANY INCOME STATEMENTS

Year 2024

Prepared by: Capinfo Company Limited

Unit: RMB

| Item | Note | Amount incurred in the current period | | Amount incurred in the previous period | |
|--|------|--|----------------|---|----------------|
| | | Consolidated | Company | Consolidated | Company |
| I. Operating revenue | V39 | 1,472,386,521.87 | 680,304,892.08 | 1,425,581,774.41 | 592,365,249.14 |
| Less: operating costs | V39 | 1,094,414,937.69 | 464,765,914.47 | 1,026,537,902.00 | 394,762,055.52 |
| Taxes and surcharges | V40 | 3,425,471.44 | 2,734,278.91 | 4,945,875.70 | 2,342,579.16 |
| Selling expenses | V41 | 130,634,456.94 | 91,646,615.34 | 111,011,501.44 | 77,203,008.15 |
| Administrative expenses | V42 | 140,189,982.59 | 96,136,785.74 | 165,336,128.83 | 97,929,140.77 |
| Research and development expenses | V43 | 85,181,209.02 | 60,904,322.31 | 134,576,665.42 | 62,220,143.51 |
| Financial expenses | V44 | -9,518,896.93 | -555,193.62 | -10,022,094.04 | -3,751,261.42 |
| Of which: interest expense | | 2,583,341.38 | 1,946,121.32 | 950,719.01 | 744,065.59 |
| Interest revenue | | 11,153,274.63 | 2,455,305.44 | 10,397,426.77 | 4,867,881.67 |
| Add: other income | V45 | 1,359,750.54 | 320,700.04 | 2,601,915.11 | 310,592.84 |
| Investment income (loss is indicated with "-") | V46 | 8,342,651.20 | 80,279,380.45 | -6,505,500.95 | 22,164,156.07 |
| Of which: income from investment in associates and joint ventures | | 3,304,085.33 | 3,304,085.33 | -12,383,797.64 | -12,383,797.64 |
| Income from derecognition of financial assets at amortized cost (loss is indicated with "-") | | | | | |
| Net exposure hedging income (loss is indicated with "-") | | | | | |
| Income from change of fair value (loss is indicated with "-") | V47 | 687,744.00 | 687,744.00 | 1,532,437.34 | 1,532,437.34 |
| Credit impairment losses (loss is indicated with "-") | V48 | -19,343,941.55 | 9,989,189.59 | -4,347,767.97 | -10,664,996.52 |
| Asset impairment losses (loss is indicated with "-") | V49 | -5,602,711.08 | -99,085,320.56 | -71,065,461.71 | -58,853,026.30 |
| Income from disposal of assets (loss is indicated with "-") | V50 | -116,342.56 | -110,205.29 | -5,832,369.74 | -5,832,369.74 |
| II. Operating profit (loss is indicated with "-") | | 13,386,511.67 | -43,246,342.84 | -90,420,952.86 | -89,683,622.86 |
| Add: non-operating income | V51 | 1,258,741.00 | 984,573.70 | 190,503.97 | 160,502.67 |
| Less: non-operating expenses | V52 | 9,529,068.33 | 6,084,208.87 | 3,766.28 | 43.48 |

Consolidated and Company Income Statements

Year 2024

| Item | Note | Amount incurred in the current period | | Amount incurred in the previous period | |
|---|------|--|----------------|---|----------------|
| | | Consolidated | Company | Consolidated | Company |
| III. Total profit (total loss is indicated with "-") | | 5,116,184.34 | -48,345,978.01 | -90,234,215.17 | -89,523,163.67 |
| Less: income tax expenses | V53 | 11,405,077.21 | -598,744.02 | -28,142,161.34 | -31,341,276.62 |
| IV. Net profit (net loss is indicated with "-") | | -6,288,892.87 | -47,747,233.99 | -62,092,053.83 | -58,181,887.05 |
| (I) Classified by operating continuity: | | | | | |
| Including: net profit from continuing operations (net loss is indicated with "-") | | 18,238,584.05 | -47,747,233.99 | -62,092,053.83 | -58,181,887.05 |
| Net profit from discontinuing operations (net loss is indicated with "-") | | -24,527,476.92 | | | |
| (II) Classified by ownership: | | | | | |
| Including: net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company (net loss is indicated with "-") | | -13,781,409.57 | -47,747,233.99 | -72,906,433.12 | -58,181,887.05 |
| Minority interests (net loss is indicated with "-") | | 7,492,516.70 | | 10,814,379.29 | |
| V. Other comprehensive income, net of tax | | | | | |
| Other comprehensive income net of tax attributable to shareholders of parent company | | | | | |
| Other comprehensive income attributable to minority interests, net of tax | | | | | |
| VI. Total comprehensive income | | -6,288,892.87 | -47,747,233.99 | -62,092,053.83 | -58,181,887.05 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent company | | -13,781,409.57 | -47,747,233.99 | -72,906,433.12 | -58,181,887.05 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to minority interest | | 7,492,516.70 | | 10,814,379.29 | |
| VII. Earnings per share | | | | | |
| (I) Basic earnings per share | | -0.0476 | | -0.025 | |
| (II) Diluted earnings per share | | | | | |

Legal representative:
Yu DonghuiPerson in charge of accounting:
Du XiaolingPerson in charge of the
accounting department:
Jia Ruixin

CONSOLIDATED AND COMPANY CASH FLOW STATEMENTS

Year 2024

Prepared by: Capinfo Company Limited

Unit: RMB

| Item | Note | Amount incurred in the current period | | Amount incurred in the previous period | |
|---|------|--|----------------|---|-----------------|
| | | Consolidated | Company | Consolidated | Company |
| I. Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | | |
| Cash received from sales of goods or rendering of services | | 1,618,607,831.16 | 617,647,755.55 | 1,500,692,005.36 | 653,061,897.36 |
| Tax refunds received | | 33,745.01 | | | |
| Other cash receipts related to operating activities | | 85,331,649.07 | 34,405,384.76 | 11,617,196.28 | 13,789,808.14 |
| Sub-total of cash inflows from operating activities | | 1,703,973,225.24 | 652,053,140.31 | 1,512,309,201.64 | 666,851,705.50 |
| Cash paid for goods purchased and services received | | 964,926,634.22 | 308,173,861.19 | 720,360,465.83 | 294,279,835.78 |
| Cash paid to and on behalf of employees | | 508,861,571.57 | 303,010,913.93 | 449,444,476.54 | 244,021,662.32 |
| Taxes and surcharges payments | | 31,356,223.82 | 5,215,358.65 | 41,763,194.44 | 8,144,060.51 |
| Other cash paid relating to operating activities | | 77,198,738.86 | 89,596,101.11 | 75,627,818.44 | 42,915,337.72 |
| Sub-total of cash outflows from operating activities | | 1,582,343,168.47 | 705,996,234.88 | 1,287,195,955.25 | 589,360,896.33 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | | 121,630,056.77 | -53,943,094.57 | 225,113,246.39 | 77,490,809.17 |
| II. Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | | |
| Cash received from investments | | 8,432,311.85 | 8,432,311.85 | 11,645,163.46 | 11,645,163.46 |
| Cash received from return on investments | | 550,346.69 | 73,425,295.12 | 4,995,470.00 | 33,665,124.91 |
| Net amount of cash received from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets | | 3,200.00 | | | |
| Net cash received from disposal of subsidiaries and other business units | | | | 330,760.60 | 330,760.60 |
| Other cash received relating to investing activities | | | | | |
| Sub-total of cash inflows from investing activities | | 8,985,858.54 | 81,857,606.97 | 16,971,394.06 | 45,641,048.97 |
| Cash paid for acquisition or construction of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets | | 93,054,286.39 | 31,839,891.36 | 255,483,904.96 | 164,494,077.62 |
| Cash paid for investments | | 63,738,165.30 | 23,738,165.30 | 24,280,000.00 | 24,280,000.00 |
| Net cash paid for acquisition of subsidiaries and other business units | | | 10,000,000.00 | | |
| Other cash paid relating to investing activities | | | | | |
| Sub-total of cash outflows from investing activities | | 156,792,451.69 | 65,578,056.66 | 279,763,904.96 | 188,774,077.62 |
| Net cash flows from investing activities | | -147,806,593.15 | 16,279,550.31 | -262,792,510.90 | -143,133,028.65 |

Consolidated and Company Cash Flow Statements

Year 2024

| Item | Note | Amount incurred in the current period | | Amount incurred in the previous period | |
|--|------|--|----------------|---|-----------------|
| | | Consolidated | Company | Consolidated | Company |
| III. Cash flows from financing activities: | | | | | |
| Cash received from absorption of investments | | 8,500,000.00 | | | |
| Of which: cash received from subsidiaries absorbing investments from minority shareholders | | 8,500,000.00 | | | |
| Cash received from borrowings | | | | | |
| Other cash received relating to financing activities | | | | | |
| Sub-total of cash inflows from financing activities | | 8,500,000.00 | | | |
| Cash paid for debt repayment | | | | | |
| Cash paid for distributing dividends and profits or paying interests | | 8,651,515.55 | | 61,230,043.37 | 49,653,203.40 |
| Of which: dividends and profits paid to minority shareholders by subsidiaries | | 8,651,515.55 | | | |
| Other cash payments relating to financing activities | | 32,603,263.57 | 26,282,432.67 | 30,099,560.53 | 25,917,366.58 |
| Sub-total of cash outflows from financing activities | | 41,254,779.12 | 26,282,432.67 | 91,329,603.90 | 75,570,569.98 |
| Net cash flow from financing activities | | -32,754,779.12 | -26,282,432.67 | -91,329,603.90 | -75,570,569.98 |
| IV. Effect of changes in exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents | | | | | |
| | | 1,084,728.10 | 70,335.63 | 764,451.61 | -285,725.43 |
| V. Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | | | | |
| | V54 | -57,846,587.40 | -63,875,641.30 | -128,244,416.80 | -141,498,514.89 |
| Add: cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period | V54 | 773,143,342.93 | 221,064,724.47 | 901,387,759.73 | 362,563,239.36 |
| VI. Balance of cash and cash equivalents at the end of period | | | | | |
| | V54 | 715,296,755.53 | 157,189,083.17 | 773,143,342.93 | 221,064,724.47 |

Legal representative:
Yu DonghuiPerson in charge of accounting:
Du XiaolingPerson in charge of the
accounting department:
Jia Ruixin

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Year 2024

Prepared by: Capinfo Company Limited

Unit: RMB

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------|--|--|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| | Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent company | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Share capital | Other equity instruments | | | Capital reserves | Less: treasury shares | Other comprehensive income | Special reserves | Surplus reserves | General risk provision | Undistributed profit | Minority interests | Total shareholders' equity |
| I. Balance at the end of the previous year | 289,808,609.10 | | | | 304,991,645.96 | | -8,443,166.86 | | 129,525,384.77 | | 429,068,885.33 | 57,861,397.06 | 1,202,812,755.36 |
| Add: changes in accounting policies | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Correction of errors in the prior period | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Business combination under common control | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Others | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| II. Balance at the beginning of the year | 289,808,609.10 | | | | 304,991,645.96 | | -8,443,166.86 | | 129,525,384.77 | | 429,068,885.33 | 57,861,397.06 | 1,202,812,755.36 |
| III. Increase/decrease for the year ("+" for decrease) | | | | | -3,273,787.61 | | | | | | -13,781,409.57 | 7,341,001.15 | -9,714,196.13 |
| (I) Total comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | | -13,781,409.57 | 7,492,516.70 | -6,288,892.87 |
| (II) Shareholder's contributions and withdrawals of capital | | | | | | | | | | | | 8,500,000.00 | 8,500,000.00 |
| 1. Ordinary shares invested by shareholders | | | | | | | | | | | | 8,500,000.00 | 8,500,000.00 |
| 2. Capital invested by other equity instrument holders | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Amount of share-based payment credited to shareholder's equity | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Others | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (III) Profit distribution | | | | | | | | | | | | -8,651,515.55 | -8,651,515.55 |
| 1. Withdrawal of surplus reserve | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Distributions to shareholders | | | | | | | | | | | | -8,651,515.55 | -8,651,515.55 |
| 3. Others | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (IV) Internal carryover of shareholders' equity | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Conversion of capital reserve to share capital | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Conversion of surplus reserve to share capital | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Covering loss | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Change of defined benefit plan carried forward to retained earnings | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. Other comprehensive income carried forward to retained earnings | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6. Others | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (V) Special reserves | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Withdrawal during the period | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Used during the period (presented with "-") | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (VI) Others | -0.10 | | | | -3,273,787.61 | | | | | | | | -3,273,787.71 |
| IV. Balance at the end of the year | 289,808,609.00 | | | | 301,717,858.35 | | -8,443,166.86 | | 129,525,384.77 | | 415,287,475.76 | 65,202,398.21 | 1,193,098,559.22 |

Legal representative:
Yu Donghui

Person in charge of accounting:
Du Xiaoling

Person in charge of the
accounting department:
Jia Ruixin

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

Year 2024

| Item | Amount incurred in the previous period | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| | Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent company | | | | | | | | | | | | Total shareholders' equity |
| | Share capital | Preferred shares | Perpetual bonds | Other equity instruments Others | Capital reserves | Less: treasury shares | Other comprehensive income | Special reserves | Surplus reserves | General risk provision | Undistributed profit | Minority interests | |
| I. Balance at the end of the previous year | 289,808,609.10 | | | | 299,080,451.37 | | -8,443,166.86 | | 129,525,384.77 | | 552,691,825.04 | 58,623,857.74 | 1,321,286,961.16 |
| Add: changes in accounting policies | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Correction of errors in the prior period | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Business combination under common control | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Others | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| II. Balance at the beginning of the year | 289,808,609.10 | | | | 299,080,451.37 | | -8,443,166.86 | | 129,525,384.77 | | 552,691,825.04 | 58,623,857.74 | 1,321,286,961.16 |
| III. Increase/decrease for the year ("+" for increase) | | | | | 5,911,194.59 | | | | | | -123,622,939.71 | -762,460.68 | -118,474,205.80 |
| (I) Total comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | | -72,906,433.12 | 10,814,379.29 | -62,092,053.83 |
| (II) Shareholder's contributions and withdrawals of capital | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Ordinary shares invested by shareholders | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Capital invested by other equity instrument holders | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Amount of share-based payment credited to shareholder's equity | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Others | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (III) Profit distribution | | | | | | | | | | | -50,716,506.59 | -11,576,839.97 | -62,293,346.56 |
| 1. Withdrawal of surplus reserve | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Distributions to shareholders | | | | | | | | | | | -50,716,506.59 | -11,576,839.97 | -62,293,346.56 |
| 3. Others | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (IV) Internal carryover of shareholders' equity | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Conversion of capital reserve to share capital | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Conversion of surplus reserve to share capital | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Covering loss | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Change of defined benefit plan carried forward to retained earnings | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. Other comprehensive income carried forward to retained earnings | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6. Others | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (V) Special reserves | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Withdrawal during the period | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Used during the period (presented with "-") | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (VI) Others | | | | | 5,911,194.59 | | | | | | | | 5,911,194.59 |
| IV. Balance at the end of the year | 289,808,609.10 | | | | 304,991,645.96 | | -8,443,166.86 | | 129,525,384.77 | | 429,068,885.33 | 57,861,397.06 | 1,202,812,755.36 |

Legal representative:
Yu DonghuiPerson in charge of accounting:
Du XiaolingPerson in charge of the
accounting department:
Jia Ruixin

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Year 2024

Prepared by: Capinfo Company Limited

Unit: RMB

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | | | | | | | | | | Total shareholder's equity |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| | Other equity instruments | | | | | | | | | Undistributed profit | |
| | Share capital | Preferred shares | Perpetual bonds | Other | Capital reserves | Less: treasury shares | Other comprehensive income | Special reserves | Surplus reserves | | |
| I. Balance at the end of the previous year | 289,808,609.10 | | | | 299,547,086.61 | | -8,443,166.86 | | 116,260,810.90 | 383,047,200.10 | 1,080,220,539.85 |
| Add: changes in accounting policies | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Correction of errors in the prior period | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Others | | | | | | | | | | | |
| II. Balance at the beginning of the year | 289,808,609.10 | | | | 299,547,086.61 | | -8,443,166.86 | | 116,260,810.90 | 383,047,200.10 | 1,080,220,539.85 |
| III. Increase/decrease for the year ("-" for decrease) | | | | | -3,273,787.61 | | | | | -47,747,233.99 | -51,021,021.70 |
| (I) Total comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | -47,747,233.99 | -47,747,233.99 |
| (II) Shareholder's contributions and withdrawals of capital | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Ordinary shares invested by shareholders | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Capital invested by other equity instrument holders | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Amount of share-based payment credited to shareholder's equity | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Others | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (III) Profit distribution | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Withdrawal of surplus reserve | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Distributions to shareholders | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Others | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (IV) Internal carryover of shareholders' equity | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Conversion of capital reserve to share capital | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Conversion of surplus reserve to share capital | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Covering loss | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Change of defined benefit plan carried forward to retained earning | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. Other comprehensive income carried forward to retained earnings | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6. Others | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (V) Special reserves | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Withdrawal during the period | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Used during the period (presented with "-") | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (VI) Others | -0.10 | | | | -3,273,787.61 | | | | | | -3,273,787.71 |
| IV. Balance at the end of the year | 289,808,609.00 | | | | 296,273,299.00 | | -8,443,166.86 | | 116,260,810.90 | 335,299,966.11 | 1,029,199,518.15 |

Legal representative:
Yu Donghui

Person in charge of accounting:
Du Xiaoling

Person in charge of the
accounting department:
Jia Ruixin

Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

Year 2024

| Item | Amount incurred in the previous period | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|------------------|-----------------|-------|------------------|-----------------|--|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Other equity instruments | | | | Capital reserves | Less: | | Other comprehensive income | Special reserves | Surplus reserves |
| | Share capital | Preferred shares | Perpetual bonds | Other | | treasury shares | | | | |
| I. Balance at the end of the previous year | 289,808,609.10 | | | | 293,635,892.02 | | | -8,443,166.86 | | 116,260,810.90 |
| Add: changes in accounting policies | | | | | | | | | | |
| Correction of errors in the prior period | | | | | | | | | | |
| Others | | | | | | | | | | |
| II. Balance at the beginning of the year | 289,808,609.10 | | | | 293,635,892.02 | | | -8,443,166.86 | | 116,260,810.90 |
| III. Increase/decrease for the year ("-" for decrease) | | | | | 5,911,194.59 | | | | | -108,898,393.64 |
| (I) Total comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | -58,181,887.05 |
| (II) Shareholder's contributions and withdrawals of capital | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Ordinary shares invested by shareholders | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Capital invested by other equity instrument holders | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Amount of share-based payment credited to shareholder's equity | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Others | | | | | | | | | | |
| (III) Profit distribution | | | | | | | | | | -50,716,506.59 |
| 1. Withdrawal of surplus reserve | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Distributions to shareholders | | | | | | | | | | -50,716,506.59 |
| 3. Others | | | | | | | | | | |
| (IV) Internal carryover of shareholders' equity | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Conversion of capital reserve to share capital | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Conversion of surplus reserve to share capital | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. Covering loss | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Change of defined benefit plan carried forward to retained earning | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. Other comprehensive income carried forward to retained earnings | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6. Others | | | | | | | | | | |
| (V) Special reserves | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Withdrawal during the period | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. Used during the period (presented with "-") | | | | | | | | | | |
| (VI) Others | | | | | 5,911,194.59 | | | | | |
| IV. Balance at the end of the year | 289,808,609.10 | | | | 299,547,086.61 | | | -8,443,166.86 | | 383,047,200.10 |

Legal representative:
Yu DonghuiPerson in charge of accounting:
Du XiaolingPerson in charge of the
accounting department:
Jia Ruixin

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

I. PROFILE OF THE COMPANY

1. Company profile

Capinfo Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as the “Company”) is a joint stock limited company incorporated in Beijing, approved by the “Notice on Approval of Establishment of Capinfo Company Limited” of the Beijing Municipal People’s Government (J. Z. H. Z. (2000) No.74) and approved to register with Beijing Administration for Industry and Commerce on 14 July 2000. The unified social credit code is 911100006336972074. All H shares issued by the Company have been listed for trading on Hong Kong Stock Exchange. The registered address of the Company is at No.11 Xi San Huan Zhong Road, Haidian District (the north gate of the central television tower), Beijing.

The Company has established the corporate governance structure consisting of the General Meeting, Party Committee, Board of Directors and Board of Supervisors, and formed an organizational structure comprising of three major sectors: business front-office, technical middle-office, and management back office. The Company has fifteen branches, namely Beijing Yanqing Branch, Shunyi Branch, Daxing Branch, Tongzhou Branch, Dongcheng Branch, Guangzhou Branch, Chongqing Branch, Hebei Xiong’an Branch, Shanghai Hengyue Information Service branch, Hubei branch, Hebei branch, Jilin branch, Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region branch, Xinjiang branch and Hotan branch.

The Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as the “Group”) belong to software industry and are principally engaged in online application service and system integration. The business scope includes the provision of information source service; e-commerce service; technical development, technical consulting, technical service and technical training of network interconnection, computer equipment, hardware and software products as well as communication hardware and software products; integration and agency of information and network system; sales of computer peripheral equipment; proprietary and agency of all kinds of goods and technologies import and export business (excluding those restricted or prohibited by the state from import and export); professional contracting; sale agency of entrance tickets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

I. PROFILE OF THE COMPANY (continued)

1. Company profile (continued)

The financial statements and notes to the financial statements have been approved on 31 March 2025 by the Board of Directors of the Group.

2. Scope of consolidated financial statements

During the period, there are aggregately 8 accounting units consolidated into financial statements, including the Company, Capinfo (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd (hereinafter referred to as "Capinfo Hong Kong"), Capinfo Technology Development Co., Ltd (hereinafter referred to as "Capinfo Technology"), Beijing Parking Management Centre Co., Ltd (hereinafter referred to as "Parking Management"), Xiamen Rito Info Technology Co. Ltd (hereinafter referred to as "Rito Info"), Capinfo Medical United Information Technology Company Limited* (hereinafter referred to as "Capinfo Medical United"), Capinfo Cloud Technology Co., Ltd. * (hereinafter referred to as "Capinfo Cloud Technology") and Beijing Digital Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd. * (hereinafter referred to as "Digital Intelligence Technology"). Details are set out in Note VII. Equity in other entities.

II. BASIS FOR PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the "Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises" and their application guidelines, interpretations and other relevant requirements (collectively, "CASBE") issued by the Ministry of Finance of the PRC ("MOF"). In addition, the Group discloses relevant financial information in accordance with the Hong Kong Company Ordinance and the Listing Rules of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

The financial statements are presented on a going-concern basis.

The Group's accounting is measured on an accrual accounting basis. Except for certain financial instruments, the financial statements adopted historical cost as the measurement basis. In case of any asset impairment, impairment provision shall be made according to the relevant provisions.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The Group determines the depreciation of fixed assets, amortization of intangible assets, capitalization conditions of research and development expenses, and revenue recognition policies based on its own production and operation characteristics. Details about accounting policies are set out in Note III.16, Note III.19, Note III.20 and Note III.25.

1. Statement of compliance with the accounting standards for business enterprises

The financial statements are in compliance with the requirement of the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises, and have reflected truly and completely such relevant information of the Group as the consolidated and the Company financial conditions as at 31 December 2024 as well as the consolidated and the Company operating results and combined cash flows for 2024.

2. Accounting period

The Group has adopted the calendar year as its accounting year, i.e. from 1 January to 31 December.

3. Operating cycle

The operating cycle of the Company is 12 months.

4. Functional currency

The Company and its domestic subsidiaries use CHINA YUAN as the functional currency. The Company's foreign subsidiaries determine to use CHINA YUAN as their functional currencies based on the currency of the primary economic environment in which they operate. The currency used by the Group in preparing this financial statements is CHINA YUAN.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

5. Determination of materiality criteria and basis for selection

| Item | Materiality criteria |
|---|--|
| Material accounts receivable with provision for bad debts on individual basis | Accounts receivable with a single amount of more than RMB4 million |
| Prepayments aged over 1 year with material amount | Prepayments aged over 1 year with a single amount of more than RMB4 million |
| Material accounts payable aged over 1 year | Accounts payable aged over 1 year with a single amount of more than RMB4 million |
| Material contract liabilities aged over 1 year | Contract liabilities aged over 1 year with a single amount of more than RMB4 million |
| Material other payable aged over 1 year | Other payable aged over 1 year with a single amount of more than RMB4 million |
| Material capitalized R&D Projects | Project with a current period increase or ending balance of more than RMB10 million |
| Material non-wholly owned subsidiaries | Non-wholly owned subsidiary with a total revenue or total assets accounting for more than 15% of the Group's total revenue or total assets |
| Material associates | Book value accounting for more than 5% of the total assets in the consolidated statements, or investment income from the associate (losses are calculated on an absolute basis) accounting for more than 10% of the net profit in the consolidated statement |

6. Accounting treatments for business combinations involving entities under and not under common control

(1) Business combinations involving entities under common control

For the business combinations involving entities under common control, the assets and liabilities that are obtained in the business combinations shall be measured at their original carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements at the combination date as recorded by the combined party. The difference between the carrying amount of the net assets obtained and the carrying amount of assets paid shall be adjusted to capital reserve, and if the capital reserve is not sufficient to absorb the difference, any excess difference shall be adjusted to the retained earnings.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

6. Accounting treatments for business combinations involving entities under and not under common control (continued)

(1) Business combinations involving entities under common control (continued)

Business combinations involving entities under common control realized step by step through multiple transactions

In the separate financial statements, the initial investment cost is calculated based on the shareholding portion of the assets and liabilities obtained and are measured at the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements as recorded by the enterprise being combined at the combination date. The difference between the initial investment cost and the sum of the carrying amount of the original investment cost and the carrying amount of consideration paid for the combination is adjusted to the capital reserve, if the capital reserve is not sufficient to absorb the difference, and the excess difference shall be adjusted to retained earnings.

In the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities obtained at the combination shall be measured at the carrying value in the consolidated financial statements as recorded by the enterprise at combination date. The difference between the sum of the carrying value from original shareholding portion and the new investment cost incurred at combination date and the carrying value of net assets obtained at combination date shall be adjusted to capital reserve, if the balance of capital reserve is not sufficient to absorb the differences, any excess is adjusted to retained earnings. The long-term investment held by the combination party, the recognized profit or loss, other comprehensive income and other change of owners' equity between the later of the acquisition date and the date on which the combination party and the party being combined under common control and the combination date shall separately offset the opening balance of retained earnings and profit or loss during comparative statements.

(2) Business combinations involving entities not under common control

For the business combinations involving entities not under common control, the merger cost shall be fair value of the assets paid, liabilities incurred or assumed or the equity securities on the date of acquisition for the control of the acquiree. On the date of acquisition, the acquired assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree shall be recognized at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

6. Accounting treatments for business combinations involving entities under and not under common control (continued)

(2) Business combinations involving entities not under common control (continued)

The excess of the merger costs over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill, and subsequent measurement shall be carried out at cost minus the accumulated impairment provision; the shortfall of the merger costs below the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired at the date of acquisition shall be included in the current profit and loss after review.

The relevant contingent consideration is recorded into the combination costs at its fair value at the acquisition date, and the goodwill is adjusted if the new or additional evidences of adjustment to contingent considerations emerged within 12 months from the acquisition date.

Business combinations involving entities not under common control realized step by step through multiple transactions

In the separate financial statements, the sum of the book value of the equity investment in the acquiree held prior to the date of acquisition and the additional investment cost incurred on the date of acquisition shall be recognized as the initial investment cost of the investment. Other comprehensive income recognized by the equity method for equity investment held prior to the date of acquisition shall not be treated on the date of acquisition. Accounting treatment shall be carried out using the same basis as adopted by the invested entity to directly dispose of the relevant assets or liabilities upon the disposal of the investment; the owners' equity recognized due to the other changes to the owners' equity of the invested entity, other than the net profit and loss, other comprehensive income and profit distribution, shall be transferred to current profit and loss in the period when the investment is disposed of. If the equity investment held by the entity prior to the acquisition date is measured at fair value, the cumulative changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income shall be transferred to retained earnings when accounted for using cost method.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

6. Accounting treatments for business combinations involving entities under and not under common control (continued)

(2) Business combinations involving entities not under common control (continued)

In the consolidation financial statements, the combination cost is the sum of consideration paid at acquisition date and fair value of the acquiree's equity investment held prior to acquisition date. The cost of equity of the acquiree held prior to acquisition date shall be re-measured at the fair value at acquisition date, the difference between the fair value and book value shall be recognized as investment income or loss for the current period. Other comprehensive income and changes of investment equity related with acquiree's equity held prior to acquisition date shall be transferred to investment profit or loss for current period at acquisition date, except for other comprehensive income from the changes of net assets or net liabilities due to the re-measurement of defined benefit plan.

(3) Treatment of relevant transaction expenses in the business combinations

The intermediary fees (including audit, legal service, evaluation and consultation fees) and other relevant overheads incurred for business combination shall be included in the current profit and loss when they are incurred. Transaction fees of equity securities or debt securities issued as consideration for business combination shall be included in the initially recognized amount of equity securities or debt securities.

7. Criteria for determining the existence of control and preparation of the consolidated financial statements

(1) Criteria for determining the existence of control

The scope of consolidation shall be determined based on the concept of control. Control refers to the Company's power over the investee, variable returns arising from its participation in the investee's relevant activities, and the ability to affect the amount of such returns by using its power over the investee. When changes in relevant facts and circumstances lead to changes in the relevant elements involved in the definition of control, the Company will conduct a reassessment.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

7. Criteria for determining the existence of control and preparation of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(1) Criteria for determining the existence of control (continued)

In determining whether to include a structured entity in the scope of consolidation, the Company assesses whether it has control over the structured entity based on all the facts and circumstances, including an assessment of the purpose for which the structured entity was established and its design, an identification of the type of variable returns, and whether it has assumed some or all of the variability of the returns through its participation in its related activities.

(2) Preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements shall be prepared by the Company on the basis of the financial statements of the Company and the subsidiaries and according to other relevant information. When preparing consolidated financial statements, the accounting policies and accounting period requirements of the Company and its subsidiaries shall be consistent, and major transactions and balances between companies shall be offset.

During the reporting period, the subsidiaries and businesses added due to the business combinations involving entities under common control are deemed to be included in the Company's consolidation scope from the date they are controlled by the ultimate controlling party. The operating results and cash flows from the date they are controlled by the ultimate controlling party shall be included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated cash flow statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

7. Criteria for determining the existence of control and preparation of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(2) Preparation of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

During the reporting period, if subsidiaries and businesses are added due to the business combinations involving entities not under common control, the income, expense and profit of the relevant subsidiaries and businesses from the date of acquisition to the end of the reporting period shall be included into the consolidated income statement, and the cash flow shall be included into the consolidated cash flow statement.

The portion of a subsidiary's equity not attributable to the Company is recognized as minority interests, which is presented separately under shareholders' equity in the consolidated balance sheet. A subsidiary's net profit and loss for the period attributable to minority interests is presented as "profit or loss of minority interests" under net profit in the consolidated income statement. When the amount of a subsidiary's loss attributable to the minority shareholders exceeds the minority shareholders' share in the opening balance of owners' equity of the subsidiary, the excess is deducted from the minority interests.

(3) Acquisition of minority shareholders' equity in subsidiary

The difference between the additional long-term equity investment cost arising from the acquisition of minority equity and the net assets of the subsidiary attributable to the Company, which is calculated according to the new holding proportion since the date of acquisition or the date of merger, and if the parent company disposes of part of its equity investment in the subsidiary without losing its control, the difference between the disposal price and the net assets of the subsidiary corresponding to the long-term equity investment disposed of since the date of acquisition or the date of merger shall be covered by adjusting the capital reserve of the consolidated balance sheet; if the capital reserve is not sufficient for write-off, retained earnings shall be adjusted.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

7. Criteria for determining the existence of control and preparation of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

(4) Treatment of loss of control over a subsidiary

If the Company loses the control over the subsidiaries due to the disposal of part of the equity investment or other reasons, the remaining equity shall be re-measured according to its fair value on the date when the control is lost. The balance of the sum of the consideration obtained from the disposal of equity and the fair value of the remaining equity less the sum of the share of book value of net assets and good will for the relevant subsidiaries attributable to the Company calculated from the date of acquisition according to the original holding proportion shall be recorded into the investment income for the period covering the date when the control is lost.

Other comprehensive income related to the equity investment in the former subsidiaries shall be accounted for at the time of loss of control on the same basis as if the former subsidiaries had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities, and other changes in ownership interests related to the former subsidiaries that involve changes under the equity method of accounting shall be transferred to profit or loss in the current period at the time of loss of control.

8. Determination standards for cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and deposits that can be readily drawn on demand. Cash equivalents are the Group's short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

9. Foreign currency transactions

If foreign currency transactions of the Group occur, they are translated into the amount of functional currency by applying the spot exchange rate at the dates of the transactions.

At the balance sheet date, for monetary items denominated in foreign currencies, the spot exchange rate at the balance sheet date is used for translation. Exchange differences arising from the differences between the spot exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date and those spot rates used on initial recognition or at the previous balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss for the current period; foreign currency non-monetary items carried at historical cost continue to be measured at the amounts in functional currency translated using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions; foreign currency non-monetary items at fair value are translated using the spot exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Differences between the translated amount and the original amount of functional currency are included in profit or loss for the current period or other comprehensive income based on the nature of the non-monetary items.

10. Financial instruments

Financial instruments refer to the contract that forms the financial assets of one party and the financial liabilities or equity instruments of other parties.

(1) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

The Company recognizes a financial asset or financial liability when it becomes a party to a financial instrument contract.

The financial asset shall be derecognized when meeting one of the following conditions:

- ① The right of the contract to receive the cash flows of financial assets terminates;
- ② The financial asset has been transferred and meets the following conditions for derecognition.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(1) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments (continued)

A financial liability or part thereof is derecognized when the present obligation of the financial liability is discharged in whole or in part. If the Group (debtor) signs an agreement with the creditor to replace the existing financial liability by undertaking new financial liability, and the contract terms for the new financial liability and the existing financial liability are substantially different, the Group shall derecognize the existing financial liability and recognize the new financial liability.

Purchases and sales of financial assets in the regular way shall be accounted for and derecognized on a trade date basis.

(2) Classification and measurement of financial assets

At the time of initial recognition, the Company divides financial assets into the following three categories based on the business model of managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets: financial assets at amortized cost, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, and financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets are initially recognized at their fair value. For financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, any related transaction costs are charged to profit or loss; for other categories of financial assets, any related transaction costs are included in their initial costs. For accounts receivable arising from the sale of goods or provision of services that do not contain or do not take into account any significant financing component, the amount of consideration that the Group is expected to be entitled to receive shall be the initial recognition amount.

Financial assets at amortized cost

The Company classifies financial assets that meet the following conditions and are not designated as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, as financial assets at amortized cost:

- The financial assets are managed by the Group within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows;
- The contractual terms of the financial asset stipulate that the cash flow generated on a particular date is only the payment of the principal and interest based on the outstanding principal amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(2) Classification and measurement of financial assets

After the initial recognition, the effective interest rate method shall be used to measure such financial assets at amortized cost. The gains or losses arising from financial assets at amortized cost and that are not part of any hedging relationship shall be included in the current profit and loss when they are derecognized, amortized according to the effective interest method, or recognized as impairment.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets that simultaneously meet the following conditions and are not designated as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, shall be classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

- The purpose for the business model of the Group to manage the financial assets is to collect the contract cash flow and dispose of the financial assets.
- The contractual terms of the financial asset stipulate that the cash flow generated on a particular date is only the payment of the principal and interest based on the outstanding principal amount.

After the initial recognition, subsequent measurement of such financial assets shall be carried out at fair value. Interest, impairment losses or gains and exchange gains and losses calculated using the effective interest rate method shall be included in the current profit and loss, and other gains or losses shall be included in other comprehensive income. When the derecognition is implemented, the accumulated gains or losses previously included in other comprehensive income shall be transferred from other comprehensive income and included in the current profit and loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(2) Classification and measurement of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Except for the aforementioned financial assets at amortized cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income, the Group classifies all other financial assets as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. At the time of initial recognition, in order to eliminate or significantly reduce accounting mismatches, the Group irrevocably designates part of the financial assets at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

After initial recognition, such financial assets shall be subsequently measured at fair value, and the resulting gains or losses (including interest and dividend income) shall be included in the current profit and loss, unless the financial assets are part of the hedging relationship.

However, for non-trading equity instrument investments, the Group irrevocably designates them as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income at the time of initial recognition. The designation is made on the basis of a single investment, and the relevant investment meets the definition of an equity instrument from the issuer's perspective.

After the initial recognition, subsequent measurement of such financial assets shall be carried out at fair value. Dividend income that meets the conditions shall be included in profit and loss, and other gains or losses and changes in fair value shall be included in other comprehensive income. When the derecognition is implemented, the accumulated gains or losses previously included in other comprehensive income shall be transferred from other comprehensive income and included in retained earnings.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(2) Classification and measurement of financial assets (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

The business model of managing financial assets indicates how the Group manages financial assets in order to generate cash flow. The business model determines whether the source of cash flow of the financial assets managed by the Group is to collect contractual cash flows, sell financial assets, or both. The Group determines the business model for managing financial assets based on objective facts and the specific business objectives of managing financial assets determined by key management personnel.

The Group evaluates the contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets to determine whether the contractual cash flow generated by the relevant financial assets on a specific date is only the payment of principal and interest based on the outstanding principal amount. Principal refers to the fair value of financial assets at the time of initial recognition; interest includes consideration for the time value of money, credit risk related to the outstanding principal amount in a specific period, and other basic borrowing risks, costs and profits. In addition, the Group evaluates contract terms that may cause changes in the time distribution or amount of contractual cash flows of financial assets, to determine whether they meet the above-mentioned contractual cash flow characteristics.

Only when the Group changes the business model of managing financial assets, all affected financial assets shall be reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period after the business model is changed, otherwise the financial assets shall not be reclassified after initial recognition.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(3) Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities are classified at the time of initial recognition as: financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, and financial liabilities at amortized cost. For financial liabilities that are not classified as those at fair value through profit or loss, the relevant transaction costs shall be included in the initial recognition amount.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include trading financial liabilities and financial liabilities designated as fair value through profit or loss at the initial recognition. For such financial liabilities, subsequent measurement shall be carried out at fair value, and gains or losses arising from changes in fair value and the dividends and interest expenses related to these financial liabilities shall be included in the current profit and loss.

Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Other financial liabilities adopt the effective interest rate method and are subsequently measured at amortized cost. The gains or losses arising from derecognition or amortization shall be included in the current profit and loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(3) Classification and measurement of financial liabilities (continued)

Distinction between financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities refer to liabilities that meet one of the following conditions:

- ① The contractual obligation to pay cash or deliver other financial assets to other parties;
- ② The contractual obligation to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with other parties under potentially unfavorable conditions;
- ③ The non-derivative instrument contract which must or may be settled through the enterprise's own equity instrument and based on which the enterprise will deliver a variable quantity of its own equity instruments;
- ④ The derivative instrument contract which must or may be settled through the enterprise's own equity instrument, except for the derivative instrument contract based on which the enterprise exchange fixed amount of its own equity instruments for fixed amount cash or other financial assets.

Equity instrument refers to a contract that can prove the ownership of remaining equity in the assets of an enterprise after deducting all liabilities.

If the Group cannot unconditionally avoid the delivery of cash or other financial assets to fulfill a contractual obligation, the contractual obligation meets the definition of a financial liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(3) Classification and measurement of financial liabilities (continued)

Distinction between financial liabilities and equity instruments (continued)

If a financial instrument must be settled with or can be settled with the Group's own equity instruments, it is necessary to consider whether the Group's own equity instruments used to settle the instrument shall be used as a substitute for cash or other financial assets, or to make the holder of the instrument enjoy the remaining equity in the issuer's assets after deducting all liabilities. If it is the former, the instrument is a financial liability of the Group; if it is the latter, the instrument is an equity instrument of the Group.

(4) Derivative financial instruments and embedded derivative instruments

Derivative financial instruments of the Group are initially measured at the fair value as at the signing date of the derivative transaction contract and subsequently measured at its fair value. Derivative financial instruments with a positive fair value are recognized as an asset, and those with a negative fair value are recognized as a liability. Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value that do not meet the requirements of hedge accounting shall be directly included in the current profit and loss.

For hybrid instrument that includes embedded derivatives, such as the Master Contract as a financial asset, the hybrid instrument as a whole shall be subject to the relevant regulations on the classification of financial assets. If the Master Contract is not a financial asset, and the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value through profit or loss for accounting treatment, the embedded derivative instruments do not have a close relationship with the Master Contract in terms of economic characteristics and risks. If a separate instrument, with the same condition as embedded derivative instruments, meets the definition of a derivative instrument, the embedded derivative instruments shall be separated from the hybrid instrument and treated as a separate derivative financial instrument. If the embedded derivative instruments cannot be measured separately at the time of acquisition or on the subsequent balance sheet date, the hybrid instrument as a whole shall be designated as a financial asset or financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(5) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value determination method for financial assets and financial liabilities is described in Note III. 11.

(6) Impairment of financial assets

The Group, based on the expected credit loss, conducts impairment accounting treatments on the following items and recognizes the provision for losses:

- Financial assets at amortized cost;
- Debt investments that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- Contract assets as defined in the "Accounting Standard for Business Enterprises No. 14 – Revenue";
- Lease receivables;
- Financial guarantee (contracts), except for those carried at fair value through profit or loss, those which the transfer of financial assets does not satisfy the condition of derecognition or those formed as a result of continued involvement of the transferred financial assets.

Measurement of expected credit losses (ECLs)

The ECL is a weighted average of credit losses on financial instruments weighted at the risk of default. Credit loss refers to the difference between all contractual cash flows receivable under the contract and all cash flows expected to be received by the Group and discounted at the original effective interest rate, that is, the present value of all cash shortages.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(6) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Measurement of expected credit losses (ECLs) (continued)

The Group calculates the probability-weighted amount of the present value for the difference between the contractual cash flow receivable and the expected cash flow received to confirm expected credit losses considering reasonable and evidence-based information such as relevant past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions, and taking the risk of default as the weight.

The Group measures the expected credit losses of financial instruments at different stages separately. If the credit risk of the financial instrument does not increase significantly since the initial recognition, it would be classified in Stage 1, and the Group would measure loss allowance according to the future 12-month expected credit losses. If the credit risk of a financial instrument has significantly increased since the initial recognition but not yet credit-impaired, it would be classified in Stage 2, and the Group would measure loss allowance according to the lifetime expected credit losses of that instrument. If the financial instrument has credit-impaired since the initial recognition, it would be classified in Stage 3, and the Group would measure loss allowance according to the lifetime expected credit losses of that instrument.

For financial instruments with lower credit risk on the balance sheet date, the Group assumes that its credit risk has not increased significantly since the initial recognition, and measures loss allowance according to the 12-month expected credit losses.

Expected credit loss for the entire life is the expected credit loss resulting from all possible events of default throughout the expected life of the financial instrument. Future 12-month ECLs are the portion of ECL for the entire life that results from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the balance sheet date (or the expected life of the instrument, if it is less than 12 months).

When expected credit losses are measured, the longest period that the Group needs to consider is the longest contract period for which the Company faces credit risk (including consideration of the option of renewal).

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(6) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Measurement of expected credit losses (ECLs) (continued)

The Group calculates the interest income based on the book balance without deducting the impairment provision and using the actual interest rate of financial instruments that are in the first and second stages and with lower credit risk. For financial instruments in the third stage, interest income is calculated on the basis of their carrying amount less the amortized cost after the provision for impairment and using the effective interest rate.

Notes receivables, accounts receivables and contract assets

For notes and accounts receivables and contract assets, regardless whether it has significant financing components or not, the Group has been measured its loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

For an individual financial asset, if the expected credit loss cannot be assessed at a reasonable cost, the Group classifies portfolios for notes and accounts receivables and contract assets based on credit risk characteristics, and measures expected credit losses on portfolios basis. The portfolio shall be determined based on the following items:

A. Notes receivables

- Notes receivables portfolio 1: Bankers' acceptance notes
- Notes receivables portfolio 2: Commercial acceptance notes

B. Accounts receivables

- Accounts receivables portfolio 1: E-Government business
- Accounts receivables portfolio 2: E-Commerce

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(6) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Notes receivables, accounts receivables and contract assets (continued)

C. Contract assets

- Contract assets portfolio 1: E-Government business
- Contract assets portfolio 2: E-Commerce

For accounts receivable classified into portfolios, the Group calculates the expected credit loss based on historical credit loss experience, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions, and through the preparation of a comparison table between the aging of accounts receivable and the expected credit loss rate during the entire lifetime. The aging of accounts receivables is calculated from the date of recognition.

For notes receivable and contract assets classified into portfolios, the Group calculates the expected credit loss based on historical credit loss experience, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions, and through the default risk exposure and the expected credit loss rate during the entire lifetime. The aging of notes receivable is calculated from the date of recognition and the aging of contract assets is calculated from the date of recognition.

Other receivables

The Group divides other receivables into certain portfolios based on credit risk characteristics and calculates the expected credit loss on the basis of the portfolios. The portfolios shall be determined based on the following items:

- Other receivables portfolio 1: Margin and deposits
- Other receivables portfolio 2: Contingency provision
- Other receivables portfolio 3: Current account and others

For other receivables classified into portfolios, the Group calculates expected credit losses based on the default risk exposure and the expected credit loss rate within the next 12 months or during the entire lifetime. For other receivables which are classified based on age portfolio, the aging is calculated from the date of recognition.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(6) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Debt investments, other debt investments

For debt investments and other debt investments, the Group calculates expected credit losses through default risk exposures and expected credit loss rates over the next 12 months or the entire duration, depending on the nature of the investment and the types of counterparties and risk exposures.

Assessment of a significant increase in credit risk

The Group compares the risk of default on the balance sheet date of financial instruments with the risk of default on the date of initial recognition, to determine the relative change in the risk of default during the expected lifetime of financial instruments so as to assess whether the credit risk of financial instruments has increased significantly since initial recognition.

When determining whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group considers reasonable and evidence-based information (including forward-looking information) that can be obtained without unnecessary additional costs or efforts. The Group shall consider the following information:

- Failure of the debtor to pay the principal and interest pursuant to the contract deadline;
- A serious deterioration in the external or internal credit rating (if any) of the financial instruments that has occurred or is expected;
- A serious deterioration in the debtor's operating results that has occurred or is expected;
- The existing or anticipated changes in technology, market, economy or legal environment that will have a significant adverse impact on the debtor's ability to repay the Group.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(6) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Assessment of a significant increase in credit risk (continued)

According to the nature of financial instruments, the Group assesses whether the credit risk has increased significantly on the basis of individual financial instrument or a combination of financial instruments. When conducting assessment based on a combination of financial instruments, the Group can classify financial instruments based on common credit risk characteristics, such as overdue information and credit risk ratings.

The Group determines that the credit risk on a financial instrument has significantly increased if it is past due over 30 days.

The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- The borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realizing security (if any is held); or
- A financial instrument is past due over 90 days.

Credit-impaired financial assets

On the balance sheet date, the Group assesses whether financial assets at amortized cost and debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income have experienced credit impairment. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have an adverse impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit impaired includes the following observable information:

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(6) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Credit-impaired financial assets (continued)

- The issuer or debtor has serious financial difficulties;
- The debtor breaches the contract terms, for instance, failing to pay or delaying the payment of interests or the principal;
- Considering the economic or contractual conditions related to the debtor's financial difficulties, the Group gives the debtor concessions that the Group will not make under any other circumstances;
- The debtor will probably become bankrupt or carry out other financial reorganizations;
- The issuer or debtor's financial difficulties have led to the disappearance of the active market for the financial asset.

Presentation of provision for expected credit loss

To reflect changes in the credit risk of financial instruments since initial recognition, the Group re-measures expected credit losses on each balance sheet date, and the resulting increase in provision for loss or the amount reversed shall be included in the current profit and loss as impairment loss or gain. For financial assets at amortized cost, the provision for loss shall be offset against the book value of the financial asset listed in the balance sheet; for debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, the Group shall recognize the provision for loss in other comprehensive income, and the book value of the financial asset shall not be offset.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(6) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Write-off

If the Group no longer reasonably expects that the contractual cash flow of a financial asset can be recovered in whole or in part, the book balance of the financial asset shall be written off directly. Such write-downs constitute derecognition of the underlying financial assets. This is usually the case when the Group determines that the debtor has no assets or sources of income that can generate sufficient cash flow to repay the amount to be written off. However, in accordance with the Group's procedures for collecting due payments, the financial assets that have been written off may still be subject to activities performed.

If a financial asset that has been written down is subsequently recovered, the reversal of the impairment loss is recognized as a gain or loss in the period in which it is recovered.

(7) Transfer of financial assets

The transfer of financial assets refers to the transfer or delivery of financial assets to a party (the transferee) other than the issuer of the financial asset.

If substantially all the risks and returns related to the ownership of the financial asset are transferred to the transferee by the Group, the Group shall derecognize the financial asset; if the Group retains substantially all the risks and returns related to the ownership of the financial asset, the Group shall not derecognize the financial asset.

If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and returns related to the ownership of the financial asset, it shall be dealt with respectively in accordance with the circumstances as follows: if the control over the financial assets is abandoned, the financial assets shall be derecognized and the resulting assets and liabilities shall be recognized; if the financial asset is controlled, relevant financial assets shall be recognized according to the extent of its continued involvement in the transferred financial assets, and the relevant liabilities shall be recognized accordingly.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

10. Financial instruments (continued)

(8) Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

If the Group has the statutory right to offset the recognized financial assets and financial liabilities, and the statutory rights are currently enforceable, and the Group plans to settle the financial assets or simultaneously realize the financial assets and pay off the financial liabilities, the financial assets and financial liabilities are presented in the balance sheet at the amount after mutual offset. Besides, the financial assets and financial liabilities are separately presented in the balance sheet, and they are not subject to mutual offset.

11. Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that a market participant would receive to sell an asset or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction occurring on the measurement date.

The Group measures relevant assets or liabilities at fair value, assuming that the orderly transaction of selling assets or transferring liabilities takes place in the major market of relevant assets or liabilities; if there is no major market, the Group shall assume that the transaction will proceed in the market most favorable to the relevant assets or liabilities. The major market (or the most favorable market) is the trading market that the Group can enter on the measurement date. The Group adopts the assumptions used by market participants for maximizing their economic benefits when pricing the asset or liability.

For financial assets or financial liabilities, if there exists an active market, the Group shall adopt the quoted price in the active market to determine their fair values. For financial instruments, if there exists no active market, the Group shall adopt the valuation technique to determine their fair values.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

11. Fair value measurement (continued)

Where a non-financial asset is measured at fair value, consideration is given to the ability of a market participant to generate economic benefits from the use of the asset for its best purpose or the ability to generate economic benefits from the sale of the asset to other market participants who are able to use it for its best purpose.

The Group adopts valuation techniques that are applicable under current circumstances and have sufficient available data and other information support, and prioritizes the use of relevant observable input values. The Group shall use unobservable input values only when observable input values cannot be obtained or are not practicable.

For assets and liabilities that are measured or disclosed at fair value in financial statements, the corresponding fair value level shall be determined based on the lowest level of input value that is important to the fair value measurement as a whole: the first-level input value is unadjusted quotation of the same asset or liability in the active market available on the measurement date; the second-level input value is the directly or indirectly observable input value of relevant asset or liability in addition to the first-level input value; the third-level input value is unobservable input value of relevant assets or liabilities.

On each balance sheet date, the Group re-evaluates the assets and liabilities at fair value recognized in the financial statements, to determine whether there is a conversion between the fair value measurement levels.

12. Inventories

(1) Categories of inventories

The inventory of the Group includes costs of contract performance and finished products.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

12. Inventories (continued)

(2) Pricing method for inventory delivery

The Group's inventory is priced at actual cost when it is received. Finished products and other inventories are valued with weighted average method when they are released, and costs of contract performance are valued with individual valuation method.

(3) Basis of determination and method of making provision for inventory impairment

On the balance sheet date, inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Provision for impairment of inventories is made when the net realizable value is lower than the cost.

The net realizable value refers to the estimated selling price of inventories deducted by estimated costs until they are made into finished goods, estimated selling expense and relevant taxes. The determination of the net realizable value of inventories is based on conclusive evidence obtained, taking into account the purpose for which the inventories are held and the effect of events after the balance sheet date.

The Group usually makes inventory impairment provision based on one single inventory item. For inventories with large quantities and relatively low unit price, provision for impairment is made according to the type of inventory.

On the balance sheet date, if the factors affecting the previous write-down of the inventory value have disappeared, the amount of the write-down shall be restored and reversed within the amount of the original provision for inventory depreciation.

(4) Inventory system

The Group adopts perpetual inventory system.

(5) Amortization method for low-value consumables

The Group adopts the immediate write-off method for amortization when receiving low-value consumables.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

13. Held-for-sale and discontinued operations

(1) Recognition criteria and accounting treatment of non-current assets or disposal groups held for sale

When the Group recovers the book value of a non-current asset or disposal group through disposal (including the non-monetary asset exchange of business nature) rather than continuous use, the non-current asset or disposal group will be classified into the held-for-sale type.

The aforesaid non-current asset does not include the investment property subsequently measured through fair value, the biological assets measured at the net amount of the fair value deducting the sales expense, the assets generated from payroll, financial assets, deferred income tax assets and rights from insurance contract.

Disposal group refers to a group of assets that will be sold or otherwise disposed of as a whole in a transaction and the liabilities directly related to the assets transferred in the transaction. In certain situations, the disposal group includes the goodwill acquired in the business combination.

The non-current assets or disposal groups meeting all the following criteria will be classified into the held-for-sale type: The non-current asset or disposal group can be sold immediately in the current status according to the practices for the disposal of such non-current assets or disposal groups in similar transactions; the sale is probable to occur, that is, resolution has been made for a sale plan and definite purchase commitment has been obtained, and it is estimated the sale will be completed in a year. If the control over the subsidiary is lost due to the disposal of the investment in the subsidiary, no matter the Company retains some equity investment after the disposal or not, when the investment in the subsidiary proposed for disposal meets the classification criteria of the held-for-sale type, the investment in the subsidiary shall be classified into the held-for-sale type entirely in the individual financial statement, and all the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary shall be classified into the held-for-sale type in the consolidated financial statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

13. Held-for-sale and discontinued operations (continued)

(1) Recognition criteria and accounting treatment of non-current assets or disposal groups held for sale (continued)

The difference between the book value and the net amount of the fair value deducting the sales expense shall be recognized as the asset impairment loss upon initial measurement or when the non-current asset held for sale or disposal group is remeasured on the balance sheet date. To determine the asset impairment loss for the disposal group held for sale, the book value of the goodwill in the disposal group shall be deducted, and then its book value shall be deducted in proportion according to the percentages of the book value of the individual non-current assets in the disposal group.

If the net amount of the fair value deducting the sales expense of the non-current asset held for sale and disposal group is increased on the subsequent balance sheet date, the previously written down amount shall be restored, and reversed in the asset impairment loss amount recognized after it was classified into the held-for-sale type, with the reversal amount recorded into the profit and loss for the current period, provided that the deducted book value of the goodwill shall not be reversed.

The non-current asset held for sale and the assets in the disposal group held for sale will not be subject to depreciation provision or amortization, while the interests and other expenses of the liabilities in the disposal group held for sale shall be recognized. As far as the investment in the joint venture and affiliate is concerned, for the part classified into the held-for-sale type, the accounting with equity method shall be stopped, while the remaining part (which is not classified into the held-for-sale type) shall still be accounted for using the equity method. When the Group loses the significant influence on the joint venture and affiliate due to the sale, the use of equity method shall be stopped.

When certain non-current asset or disposal group classified into the held-for-sale type no longer meets the classification criteria for held-for-sale type, the Group shall stop classifying it into the held-for-sale type and measure it according to the lower of the following two amounts:

- ① The amount of book value of the asset of disposal group before it was classified into the held-for-sale type after being adjusted with the depreciation, amortization or impairment that should be recognized if it was not classified into the held-for-sale type;
- ② the recoverable amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

13. Held-for-sale and discontinued operations (continued)

(2) Recognition criteria of discontinued operations

Discontinued operation refers to the component meeting one of the following conditions that has been disposed of by the Company or classified by the Company into the held-for-sale type and can be identified separately:

- ① The component represents an independent principal business or a separate principal business place.
- ② The component is a part of the related plan for disposing of an independent principal business or a separate principal business place.
- ③ The component is a subsidiary acquired for resale.

(3) Presentation

The Group presents the non-current assets held for sale and the assets in the disposal group held for sale under "assets held for sale", and the liabilities in the disposal group held for sale under "liabilities held for sale" in the balance sheet.

The Group presents the profit and loss for continuing operation and profit and loss for discontinued operation in the income statement. The impairment loss and reversal amount and disposal profit and loss of the non-current assets held for sale and disposal group not meeting the definition of discontinued operation will be presented as the profit and loss of continuing operation. The operating profit and loss (such as impairment loss and reversal amount) and disposal profit and loss of the discontinued operation will be presented as the profit and loss of the discontinued operation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

13. Held-for-sale and discontinued operations (continued)

(3) Presentation (continued)

The disposal group proposed for retirement rather than sale and meeting the condition about the relevant component in the definition of the discontinued operation will be presented as discontinued operation on and from the date of retirement.

For the discontinued operation reported in the current period, the information formerly presented as profit and loss of continuing operation will be presented as the profit and loss of discontinued operation for the comparable accounting period in the financial statement of the current period. If the discontinued operation no longer meets the classification criteria for held-for-sale type, the information formerly presented as profit and loss of discontinued operation will be presented as the profit and loss of continuing operation for the comparable accounting period in the financial statement of the current period.

14. Long-term equity investment

Long-term equity investments include equity investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates. Where the Group can exert significant influence on the investee, the investee is an associate of the Group.

(1) Determination of initial investment cost

Long-term equity investment arising from the business combinations involving entities: For the long-term equity investment arising from the business combinations involving entities under common control, the share of the owner's equity of the merged entity in the book value in the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate controlling party as at the date of merger shall be taken as the investment cost; for the long-term equity investment arising from the merger of the enterprises not under common control, the merger cost shall be taken as the investment cost of long-term equity investment.

Long-term equity investment obtained by other means: For the long-term equity investment obtained by paying cash, the actual purchase price shall be taken as the initial investment cost; for the long-term equity investment arising from issuing equity securities, the fair value of the issued equity securities shall be taken as the initial investment cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

14. Long-term equity investment (continued)

(2) Subsequent measurement and recognition method of profits and losses

The investment in subsidiary will be accounted for using cost method, unless the investment meets the criteria of held-for-sale type. The investment in joint venture and associate will be accounted with equity method.

For long-term equity investments subject to accounting with the cost method, in addition to the actual price paid when the investment is acquired or the cash dividends or profits that have been declared but not issued in the consideration, the cash dividends or profit distribution declared by the investee shall be recognized as investment income and included in the current profit and loss.

In the case of equity method accounting, if the initial investment cost of the long-term equity investment is more than its share in the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the invested entity during the investment, the investment cost of the long-term equity investment shall not be adjusted; if the initial investment cost is less than its share in the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the invested entity, the book value of long-term equity investment shall be adjusted, and the difference shall be included in the current profit and loss of the investment.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

14. Long-term equity investment (continued)

(2) Subsequent measurement and recognition method of profits and losses (continued)

In the case of making accounting using the equity method, the Company shall recognize the investment income and other comprehensive income according to the share of the realized net profit and loss and other comprehensive income of the invested entity attributable to the Company, and adjust the book value of the long-term equity investment. The Company shall write down the book value of the long-term equity investment according to share of the profit or cash dividend declared by the invested entity attributable to the Company. Other changes to the owner's equity of the invested entity, other than the net profit and loss, other comprehensive income and profit distribution, shall be used to adjust the book value of the long-term equity investment and included in capital reserve (other capital reserves). When recognizing its share in the net profit and loss of the invested entity, the Company shall recognize it on the basis of the fair value of the identifiable assets of the invested entity when acquiring the investment and after adjusting the net profit of the invested entity in accordance with the Group's accounting policies and accounting period.

If it is possible to exert significant influence on or implement joint control (rather than control) over the investee due to additional investment or other reasons, on the date of conversion, the sum of the fair value of original equity plus the additional investment cost shall be taken as the initial investment cost subject to accounting with the equity method. If an equity interest is classified as a non-trading equity instrument investment that is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the cumulative changes in fair value associated with it that were previously included in other comprehensive income are transferred to retained earnings when using the equity method of accounting.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

14. Long-term equity investment (continued)

(2) Subsequent measurement and recognition method of profits and losses (continued)

If the Group loses the joint control or significant influence on the investee due to the disposal of some equity investment or other reasons, the remaining equity after disposal will be subject to the accounting treatment according to Accounting Standard for Business Enterprises No. 22 – Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments on the date when the joint control or significant influence is lost, and the difference between the fair value and book value will be recorded into the profit and loss for the current period. Other comprehensive income recognized due to the accounting of the original equity investment with equity method shall be subject to accounting treatment using the same basis as adopted by the invested entity to directly dispose of the relevant assets or liabilities when the equity method is no longer adopted for accounting; other changes to the owner's equity related to the original equity investment shall be transferred to the current profit and loss.

If the Group loses the control on the investee due to the disposal of some equity investment or other reasons, but still can implement joint control or exert significant influence on the investee with the remaining equity after disposal, equity method will be used for accounting, and the remaining equity shall be adjusted as if it is accounted for using equity method since the date of acquisition. If the Group cannot implement joint control or exert significant influence on the investee with the remaining equity after disposal, the accounting treatment shall be made according to the relevant provisions of "Accounting Standard for Business Enterprises No. 22 – Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments", and the difference between the fair value on the date of loss of control and the book value will be recorded into the profit and loss for the current period.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

14. Long-term equity investment (continued)

(2) Subsequent measurement and recognition method of profits and losses (continued)

If the Group's shareholding ratio decreases due to the increase of capital by other investors, thereby the Group loses control over but can exercise joint control or exert significant influence on the investee, the new shareholding ratio shall be used to determine the Company's share in the net assets of the invested entity due to capital ad share increase. The difference between the original book value of the long-term equity investment corresponding to the decline in the shareholding ratio that shall be carried forward shall be included in the current profit and loss; then, the equity method shall be adopted for accounting and adjustment when the investment is acquired based on the new shareholding ratio.

The unrealized profits or losses arising from the intra-group transactions amongst the Group and its associates and joint ventures shall be eliminated in proportion to the Group's equity interest, and then based on which the investment gains or losses are recognized. However, if the unrealized internal transaction loss incurred between the Group and the invested entity belongs to the impairment loss of the transferred asset, it shall not be offset.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

14. Long-term equity investment (continued)

(3) Basis for determining joint control and significant influence on the investee

Common control means the common control over certain arrangement according to relevant agreements, where the activities of the arrangement can be decided only when all the participants sharing the control reach a consensus. When judging whether there is joint control, firstly determine whether all participants or a group of participants collectively control the arrangement, and then determine whether the decision-making on related activities of the arrangement must be unanimously agreed by the participants who collectively control the arrangement. If all participants or a group of participants must act in concert to determine the relevant activities of an arrangement, it shall be deemed that all participants or a group of participants collectively control the arrangement; if a group of two or more participants collectively control an arrangement, it does not constitute joint control. When judging whether there is joint control, the protective rights enjoyed shall not be considered.

Significant influence means the investor has the power to participate in decision-making for the financial and business policies of the investee, but cannot control or jointly control with other parties over the formulation of such policies. In determining whether significant influence can be exercised over an investee, the investor shall consider its direct or indirect holdings of voting shares in the investee and the effect of current exercisable potential voting rights held by the investor and others upon their assumed conversion into equity interests in the investee's units, including the effect of current convertible warrants, share options and convertible corporate bonds issued by the investee, etc.

When the Group directly or indirectly (through a subsidiary) owns more than 20% (including 20%) but less than 50% of the voting shares of the invested entity, the Company is generally considered to have a significant influence on the invested entity, unless there is clear evidence that the Company cannot participate in the production and operation decision-making of the investee, and does not have a significant influence; when the Group owns less than 20% (excluding 20%) of the voting shares of the investee, the Group is generally not considered to have a significant influence on the investee unless there is clear evidence that the Group can participate in the production and operation decision-making of the invested entity and does have a significant influence.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

14. Long-term equity investment (continued)

(4) Equity investment held for sale

For the equity investment in the joint venture or associate which is classified as assets held for sale in whole or in part, please refer to Note III.13 for the accounting treatment.

The remaining equity investment not classified as assets held for sale shall be subject to accounting treatment with equity method.

If the equity investment in the joint venture or associate which is classified as assets held for sale no longer meets the classification criteria of assets held for sale, it shall be subject to adjustment using equity method, with retrospect to the date when it is classified as assets held for sale.

(5) Method of impairment test and provision for impairment

For the investment in subsidiary, joint venture and associate, the method for making asset impairment provision is set out in Note III. 21.

15. Investment properties

Investment properties refer to the properties held for the purpose of earning rent or capital appreciation, or both. The investment properties of the Group include the leased land use right, the land use right held and to-be-transferred after appreciation and the leased buildings.

The Group's investment properties shall be initially measured at the cost at the time of acquisition, and depreciation provision or amortization shall be made on schedule in accordance with the relevant regulations on fixed assets or intangible assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

15. Investment properties (continued)

The Group adopts the cost model for subsequent measurement of the investment properties. The method for asset impairment provision is set out in Note III. 21.

The difference between proceeds from sale, transfer, retirement or damage of an investment property and its book value and related taxes and expenses shall be included in the current profit and loss.

16. Fixed assets

(1) Conditions for recognition of fixed assets

Fixed assets of the Group refer to the tangible assets held for producing goods, providing services, renting or operation and administration purposes with useful life of over one accounting year.

A fixed asset is recognized when the economic benefits associated with such fixed asset are likely to flow into the enterprise and the cost of such fixed asset can be reliably measured.

The fixed assets of the Group are initially measured at the actual cost at the time of acquisition.

Subsequent expenditures related to fixed assets are included in the cost of fixed assets when the economic benefits related to them are likely to flow into the Group and their costs can be measured reliably; the daily repair expenses of fixed assets that do not meet the criteria for subsequent expenditure of fixed assets capitalization shall be included in the current profit or loss or the cost of relevant assets according to the beneficiary at the time of occurrence. The carrying amount of the replaced part shall be derecognized.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

16. Fixed assets (continued)

(2) Depreciation method for various types of fixed assets

The Group adopts equal annual installments method. Depreciation will be started when the fixed asset reaches its expected usable state, and stopped when the fixed asset is derecognized or classified as non-current asset held for sale. Without regard to the depreciation provision, the Group determines the annual depreciation rate of the fixed assets according to the type, estimated service life and estimated residual value of the fixed assets, as shown below:

| Category | Service life (year) | Residual value rate % | Annual depreciation rate % |
|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Machinery and equipment | 3-6 | 5 | 31.67-15.83 |
| Others | 3-5 | 0-5 | 33.33-19.00 |

Where, for the fixed assets for which depreciation provision is made, to determine the depreciation rate, the accumulated amount of the fixed asset depreciation provision that has been made shall be deducted.

- (3) The impairment test method and impairment provision method of the fixed assets are set out in Note III. 21.
- (4) At the end of the year, the Group reviews the useful life, estimated net residual value and depreciation method of fixed assets.

If the estimated useful life is different from the original estimate, the useful life of the fixed asset shall be adjusted; if the expected net residual value is different from the original estimate, the estimated net residual value shall be adjusted.

(5) Disposal of fixed assets

A fixed asset is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The amount of proceeds from disposals on sale, transfer, retirement or damage of a fixed asset net of its carrying value and related taxes and expenses is recognized in profit or loss for the current period.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

17. Construction in progress

The cost of construction in process of the Group is determined based on actual project expenditures, including various necessary project expenditures incurred during the construction period, capitalized borrowing costs before the project is ready for its intended use, and other related expenses.

Construction in process is carried forward to fixed assets when it is ready for its intended use.

The method of provision for asset impairment in connection with construction in process is set out in Note III. 21.

18. Borrowing costs

(1) Recognition principle of capitalization of borrowing costs

If the borrowing costs incurred by the Group can be directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that meet the capitalization conditions, they shall be capitalized and included in the cost of relevant assets; other borrowing costs shall be recognized as expenses based on the amount incurred and included in the current profit and loss. The borrowing costs shall be capitalized if meeting the following conditions simultaneously:

- ① Asset expenditures have been incurred, including expenditures arising from paying cash, transferring non-cash assets, or assuming interest-bearing debts for the acquisition and construction or production of assets eligible for capitalization;
- ② Borrowing costs have been incurred;
- ③ The acquisition, construction or production activities necessary for the assets to reach the intended usable or saleable state have begun.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

18. Borrowing costs (continued)

(2) Period of capitalization of borrowing costs

When the assets for the Group's acquisition, construction or production that meet the capitalization conditions reach the intended usable or saleable state, the capitalization of borrowing costs shall be ceased. The borrowing costs incurred after the assets that meet the capitalization conditions reach the intended usable or saleable state, shall be recognized as expenses based on the amount incurred and be included in the current profit and loss.

If the assets that meet the capitalization conditions are interrupted abnormally during the acquisition, construction or production process, and the interruption period lasts for more than 3 months, the capitalization of the borrowing costs shall be suspended; borrowing costs during the normal interruption period shall be continually capitalized.

(3) Capitalization rate of borrowing costs and the method for calculation of capitalized amount

For specific borrowings, the interest expenses actually incurred in the current period less the interest income from the deposit of unused borrowing funds into the bank or the investment income obtained from the temporary investment shall be capitalized; for general borrowings, the amount to be capitalized shall be determined based on the weighted average of the asset expenditure by which accumulated asset expenditure exceeds special borrowings, multiplied by the capitalization rate of the general borrowings. The capitalization rate is determined based on the weighted average interest rate of general borrowings.

During the capitalization period, the exchange differences of specific borrowings in foreign currencies are all capitalized; the exchange differences of general borrowings in foreign currencies are included in the current profit and loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

19. Intangible assets

The intangible assets of the Group include software and customer relationship.

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost, and their useful lives are analyzed and determined at the time of acquisition. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives from the time they become available for use, using an amortization method that reflects the expected realization of economic benefits associated with the asset; if the expected realization cannot be reliably determined, the straight-line method is used; intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized.

The amortization method for intangible assets with finite useful lives is as follows:

| Category | Useful life | Basis for determination of useful life | Amortization method |
|-----------------------|----------------------|--|---------------------|
| Software | No more than 10 Year | Period over which it is expected to bring economic benefits to the Company | Direct approach |
| Customer Relationship | 3 years | Period over which it is expected to bring economic benefits to the Company | Direct approach |

At the end of each year, the Group reviews the useful life and amortization method of intangible assets with limited useful lives. If changes occur when compared with the previous estimates, the previous estimates shall be adjusted and the changes shall be treated as those in accounting estimates.

If an intangible asset is no longer expected to provide future economic benefits to the Company at the balance sheet date, the full carrying amount of the intangible asset is transferred to current profit or loss.

The method of provision for impairment of intangible assets is set out in Note III. 21.

20. Research and development expenditure

The Group's research and development expenditure is directly related to the Group's R&D activities, including remuneration for research and development personnel, depreciation and amortization of intangible assets, commissioned external research and development expenses, and other expenses.

The expenditures of the Group's internal research and development projects are divided into expenditures for the research phase and expenditures for the development phase.

Expenditures in the research phase are recognized in the profit and loss for the current period when incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

20. Research and development expenditure (continued)

Expenditures incurred in the development phase will be capitalized if satisfying all of the following criteria: it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it can be used or sold; it is intended to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it; ways of intangible asset to generate economic benefits, including the ability to prove that there is a market for the products produced by the intangible assets or there is a market for the intangible assets, and the ability to prove their usefulness if the intangible assets will be used internally; sufficient technical, financial resources and other resources support to complete the development of the intangible assets and the ability to use or sell the intangible assets; the expenditure attributable to the development stage of intangible assets can be reliably measured. Development expenditures that do not meet the above criteria shall be included in the current profit and loss.

The research and development projects of the Group will enter the development stage if meeting the above criteria and passing technical and economic feasibility studies and after project establishment.

Development phase costs that have been capitalized will be presented as development expenses on balance sheet and transferred to intangible asset when the project gets ready for its intended use.

21. Asset impairment

The assets impairment of the long-term equity investment in subsidiary, associate and joint venture, the investment property, fixed asset, work in progress subsequently measured at cost, right-of-use assets, intangible asset and goodwill (except for the inventory, deferred income tax asset and financial asset) shall be determined according to the following method:

On the balance sheet date, judge whether there are signs of possible impairment of assets. If there are signs of impairment, the Group will estimate its recoverable amount and conduct impairment tests. Goodwill resulting from business combinations, intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets that have not yet reached their usable status are tested annually for impairment regardless of whether there is an indication of impairment.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

21. Asset impairment (continued)

The recoverable amount is determined as the higher of the net of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal and the present value of the asset's estimated future cash flows. The Group estimates its recoverable amount based on individual assets; if it is difficult to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the recoverable amount of the asset group to which the asset belongs is determined. The identification of an asset group is based on whether the primary cash inflows generated by the asset group are independent of those from other assets or asset groups.

When the recoverable amount of an asset or asset group is lower than its book value, the Group writes down its book value to the recoverable amount. The reduced amount shall be included in the current profit and loss, and the corresponding provision for asset impairment shall be made.

For the purpose of impairment testing of goodwill, the carrying amount of goodwill arising from a business combination is apportioned to the relevant asset group from the date of purchase using a reasonable method; if it is difficult to apportion to the relevant asset group, it is apportioned to the relevant asset group portfolio. The relevant asset group or combination of asset groups is the one that can benefit from the synergies of the business combinations involving entities, and is not larger than the reporting segment determined by the Group.

When testing for impairment, if there is an indication that an asset group or asset group portfolio related to goodwill is impaired, the asset group or asset group portfolio that does not contain goodwill is first tested for impairment, the recoverable amount is calculated, and a corresponding impairment loss is recognized. The asset group or asset group portfolio containing goodwill is then tested for impairment, and the carrying amount is compared with the recoverable amount. If the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss on goodwill is recognized.

Once an impairment loss on an asset is recognized, it is not reversed in subsequent accounting periods.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

22. Long-term unamortized expenses

The long-term unamortized expenses incurred by the Group are priced at actual cost and amortized on an average basis over the expected benefit period. For long-term unamortized expenses that cannot benefit the subsequent accounting periods, all the amortized values shall be included in the current profit and loss.

23. Payroll

(1) Payroll range

Payroll refers to the remuneration or compensation of varied forms provided by the enterprise for the service offered by the employee or for terminating the labor relationship. The payroll includes short-term compensation, post-termination benefit, demission benefit and other long-term employee benefits. The benefits provided by the enterprise to the spouses, children, dependents of the employees, the family dependents of the deceased employees and other relevant beneficiaries also belong to payroll.

(2) Short-term compensation

During the accounting period when employees provide services, the Group shall recognize the actual wages, bonuses, medical insurance premiums, work-related injury insurance premiums, maternity insurance premiums and other social insurance premiums and housing provident funds paid for employees pursuant to the prescribed standards and proportions as liabilities, and record them into the current profit and loss or related asset costs.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

23. Payroll (continued)

(3) Post-termination benefits

Post-termination benefit plans include defined contribution plans and defined benefit plans. Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Company pays fixed contributions to a separate fund and will have no obligation to pay further contributions; and defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined contribution plans. The Group involves only the defined contribution plan.

Defined contribution plans

The defined contribution plan includes basic pension insurance, unemployment insurance, etc.

During the accounting period in which employees provide services, the amount of deposits payable calculated based on the defined contribution plan is recognized as a liability and included in the current profit and loss or the cost of related assets.

(4) Demission benefit

Employee benefit liabilities arising from demission benefits will be recognized at the earlier of the date when the Group cannot unilaterally withdraw the dismissal benefits provided due to the termination of labor relations or the layoff proposals and the date when the Group recognizes the costs or expenses associated with the restructuring involving the payment of demission benefits, and will be include in the current profit and loss.

(5) Other long-term benefits

If other long-term employee benefits provided by the Group to employees meet the conditions of a defined contribution plan, they shall be subject to treatment pursuant to the above defined contribution plan. Other long-term employee benefits that meet the defined benefit plan shall be subject to treatment in accordance with the above-mentioned relevant regulations on defined benefit plans, but the "re-measurement of changes in the net liabilities or net assets of the defined benefit plan" in the relevant costs of employee benefits shall be included in the current profit and loss or related cost of assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

24. Estimated liabilities

If the obligations related to the contingencies meet the following conditions simultaneously, the Group shall recognize them as estimated liabilities:

- (1) The obligation is the current obligation assumed by the Group;
- (2) The performance of the obligation is likely to cause outflow of economic benefits of the Group;
- (3) The amount of the obligation can be reliably measured.

Estimated liabilities are initially measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the related present obligation, taking into account the risks, uncertainties associated with contingencies and the time value of money. Where the effect of the time value of money is significant, the best estimate is determined by discounting the related future cash outflows. The book value of estimated liabilities is reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted by the Group to reflect the current best estimate.

If all or part of the expenditure required to settle a recognized estimated liability is expected to be reimbursed by a third party or other parties, the amount of reimbursement is recognized separately as an asset only when it is virtually certain that it will be received. The amount of reimbursement recognized does not exceed the book value of the liability recognized.

25. Revenue

(1) General principles

The Group recognizes revenue when it has fulfilled its performance obligations under the contract, that is, when the customer obtains control of the related goods or services.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

25. Revenue (continued)

(1) General principles (continued)

If a contract contains two or more performance obligations, the Group apportions the transaction price to each individual performance obligation at the contract commencement date in the relative proportion of the individual selling price of the goods or services promised by each individual performance obligation, and measures the revenue based on the transaction price apportioned to each individual performance obligation.

When one of the following conditions is met, which means the Group perform its performance obligations within a certain period of time, and otherwise, at a single point in time:

- ① When the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the economic benefits provided by the Group's performance, as the Group performs.
- ② When the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced.
- ③ When the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

For performance obligations being satisfied in a certain period of time, the Group recognizes income in accordance with the progress of performance in the certain period of time. When the progress of performance is not reasonably determinable, the Group recognizes the revenue at the amount of costs already incurred until the progress of performance can be reasonably determined if the costs are expected to be reimbursed.

For performance obligations performed at a point in time, the Group recognizes the revenue at the point in time when the customer obtains control of relevant goods or services. In determining whether a customer has acquired control of goods or services, the Group will consider the following indications:

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

25. Revenue (continued)

(1) General principles (continued)

- ① The Group has the current right to receive payment for the goods or services, i.e. the customer has the obligation to make current payment for the goods.
- ② The Group has transferred the legal title of goods to the customer, i.e. the customer has possessed the legal title of the goods.
- ③ The Group has transferred the physical possession of goods to the customer, i.e. the customer has the physical possession of the goods.
- ④ The Group transferred significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods to the customer, i.e. the customer has obtained significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.
- ⑤ The customer has accepted the goods or services.
- ⑥ There are other indications that the customer has obtained the control of the goods.

The right that the Group is entitled to receive consideration from customers (and the right is depending on factors other than the passage of time) as it has transferred goods or services to them is presented as Contract assets, Contract assets is based on the expected credit losses to made the impairment (please refer to Note III. 10 (6)). The right that the Group owns and is unconditional (only depending on the passage of time) to collect consideration from customers is presented as receivables. The obligation that the Group is required to transfer goods or services to customers upon consideration received or receivable from the customers is presented as contract liabilities.

The contract asset and contract liability under the same contract are presented as net amount. If the net amount stated in debit balance, it will be presented under the items of "Contract assets" or "Other non-current assets" according to mobility; if the net amount stated in credit balance, it will be presented under the items of "Contract liabilities" or "Other non-current liabilities" according to mobility.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

25. Revenue (continued)

(2) Specific method

The methods of revenue recognition for the Group are listed as follows:

- ① Revenue from information system integration and software development are recognized at the time when the control is transferred, i.e. One-off revenue recognition upon receipt of acceptance report from the customer according to the terms of acceptance agreed upon in the contract.
- ② Revenue from sales of goods are recognized at the time when the control of goods is transferred, i.e. One-off revenue recognition upon receipt of acceptance note from the customer according to the terms of acceptance agreed upon in the contract.
- ③ Revenue from provision of information system operation and maintenance service are recognized on the straight-line basis over the period of operation and maintenance according to agreement.

26. Contractual costs

Contractual costs include the incremental costs happened for obtaining the contract and the costs of contract performance

Incremental costs happened for obtaining the contract refers to the cost will not occur if the Group does not obtain the contract (such as sales commission etc.). Where the cost is expected to be recovered, the Group considers it as the cost of obtaining the contract and recognizes as an asset. The Group states other expenses happened for obtaining the contract (other than the incremental cost that is expected to be recovered) into the profit and loss for the current period when incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

26. Contractual costs (continued)

Where the cost happened for obtaining the contract does not fall into the scope of inventories and other Accounting Standard for Business Enterprises and meets the following conditions at the same time, the Group considers it as the costs of contract performance and recognizes as an asset:

- ① The cost is directly related to a current contract or a contract expected to be obtained, including direct labor, direct materials, manufacturing fees (or similar fees), the cost set to be assumed by customers and other cost arising merely from the contract;
- ② The cost increased the resources of the Group to be used for performing the performance obligations in the future;
- ③ The cost is expected to be recovered.

The recognized assets with the contract obtaining costs and the recognized assets with the costs of contract performance (hereafter referred to as the "contractual cost-related assets") are amortized on the same basis as the recognition of income on goods or services related to the assets and are included in the profit and loss for the current period. The amortization period of the assets with less than one year are included in the profit and loss for the current period when incurred.

When the carrying amount of the contractual cost-related assets is higher than the difference between the following two items, the impairment provisions for the excess shall be made and shall be recognized as impairment losses of assets by the Group:

- ① The Group expects the remaining consideration can be obtained from transfer of goods or services related to the assets;
- ② The cost estimated to be happened for the transfer of related goods or services.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

26. Contractual costs (continued)

The costs of contract performance recognized as assets, the amortization period with less than one year or a normal operating cycle upon the initial recognition, are presented as "Inventories" item. The costs of contract performance recognized as assets, the amortization period with more than one year or a normal operating cycle upon the initial recognition, are presented as "Other non-current assets" item.

The contract obtaining costs recognized as assets, the amortization period with less than one year or a normal operating cycle upon the initial recognition, are presented as "Other current assets" item. The contract obtaining costs recognized as assets, the amortization period with more than one year or a normal operating cycle upon the initial recognition, are presented as "Other non-current assets" item.

27. Government grant

Government grants are recognized when the conditions attached to the government grants are met and can be received.

If the government grant is in the form of a transfer of monetary asset, it is measured at the amount received or receivable. If a government grant is in the form of a transfer of non-monetary asset, it is measured at fair value; if the fair value cannot be obtained in a reliable way, it is measured at the nominal amount of RMB1.

Government grants related to assets are those obtained by the Group for the acquisition or construction of long-term assets or the formation of long-term assets in other ways; otherwise, government grants are taken as those related to income.

For those government documents that do not specify the objects of grants and can form long-term assets, the part of government grants corresponding to the value of assets is treated as asset-related government grants, and the rest is treated as revenue-related government grants; if it is difficult to distinguish, the government grants as a whole are treated as revenue-related government grants.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

27. Government grant (continued)

Government grants related to assets are recognized as deferred revenues and included in profit or loss over the useful life of the related assets in accordance with a reasonable and systematic method. Government grants related to income are recognized in profit or loss for the current period if they are used to compensate for related costs or losses incurred, or in deferred revenues if they are used to compensate for related costs or losses in subsequent periods, and are recognized in profit or loss for the current period in which the related costs or losses are recognized. Government grants measured at their nominal amounts shall be directly included in profit or loss for the current period. The Group deals with the same or similar government grant business with the same method.

Government grants related to ordinary activities are recorded in other income in accordance with the substance of economic operations. Government grants that are not related to ordinary activities are included in non-operating income and expenses.

If a recognized government grant is required to be returned, the carrying amount of the asset is adjusted if the carrying amount of the asset is reduced upon initial recognition; if there is a deferred revenue balance, the carrying amount of the deferred revenue is reduced and the excess is recognized in profit or loss for the current period; in other cases, the deferred revenue is recognized directly in profit or loss for the current period.

28. Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities

Income tax includes current income tax and deferred income tax. Except for the adjusted goodwill arising from the business combinations involving entities, or the deferred income tax related to the transaction or event directly included in the owner's equity, income tax shall be included in profit or loss for the current period as the income tax expense.

The Group recognizes the deferred income tax using the balance sheet liability method based on the temporary difference between the book value of assets and liabilities on the balance sheet date and the tax base.

All taxable temporary differences are recognized as related deferred income tax liabilities, unless the taxable temporary differences are generated in the following transactions:

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

28. Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities (continued)

- (1) The initial recognition of goodwill, or the initial recognition of assets or liabilities arising from a transaction with the following characteristics: the transaction is not a business combinations involving entities, and the transaction does not affect accounting profits nor taxable income when incurred (except single transactions in which the initial recognition of assets and liabilities gives rise to equivalent taxable temporary differences and deductible temporary differences);
- (2) For a taxable temporary difference related to an investment in a subsidiary, joint venture or an associate, the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and the temporary difference is unlikely to be reversed in the foreseeable future.

For deductible temporary differences, deductible losses that can be carried forward to subsequent years, and tax deductions, the Group recognizes the resulting deferred income tax assets within the limit of the future taxable income that is likely to be used to offset the deductible temporary differences, deductible losses and tax deductions, unless the deductible temporary differences arise from the following transactions:

- (1) The transaction is not a business combinations involving entities, and the transaction does not affect accounting profits nor taxable income when incurred (except single transactions in which the initial recognition of assets and liabilities gives rise to equivalent taxable temporary differences and deductible temporary differences);
- (2) Deductible temporary differences related to investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates that meet the following conditions are recognized as deferred income tax assets: temporary differences are likely to be reversed in the foreseeable future and it is probable that taxable income will be available in the future against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized.

On the balance sheet date, the Group measures deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities at the tax rates that are applicable to the period in which the assets are expected to be recovered or the liabilities are expected to be settled, and reflects the impact of the way the asset is expected to be recovered or the liability to be settled on the income tax on the balance sheet date.

On the balance sheet date, the Group reviews the book value of deferred income tax assets. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is written down if it is likely that sufficient taxable income will not be available in future periods to allow for the benefit of the deferred tax assets. When it is probable to obtain sufficient taxable income, such write-down amount shall be reversed.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

28. Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities (continued)

On the balance sheet date, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if all of the following conditions are met:

- (1) The taxable entity of the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities;
- (2) The deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are related to the income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on the same taxable entity of the Group.

29. Leases

(1) Identification of leases

On the commencement date of a contract, the Group, as a lessee or lessor, assess whether the customer in the contract is entitled to substantially all of the economic benefits arising from the use of the identified assets during the period of use and have the right to lead the use of identified assets during this period of use. If one party under the contract transfers one or more of the rights to control the use of identified assets for a certain period of time in exchange for consideration, the contract shall be considered as a lease or containing lease.

(2) The Group as the lessee

On the commencement date of a lease term, the Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets for which simplified approach is applied.

Accounting policy for right-of-use assets are set out in Note III. 30.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

29. Leases

(2) The Group as the lessee (continued)

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that have not been paid as at the commencement date of the lease term measured at the interest rate implicit in the lease. If the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable, the incremental borrowing rate will be adopted as discount rate. Lease payments include: fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any relevant lease incentives; variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate; the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising the option to terminate; and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. Subsequently, the interest expense of the lease liabilities for each period of the lease term is calculated based on a fixed periodic interest rate and recognized in profit or loss for the current period. The variable lease payments that are not included in the measurement of the lease liability are recognized in profit or loss for the current period when incurred.

Short-term leases

Short-term leases are leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date, except those contain a purchase option.

Lease payments on short-term leases are recognized in the cost of underlying assets or profit or loss for the current period on a straight-line basis over each period of the lease term.

For short-term leases, the Group adopts the above simplified treatment for items that meet the conditions of short-term leases.

Leases of low-value assets

A lease of low-value assets refers to a single lease asset, when new, is of a value below RMB40,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

29. Leases (continued)

(2) The Group as the lessee (continued)

Leases of low-value assets (continued)

Lease payments on leases of low-value assets are recognized in the cost of underlying assets or profit or loss for the current period on a straight-line basis over each period of the lease term.

For leases of low-value assets, the Group adopts the above simplified treatment based on the specific conditions of leases.

(3) The Group as the lessor

When the Group is a lessor, a finance lease is a lease that transfers in substance all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset. An operating lease is a lease other than a finance lease.

Finance lease

In finance leases, on the commencement date of the lease term, the Group uses the net lease investment as the recorded value of finance lease receivables. The net lease investment is the sum of the unsecured residual value and the lease receivables that has not been received on the commencement date of the lease term, which is discounted according to the interest rate implicit in the lease. The Group, as a lessor, calculates and recognizes interest income for each period of the lease term based on a fixed periodic interest rate. The Group, as a lessor, recognizes variable lease payments that are not included in the net investment in the lease investment in profit or loss for the current period in which they are incurred.

Derecognition and impairment of finance lease receivables are accounted for in accordance with the "Accounting Standard for Business Enterprises No. 22 – Recognition and Measurement of Financial Instruments" and "Accounting Standard for Business Enterprises No. 23 – Transfer of Financial Assets".

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

29. Leases (continued)

(3) The Group as the lessor (continued)

Operating leases

For rents in operating leases, the Group shall recognize the current profit and loss using the straight-line method over each period of the lease term. The initial direct costs incurred in relation to the operating leases shall be capitalized and apportioned on the same basis as the rental income recognition during the lease term, and recognized in profit or loss for the current period. The variable lease payments received that are not included in the lease receivables related to the operating leases are recognized in profit or loss for the current period when they are incurred.

30. Right-of-use assets

(1) Conditions for recognition of right-of-use assets

The right-of-use asset is defined as the right of underlying assets in the lease term for the Group as a lessee.

At the commencement date of the lease, right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost. The cost shall comprise: the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability; any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received; any initial direct costs incurred by the Group as a lessee; an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group as a lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease. The Group recognizes and measures the costs of restoration and dismantling according to the "Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 13 – Contingencies". Subsequent adjustments are made for remeasurement of lease liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

30. Right-of-use assets (continued)

(2) Depreciation method of right-of-use assets

The Group recognizes depreciation on a straight-line basis. If the Group as a lessee can reasonably determine that a lease will transfer ownership of the leased assets to the Group by the end of the lease term, the leased assets are depreciated over their remaining useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty that the Group can determine that a lease will transfer ownership of the leased asset to the Group by the end of the lease term, related assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and useful life.

(3) The method of testing the impairment of the right-of-use asset and the method of determining impairment provision are set out in Note III.21.

31. Critical accounting judgments and estimates

The Group gives continuous assessment and the critical accounting estimates and key assumptions based on its historical experience and other factors, including the reasonable expectations of future events. The critical accounting estimates and key assumptions that are likely to lead to significant risks of adjusting the book value of assets and liabilities for the next financial year are listed as follows:

Measurement of expected credit loss of accounts receivables

The Group measures expected credit loss of accounts receivables by the risk exposures of default and expected credit loss rate of accounts receivables and determines expected credit loss rate by probability of default and loss given default. In determining expected credit loss rate, the Group uses information such as internal historical credit loss experience, and makes adjustment to historical information by combining current situation and forward-looking information. In considering forward-looking information, the Group uses indicators such as the risk of an economic slowdown, the external market environment, the technological environment and changes in the customer situation. The Group regularly monitors and reviews assumptions related to the measurement of expected credit losses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

31. Critical accounting judgments and estimates (continued)

Development expenditures

In determining the amount to be capitalized, the management must make assumptions about the expected future cash generation from the assets, the discount rate to be used, and the expected period of benefit.

Deferred income tax assets

To the extent that there is likely sufficient taxable profit to offset losses, deferred income tax assets should be recognized in relation to all tax losses not used. Significant judgment of the management is required to determine the amount of deferred income tax assets that should be recognized, based upon the likely timing and amount of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

32. Changes in Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates

(1) Changes in critical accounting policies

① Interpretation No. 17 of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises

The Ministry of Finance issued Interpretation No. 17 of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises (Cai Kuai [2023] No. 21) in November 2023 (hereinafter referred to as "Interpretation No. 17").

Classification of current liabilities and non-current liabilities

As specified by Interpretation No. 17, for liabilities arising from corporate loan arrangements, the right of a corporation to defer settlement of liabilities for more than one year after the balance sheet date may depend on whether the corporation has complied with the conditions stipulated in the loan arrangement (the "Covenants"). The Covenants that the company shall comply with on or before the balance sheet date, even if the performance of Covenants is being assessed after the balance sheet date (in some cases, the Covenants provide for an assessment after the balance sheet date based on the financial conditions on the balance sheet date), affects the judgment as to whether such right exists on the balance sheet date, which in turn affects the classification of liabilities as current or non-current on the balance sheet date. The Covenants that the company shall comply with after the balance sheet date (in some cases, the Covenants provide for an assessment based on the financial conditions at six months after the balance sheet date), will not affect the judgment as to whether such right exists on the balance sheet date, and is not related to the classification of liabilities as current or non-current on the balance sheet date.

If a term of the liability results in the settlement of the liability through the delivery of the enterprise's own equity instruments at the discretion of the counterparty, and if this option is classified as an equity instrument in accordance with the requirements of the standards and recognized separately as an equity component of a compound financial instrument, the term does not affect the liquidity classification of the liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

32. Changes in Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (continued)

(1) Changes in critical accounting policies (continued)

① Interpretation No. 17 of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises (continued)

Classification of current liabilities and non-current liabilities (continued)

The Company has implemented this requirement from 1 January 2024 and adjusted the information for the comparable periods.

The adoption of Interpretation No. 17 has not had a significant impact on the Company's financial position and operating results.

Disclosure of Supplier Financing Arrangements

Interpretation No. 17 provides that for supplier financing arrangements, the following shall be disclosed: (1) the terms and conditions of supplier financing arrangements (such as deferred payment terms and provision of guarantees, etc.). (2) ① the presentation items and carrying amount of financial liabilities under supplier financing arrangements in the balance sheet; ② if the supplier has received funds from the financing provider, the presentation items and carrying amount of the corresponding financial liabilities shall be disclosed; ③ and the payment due date range of the related financial liabilities, as well as the payment due date range of comparable accounts payable that are not a part of the supplier financing arrangements. If the range of the payment due date is large, the enterprise shall also disclose explanatory information or additional range information related to these ranges; (3) the types and impacts of current changes in the carrying amount of related financial liabilities that do not involve cash receipts and payments (including business combinations, changes in exchange rates and other transactions or matters that do not require the use of cash or cash equivalents).

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

32. Changes in Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (continued)

(1) Changes in critical accounting policies (continued)

① Interpretation No. 17 of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises (continued)

Disclosure of Supplier Financing Arrangements (continued)

When disclosing liquidity risk information in accordance with the requirements of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 37 – Presentation of Financial Instruments (《企業會計準則第37號——金融工具列報》), an enterprise shall consider whether it has obtained or has access to obtain credit for the deferred payment to the enterprise or early payment to its suppliers through supplier financing arrangements. When identifying liquidity risk concentration in accordance with requirements of the relevant standards, an enterprise shall consider the factor that supplier financing arrangements lead to the concentration of a part of the financial liabilities originally payable to suppliers with the financing providers.

The Company has implemented this requirement from 1 January 2024. At the initial implementation of the requirement, the Company is not required to disclose the relevant information for the comparable period and the opening information as required under ② and ③ of Item (2).

The adoption of Interpretation No. 17 has not had a significant impact on the Company's financial position and operating results.

② Interpretation No. 18 of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises

The Ministry of Finance issued Interpretation No. 18 of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises (《企業會計準則解釋第18號》) (Cai Kuai [2024] No. 24) (hereinafter referred to as "Interpretation No. 18") on 31 December 2024.

Accounting treatment of a warranty-type of quality guarantee that is not a separate performance obligation

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (continued)

32. Changes in Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates (continued)

(1) Changes in critical accounting policies (continued)

② Interpretation No. 18 of Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises (continued)

Interpretation No. 18 stipulates that when accounting for the provision for warranty-type quality guarantee that is not a separate performance obligation, an enterprise shall, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 13 – Contingencies (《企業會計準則第13號——或有事項》), debit the items such as “Main business cost” and “Other business cost” based on the determined amount of provisions, and credit the item of “Provisions”. These items shall be correspondingly presented in the “Operating cost” of the income statement and in items such as “Other current liabilities,” “Non-current liabilities due within one year,” and “Provisions” in the balance sheet.

The Company has implemented the requirements from the date of issuance of Interpretation No. 18 and made retrospective adjustments.

The implementation of Interpretation No. 18 did not have a significant impact on the financial position and operating results of the Company.

(2) Changes in critical accounting estimates

Nil.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

IV. TAX

1. Main tax types and tax rates Tax type

| | Taxation basis | Statutory tax rate % |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Value added tax | Taxable value-added amount | 5,6,9,13 |
| Urban maintenance and construction tax | Turnover tax actually paid | 7 |
| Educational Surtax | Turnover tax actually paid | 2,3 |
| Corporate income tax | Taxable income | 25 |

| Name of taxable entity | Income tax rate % |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| The Company | 15 |
| Capinfo Hong Kong | — |
| Capinfo Technology | 15 |
| Parking Management | 20 |
| Rito Info | 15 |
| Capinfo Medical United | 15 |
| Capinfo Cloud Technology | 15 |
| Digital Intelligence Technology | 25 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

IV. TAX (continued)

2. Tax preference and approvals

(1) Corporate income tax

Capinfo Hong Kong has no payable tax profit during the year.

The Company obtained its Certificate of Hi-tech Enterprise, No. GR202311002001 on 26 October 2023 and is entitled to a reduced corporate income tax of 15% for a period of three years.

Capinfo Technology obtained its Certificate of Hi-tech Enterprise, No. GR202311002117 on 26 October 2023 and is entitled to a reduced corporate income tax of 15% for a period of three years.

Capinfo Cloud Technology obtained its Certificate of Hi-tech Enterprise, No. GR202311004480 on 30 November 2023 and is entitled to a reduced corporate income tax of 15% for a period of three years.

Capinfo Medical United obtained its Certificate of Hi-tech Enterprise, No. GR202211004422 on 1 December 2022 and is entitled to a reduced corporate income tax of 15% for a period of three years.

Parking Management and Digital Intelligence Technology are entitled to the preferential income tax as national small and micro enterprises. The policies are as follows:

Pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Announcement of the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation on Further Implementation of Preferential Income Tax Policies for Small and Micro Enterprises (《財政部稅務總局關於進一步實施小微企業所得稅優惠政策的公告》) (Announcement No. 13 [2022] of the MOF and the SAT), from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2024, small low-profit enterprises shall be subject to a 20% corporate income tax rate on 25% of the taxable income amount for the portion of annual taxable income exceeding RMB1 million but not exceeding RMB3 million.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

IV. TAX (continued)

2. Tax preference and approvals (continued)

(2) Corporate income tax (continued)

Pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Announcement of the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation on Tax and Fee Policies for Further Supporting the Development of Small and Micro Enterprises and Individual Businesses (《財政部稅務總局關於進一步支持小微企業和個體工商戶發展有關稅費政策的公告》) (Announcement No. 12 [2023] of the MOF and the SAT), small low-profit enterprises shall be subject to a 20% corporate income tax rate on 25% of the taxable income amount, and this policy is extended till 31 December 2027.

Pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Announcement of the Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation on the Preferential Income Tax Policies for Small and Micro Enterprises and Individual Businesses (《財政部稅務總局關於小微企業和個體工商戶所得稅優惠政策的公告》) (Announcement No. 6 [2023] of the MOF and the SAT), from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2024, small low-profit enterprises shall be subject to a 20% corporate income tax rate on 25% of the taxable income amount for the portion of annual taxable income not exceeding RMB1 million.

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS

1. Monetary funds

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Cash on hand | 34,091.83 | 33,594.50 |
| Bank deposits | 704,964,032.48 | 784,156,263.48 |
| Other monetary funds | 18,369,121.58 | 29,907,762.55 |
| Total | 723,367,245.89 | 814,097,620.53 |
| Of which: Total amount of money deposited abroad | 69,354,842.85 | 63,623,676.19 |

Notes:

At the end of the period, restricted monetary fund of the Group amounted to RMB8,070,490.36, comprising the amount under supervision under the Beijing Hospital Medical project in bank deposits of RMB1,026,402.12, frozen funds under litigation of RMB823,020.21, other frozen amounts of RMB5,950.76 and guarantee deposits under other monetary funds of RMB6,215,117.05, margin under bank acceptance bill of RMB0.22. Details of restricted monetary fund are set out in Note V.23.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

2. Notes receivable

| Notes type | Balance as at the end of the period | | | Balance as at the end of the previous year | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--|----------------------------|------------|
| | Book balance | Provision for bad debts | Book value | Book balance | Provision for bad debts | Book value |
| Bank acceptance bill | 8,487,466.88 | 42,437.33 | 8,445,029.55 | 77,630.00 | 1,009.19 | 76,620.81 |
| Commercial acceptance bill | 126,340.00 | 9,933.45 | 116,406.55 | | | |
| Total | 8,613,806.88 | 52,370.78 | 8,561,436.10 | 77,630.00 | 1,009.19 | 76,620.81 |

- (1) At the end of the period, the Group did not have any pledged notes receivable.
- (2) At the end of the period, the Group did not have any endorsed or discounted notes receivable that were not due.

| Category | Amount derecognized at the end of the period | Amount not derecognized at the end of the period |
|----------------------|---|---|
| Bank acceptance note | – | 7,076,319.00 |

- (3) At the end of the period, the Group did not have any note receivable which were transferred to accounts receivable due to the default of the drawer.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

2. Notes receivable (continued)

(4) Classified by provision for bad debt method

| Category | Balance as at the end of the period | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| | Book balance | Provision for bad debts | | | |
| | Amount | Proportion | Amount | Expected credit loss rate (%) | Book value |
| | | (%) | | | |
| Provision for bad debts on individual basis | | | | | |
| Provision for bad debts on collective basis | 8,613,806.88 | 100.00 | 52,370.78 | 0.61 | 8,561,436.10 |
| Of which: | | | | | |
| Bank acceptance bill | 8,487,466.88 | 98.53 | 42,437.33 | 0.50 | 8,445,029.55 |
| Commercial acceptance bill | 126,340.00 | 1.47 | 9,933.45 | 7.86 | 116,406.55 |
| Total | 8,613,806.88 | 100.00 | 52,370.78 | 0.61 | 8,561,436.10 |

Continued:

| Category | Balance as at the end of the previous year | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|------------|
| | Book balance | Provision for bad debts | | | |
| | Amount | Proportion | Amount | Expected credit loss rate (%) | Book value |
| | | (%) | | | |
| Provision for bad debts on individual basis | | | | | |
| Provision for bad debts on collective basis | 77,630.00 | 100.00 | 1,009.19 | 1.30 | 76,620.81 |
| Of which: | | | | | |
| Bank acceptance bill | 77,630.00 | 100.00 | 1,009.19 | 1.30 | 76,620.81 |
| Total | 77,630.00 | 100.00 | 1,009.19 | 1.30 | 76,620.81 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

2. Notes receivable (continued)

(4) Classified by provision for bad debt method (continued)

Provision for bad debts on collective basis:

Item with provision on collective basis: Bank acceptance bills

| Name | Balance as at the end of the period | | | Balance as at the end of the previous year | | |
|---------------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Notes receivable | Provision for bad debts | Expected credit loss rate (%) | Notes receivable | Provision for bad debts | Expected credit loss rate (%) |
| Within 1 year | 7,987,466.88 | 39,937.33 | 0.50 | 77,630.00 | 1,009.19 | 1.30 |
| 1-2 years | 500,000.00 | 2,500.00 | 0.50 | | | |
| Total | 8,487,466.88 | 42,437.33 | 0.50 | 77,630.00 | 1,009.19 | 1.30 |

Item with provision on collective basis: Commercial acceptance bills

| Name | Balance as at the end of the period | | | Balance as at the end of the previous year | | |
|---------------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Notes receivable | Provision for bad debts | Expected credit loss rate (%) | Notes receivable | Provision for bad debts | Expected credit loss rate (%) |
| Within 1 year | 105,460.00 | 5,483.92 | 5.20 | | | |
| 1-2 years | 20,880.00 | 4,449.53 | 21.31 | | | |
| Total | 126,340.00 | 9,933.45 | 7.86 | | | |

(5) Provision for bad debts made, recovered or reversed in the current period

| | Provision for bad debts |
|--|----------------------------|
| Balance as at the beginning of the period | 1,009.19 |
| Current provision | 51,361.59 |
| Recovery or reversal during the current period | |
| Current written-off | |
| Current transfer | |
| Others | |
| Balance as at the end of the period | 52,370.78 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

3. Accounts Receivable

(1) Disclosure by aging

| Age | Balance as at the end of the period | Balance as at the end of the previous year |
|-------------------------------|--|---|
| Within 1 year | 432,838,536.40 | 411,548,799.40 |
| 1-2 years | 59,257,120.50 | 50,318,658.19 |
| 2-3 years | 27,876,582.88 | 67,010,090.15 |
| Above 3 years | 141,165,163.80 | 127,428,177.87 |
| Subtotal | 661,137,403.58 | 656,305,725.61 |
| Less: Provision for bad debts | 206,596,490.98 | 192,943,781.91 |
| Total | 454,540,912.60 | 463,361,943.70 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

3. Accounts Receivable (continued)

(2) Classified disclosure by provision for bad debt method

| Category | Balance as at the end of the period | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| | Book balance | | Provision for bad debts | | |
| | Amount | Proportion (%) | Amount | Expected credit loss rate (%) | Book value |
| Accounts receivable with provision for bad debts on individual basis | 11,241,650.20 | 1.70 | 11,241,650.20 | 100.00 | |
| Accounts receivable with provision for bad debts on collective basis | 649,895,753.38 | 98.30 | 195,354,840.78 | 30.06 | 454,540,912.60 |
| Of which: | | | | | |
| E-government portfolio | 508,010,326.59 | 76.84 | 122,231,616.12 | 24.06 | 385,778,710.47 |
| E-commerce portfolio | 141,885,426.79 | 21.46 | 73,123,224.66 | 51.54 | 68,762,202.13 |
| Total | 661,137,403.58 | 100.00 | 206,596,490.98 | 31.25 | 454,540,912.60 |

Continued:

| Category | Balance as at the end of the period | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| | Book balance | | Provision for bad debts | | |
| | Amount | Proportion (%) | Amount | Expected credit loss rate (%) | Book value |
| Accounts receivable with provision for bad debts on individual basis | 4,166,902.28 | 0.63 | 4,093,090.09 | 98.23 | 73,812.19 |
| Accounts receivable with provision for bad debts on collective basis | 652,138,823.33 | 99.37 | 188,850,691.82 | 28.96 | 463,288,131.51 |
| Of which: | | | | | |
| E-government portfolio | 513,804,665.04 | 78.29 | 123,743,338.93 | 24.08 | 390,061,326.11 |
| E-commerce portfolio | 138,334,158.29 | 21.08 | 65,107,352.89 | 47.07 | 73,226,805.40 |
| Total | 656,305,725.61 | 100.00 | 192,943,781.91 | 29.40 | 463,361,943.70 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

3. Accounts Receivable (continued)

(2) Classified disclosure by provision for bad debt method (continued)

Accounts receivables with provision on an individual basis:

| Name | Balance as at the end of the period | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Book balance | Provision for bad debts | Expected credit loss rate (%) | Provision reason |
| Shanghai Nuanwa Technology Co., Ltd* | 1,460,153.35 | 1,460,153.35 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| China Tobacco Hubei Industrial Co., Ltd | 989,100.00 | 989,100.00 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| China Tobacco Zhejiang Industrial Co., Ltd.* | 597,333.34 | 597,333.34 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| Xinhe Zhengtong (Beijing) Technology Co., Ltd* | 554,350.00 | 554,350.00 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| China National Tobacco Corporation Sichuan Branch | 519,000.00 | 519,000.00 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| China Tongguang Electronics Company | 450,000.00 | 450,000.00 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| China Tobacco Sichuan Industrial Co., Ltd.* | 423,760.01 | 423,760.01 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| China National Tobacco Corporation Guangdong Branch | 394,720.00 | 394,720.00 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| China National Tobacco Corporation Shaanxi Branch | 393,958.33 | 393,958.33 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| Hongta Liaoning Tobacco Co., Ltd | 381,666.67 | 381,666.67 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| Others | 5,077,608.50 | 5,077,608.50 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| Total | 11,241,650.20 | 11,241,650.20 | 100.00 | - |

Continued:

| Name | Balance as at the end of the previous year | | | |
|---|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Book balance | Provision for bad debts | Expected credit loss rate (%) | Provision reason |
| China Tobacco Hubei Industrial Co. Ltd. | 989,100.00 | 989,100.00 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| China Tongguang Electronics Co., Ltd. | 550,000.00 | 550,000.00 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| China National Tobacco Corporation Sichuan Branch | 519,000.00 | 519,000.00 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| China National Tobacco Corporation Guangdong Branch | 394,720.00 | 394,720.00 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| New Hope Finance Co., Ltd. | 300,128.00 | 300,128.00 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| Hainan Hongta Cigarette Co., Ltd. | 164,972.20 | 133,218.75 | 80.75 | Expected partial non-recovery |
| Haier Group Finance Co., Ltd. | 133,600.00 | 133,600.00 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| China National Tobacco Corporation Hainan Branch | 106,000.00 | 106,000.00 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| China Tobacco Hunan Industrial Co., Ltd. | 105,116.64 | 99,166.70 | 94.34 | Expected partial non-recovery |
| Beidaihe Rest Home | 97,685.78 | 97,685.78 | 100.00 | Not expected to be recovered |
| Others | 806,579.66 | 770,470.86 | 95.52 | Expected partial non-recovery |
| Total | 4,166,902.28 | 4,093,090.09 | 98.23 | - |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

3. Accounts Receivable (continued)

(2) Classified disclosure by provision for bad debt method (continued)

Provision for bad debts is made on a portfolio basis:

Account provision on collective basis: E-government portfolio

| Items | Balance as at the end of the period | | | Balance as at the end of the previous year | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Book balance | Provision for bad debts | Expected credit loss rate (%) | Book balance | Provision for bad debts | Expected credit loss rate (%) |
| Within 1 year | 361,980,260.60 | 18,822,973.56 | 5.20 | 339,161,092.34 | 7,132,348.15 | 2.10 |
| 1-2 years | 40,946,489.35 | 8,725,696.88 | 21.31 | 36,126,606.56 | 8,720,962.82 | 24.14 |
| 2-3 years | 17,506,532.51 | 7,105,901.55 | 40.59 | 57,065,284.47 | 26,438,346.29 | 46.33 |
| Above 3 years | 87,577,044.13 | 87,577,044.13 | 100.00 | 81,451,681.67 | 81,451,681.67 | 100.00 |
| Total | 508,010,326.59 | 122,231,616.12 | 24.06 | 513,804,665.04 | 123,743,338.93 | 24.08 |

Account provision on collective basis: E-commerce portfolio

| Items | Balance as at the end of the period | | | Balance as at the end of the previous year | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Book balance | Provision for bad debts | Expected credit loss rate (%) | Book balance | Provision for bad debts | Expected credit loss rate (%) |
| Within 1 year | 70,858,275.79 | 11,556,984.79 | 16.31 | 70,940,282.53 | 4,734,743.55 | 6.67 |
| 1-2 years | 10,541,565.27 | 3,858,212.89 | 36.60 | 12,120,259.66 | 5,098,993.24 | 42.07 |
| 2-3 years | 7,681,301.84 | 4,903,743.09 | 63.84 | 9,944,805.68 | 9,944,805.68 | 100.00 |
| Above 3 years | 52,804,283.89 | 52,804,283.89 | 100.00 | 45,328,810.42 | 45,328,810.42 | 100.00 |
| Total | 141,885,426.79 | 73,123,224.66 | 51.54 | 138,334,158.29 | 65,107,352.89 | 47.07 |

(3) Provision for bad debts made, recovered or reversed in the current period

| Items | Provision for bad debts |
|--|-------------------------|
| Balance as at the beginning of the period | 192,943,781.91 |
| Current provision | 13,652,709.07 |
| Recovery or reversal during the current period | |
| Current written-off | |
| Current transfer | |
| Others | |
| Balance as at the end of the period | 206,596,490.98 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

3. Accounts Receivable (continued)

- (4) Top five customers with closing balance of accounts receivable and contractual assets collected by arrear party

The aggregate amount of the top five accounts receivable and contractual assets by party in arrears at the end of the reporting period was RMB275,905,727.96, accounting for 39.10% of the total closing balance of accounts receivable and contractual assets, and the corresponding total closing balance of provision for bad debts was RMB35,230,235.20.

4. Prepayments

- (1) Prepayments disclosed by aging

| Age | Closing balance | | Balance at the end of the previous year | |
|---------------|-----------------|----------------|---|----------------|
| | Amount | Percentage (%) | Amount | Percentage (%) |
| Within 1 year | 43,341,164.89 | 99.06 | 49,634,783.51 | 77.07 |
| 1-2 years | 382,682.86 | 0.88 | 6,573,268.52 | 10.21 |
| 2-3 years | 28,371.56 | 0.06 | 2,504,281.95 | 3.89 |
| Above 3 years | | | 5,685,454.92 | 8.83 |
| Total | 43,752,219.31 | 100.00 | 64,397,788.90 | 100.00 |

- (2) At the end of the period, the Group did not have any major prepayments aged over 1 year.
- (3) Top five prepayments based on closing balance by the unit prepaid

Top five prepayments based on closing balance by the unit prepaid for the period is RMB29,815,305.31 in aggregate, representing 68.15% of total closing balance of prepayment.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

5. Other receivables

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| Interest receivables | | |
| Dividend receivables | | |
| Other receivables | 38,056,463.63 | 73,564,280.38 |
| Total | 38,056,463.63 | 73,564,280.38 |

Other receivables

① Disclosed by aging

| Age | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Within 1 year | 11,538,225.14 | 21,923,000.75 |
| 1-2 years | 9,727,048.81 | 9,780,911.57 |
| 2-3 years | 3,217,014.27 | 9,894,359.39 |
| Above 3 years | 20,034,938.01 | 32,786,900.38 |
| Subtotal | 44,517,226.23 | 74,385,172.09 |
| Less: bad debt provision | 6,460,762.60 | 820,891.71 |
| Total | 38,056,463.63 | 73,564,280.38 |

② Disclosed by nature of payment

| Item | Closing balance | | | Balance at the end of the previous year | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | Book balance | Provision for bad debts | Carrying amount | Book balance | Provision for bad debts | Carrying amount |
| Margin and deposit | 35,882,448.68 | 1,604,949.14 | 34,277,499.54 | 43,012,837.02 | 627,200.00 | 42,385,637.02 |
| Petty cash | 996,409.96 | 4,982.05 | 991,427.91 | 2,814,652.13 | | 2,814,652.13 |
| Current accounts and others | 7,638,367.59 | 4,850,831.41 | 2,787,536.18 | 28,557,682.94 | 193,691.71 | 28,363,991.23 |
| Total | 44,517,226.23 | 6,460,762.60 | 38,056,463.63 | 74,385,172.09 | 820,891.71 | 73,564,280.38 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

5. Other receivables (continued)

Other receivables (continued)

③ Provision for bad debt

Provision for bad debt at first stage as at the end of the period

| Category | Book balance | Future 12-month expected credit loss (%) | Provision for bad debts | Carrying amount |
|---|---------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Provision for bad debts on individual basis | | | | |
| Provision for bad debts on collectively basis | 40,602,866.40 | 6.27 | 2,546,402.77 | 38,056,463.63 |
| Margin and deposit | 34,449,748.28 | 0.50 | 172,248.74 | 34,277,499.54 |
| Petty cash | 996,409.96 | 0.50 | 4,982.05 | 991,427.91 |
| Current accounts and others | 5,156,708.16 | 45.94 | 2,369,171.98 | 2,787,536.18 |
| Total | 40,602,866.40 | 6.27 | 2,546,402.77 | 38,056,463.63 |

As at the end of the period, the Group had no interest receivables, dividend receivables and other receivables at the second stage.

As at the end of the period, provision for bad debts at the third stage:

| Category | Book balance | Lifetime expected credit loss rate (%) | Provision for bad debts | Carrying amount |
|---|--------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Provision for bad debts on individual basis | 3,914,359.83 | 100 | 3,914,359.83 | 3,914,359.83 |
| Margin and deposit | 1,432,700.40 | 100 | 1,432,700.40 | 1,432,700.40 |
| Petty cash | | | | |
| Current accounts and others | 2,481,659.43 | 100 | 2,481,659.43 | 2,481,659.43 |
| Provision for bad debts on collective basis | | | | |
| Total | 3,914,359.83 | 100 | 3,914,359.83 | 3,914,359.83 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

5. Other receivables (continued)

Other receivables (continued)

③ Provision for bad debt (continued)

As at the end of the previous year, provision for bad debts at the first stage:

| Category | Book balance | Future 12-month expected credit loss (%) | Provision for bad debts | Carrying amount |
|--|---------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Provision for bad debts on individual basis | | | | |
| Provision for bad debts on collective basis | 73,564,280.38 | | | 73,564,280.38 |
| Margin and deposit | 42,385,637.02 | | | 42,385,637.02 |
| Petty cash | 2,814,652.13 | | | 2,814,652.13 |
| Current accounts and others | 28,363,991.23 | | | 28,363,991.23 |
| Total | 73,564,280.38 | | | 73,564,280.38 |

As at the end of the previous year, the Group had no interest receivables, dividend receivables and other receivables at the second stage.

As at the end of the previous year, provision for bad debts at the third stage:

| Category | Book balance | Lifetime expected credit loss rate (%) | Provision for bad debts | Carrying amount |
|--|--------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Provision for bad debts on individual basis | 820,891.71 | 100.00 | 820,891.71 | |
| Margin and deposit | 627,200.00 | 100.00 | 627,200.00 | |
| Current accounts and others | 193,691.71 | 100.00 | 193,691.71 | |
| Provision for bad debts on collective basis | | | | |
| Total | 820,891.71 | 100.00 | 820,891.71 | |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

5. Other receivables (continued)

Other receivables (continued)

④ Provision for bad debts accrued, recovered or reversed during the current period

| Provision for bad debts | Phase I Expected credit losses for the next 12 months | Phase II | | Phase III Lifetime expected credit loss (with credit impairment) | Total |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--------------|
| | | Lifetime expected credit loss (without credit impairment) | | | |
| Opening balance | | | | 820,891.71 | 820,891.71 |
| Opening balance in this period | | | | 820,891.71 | 820,891.71 |
| – Transferred to Phase II | | | | | |
| – Transferred to Phase III | | | | | |
| – Transferred back to Phase II | | | | | |
| – Transferred back to Phase I | | | | | |
| Current provision | 2,546,402.77 | | | 3,093,468.12 | 5,639,870.89 |
| Current write-off | | | | | |
| Closing balance | 2,546,402.77 | | | 3,914,359.83 | 6,460,762.60 |

⑤ Top five other receivables by debtor

| Company name | Nature of amount | Closing balance of other receivables | Age | Proportion in total of closing balance of other receivables (%) | Closing balance of provision for bad debts |
|--|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Beijing Xinlongfu Culture Investment Co., Ltd. (北京新隆福文化投資有限公司) | Margin and deposit | 4,512,039.00 | Over 3 years | 10.17 | 22,560.20 |
| Beijing Huimin Digital Technology Co., Ltd. (北京惠民數字科技有限公司) | Margin and deposit | 3,251,722.00 | 1-2 years | 7.30 | 16,258.61 |
| Beijing Municipal Administration of Government Logistics | Margin and deposit | 2,647,404.19 | Within 1 year and over 3 years | 5.95 | 13,237.02 |
| Beijing No.1 Intermediate People's Court | Current accounts and others | 1,721,777.18 | 1-2 years | 3.87 | 86,088.86 |
| Zhongta Co., Ltd. (中塔有限責任公司) | Margin and deposit | 976,812.67 | Over 3 years | 2.19 | 4,884.06 |
| Total | | 13,109,755.04 | | 29.45 | 143,028.75 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

6. Inventories

(1) Categories of inventories

| Types of inventories | Closing balance | | | Balance at the end of the previous year | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---|--------------------|---|---|--------------------|
| | Book balance | Provision for impairment/ provision for impairment of contract performance costs | Carrying amount | Book balance | Provision for impairment/ provision for impairment of contract performance costs | Carrying amount |
| Contract performance costs | 78,749,175.39 | | 78,749,175.39 | 120,822,026.15 | | 120,822,026.15 |
| Finished goods | | | | 227,695.40 | | 227,695.40 |
| Total | 78,749,175.39 | | 78,749,175.39 | 121,049,721.55 | | 121,049,721.55 |

(2) As at the end of period, the Group had not made provision for impairment of inventories and provision for impairment of contract performance costs.

7. Contract assets

| Item | Balance as at the end of the period | Balance as at the end of the previous year |
|--|--|---|
| Contract assets | 44,515,029.98 | 24,984,727.58 |
| Less: impairment provision of contract assets | 2,727,545.58 | 531,981.04 |
| Subtotal | 41,787,484.40 | 24,452,746.54 |
| Less: contract assets included in other non-current assets | | |
| Total | 41,787,484.40 | 24,452,746.54 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

7. Contract assets (continued)

(1) Provision for impairment of contract assets

| Type | Balance as at the end of the period | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | Book balance | Impairment provision | | | |
| | | Proportion | | Expected | |
| Type | Balance | (%) | Amount | credit loss rate (%) | Book value |
| Provision for bad debts on individual basis | | | | | |
| Provision for bad debts on collective basis | 44,515,029.98 | 100.00 | 2,727,545.58 | 6.13 | 41,787,484.40 |
| Of which: | | | | | |
| E-government | 43,231,462.42 | 97.12 | 2,518,195.71 | 5.82 | 40,713,266.71 |
| E-commerce | 1,283,567.56 | 2.88 | 209,349.87 | 16.31 | 1,074,217.69 |
| Total | 44,515,029.98 | 100.00 | 2,727,545.58 | 6.13 | 41,787,484.40 |

| Type | Balance as at the end of the previous year | | | | |
|---|--|----------------------|------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | Book balance | Impairment provision | | | |
| | | Proportion | | Expected | |
| Type | Balance | (%) | Amount | credit loss rate (%) | Book value |
| Provision for bad debts on individual basis | | | | | |
| Provision for bad debts on collective basis | 24,984,727.58 | 100.00 | 531,981.04 | 2.13 | 24,452,746.54 |
| Of which: | | | | | |
| E-government | 24,769,138.54 | 99.14 | 519,757.14 | 2.10 | 24,249,381.40 |
| E-commerce | 215,589.04 | 0.86 | 12,223.90 | 5.67 | 203,365.14 |
| Total | 24,984,727.58 | 100.00 | 531,981.04 | 2.13 | 24,452,746.54 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

7. Contract assets (continued)

(1) Provision for impairment of contract assets (continued)

Provision for bad debts made on a collective basis:

Account provision on collective basis: e-government

| Aging | Balance as at the end of the period | | | Balance as at the end of the previous year | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Contract Assets | Impairment provision | Expected credit loss rate (%) | Contract assets | Impairment provision | Expected credit loss rate (%) |
| Within 1 year | 41,554,493.60 | 2,160,833.65 | 5.20 | 24,608,638.54 | 445,397.49 | 1.81 |
| 1-2 years | 1,676,968.82 | 357,362.06 | 21.31 | | | |
| 2-3 years | | | | 160,500.00 | 74,359.65 | 46.33 |
| Total | 43,231,462.42 | 2,518,195.71 | 5.82 | 24,769,138.54 | 519,757.14 | 2.10 |

Account provision on collective basis: e-commerce

| | Balance as at the end of the period | | | Balance as at the end of the previous year | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Contract assets | Impairment provision | Expected credit loss rate (%) | Contract assets | Impairment provision | Expected credit loss rate (%) |
| Within 1 year | 1,283,567.56 | 209,349.87 | 16.31 | 215,589.04 | 12,223.90 | 5.67 |

(2) Provision for impairment of contract assets made, recovered or reversed in the current period

| Item | Current provision | Current reversal | Resales/write-off for the period | Reason |
|---|-------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|--------|
| Provision for impairment of contract assets | 2,195,564.54 | | | |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

8. Held-for-sale assets

| Item | Balance as at the end of the period | | | Balance as at the end of the previous year | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|--|----------------------|---------------|
| | Book balance | Provision for impairment | Book value | Book balance | Impairment provision | Book value |
| Assets in the disposal group held for sale | | | | | | |
| Incl: asset group of government network service project | | | | 89,060,867.96 | 58,803,186.83 | 30,257,681.13 |

Provision for impairment of assets held for sale

| Item | Balance as at the beginning of period | Decrease for the period | | | Balance as at the end of period |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | Increase for the period | Reversal for the period | Disposal for the period | |
| Assets in the disposal group held for sale | | | | | |
| Incl: asset group of government network service project | 58,803,186.83 | | | 58,803,186.83 | |

9. Non-current liabilities due within one year

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|--|-----------------|---|
| Deposits in large amount due within one year | 110,202,602.74 | |

10. Other current assets

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|--------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Prepaid income tax | 2,024,754.23 | 365,733.83 |
| Input tax to be deducted | 313,606.08 | 310,379.21 |
| Others | 1,944.38 | 461,758.35 |
| Total | 2,340,304.69 | 1,137,871.39 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

11. Long-term equity investment

| Investee | Opening balance (book value) | Opening balance of impairment provision | Additional investment | Decreased in vestment | Increase and decrease in the current period | | | | Provision for impairment | Others | Closing balance (book value) | Closing balance of impairment provision |
|---|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|--|-------------------------|--|--------------------------|--------|------------------------------|---|
| | | | | | Investment gain or loss recognized under the equity method | Adjustment to other comprehensive income | Changes in other equity | Cash dividends or profit declared to be issued | | | | |
| Associate | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beijing Certificate Authority Co., Ltd. ("BJCA") | 237,082,620.23 | | | | 3,304,085.33 | | -3,273,787.71 | | | | 237,112,917.85 | |
| Chongqing Hongxin Haoyu Network Technology Co., Ltd. (重慶宏信瀚宇網絡技術有限公司) | | 3,862,753.24 | | | | | | | | | | 3,862,753.24 |
| Total | 237,082,620.23 | 3,862,753.24 | | | 3,304,085.33 | | -3,273,787.71 | | | | 237,112,917.85 | 3,862,753.24 |

12. Other equity instrument investments

| Item | Balance at the end | |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|
| | Closing balance | of the previous year |
| Capinfo Soft Co., Ltd. | — | — |
| Uniresource Investment Co., Ltd. (紫光信業投資股份有限公司) | — | — |
| Loyalty Alliance Enterprise Corporation ("LAEC") | — | — |
| Total | — | — |

Note: Other equity instrument investments refer to long-term investments of the Company held for strategic purposes, which the Company will designate as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

13. Other non-current financial assets

| Type | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|--|-----------------|---|
| Beijing Jingguosheng Investment Fund (Limited Partnership) (北京京國盛投資基金(有限合夥)) | 67,294,538.92 | 51,300,941.47 |

14. Investment properties

| Item | Buildings and structures |
|---|--------------------------|
| I. Original book value | |
| 1. Opening balance | 74,320,626.80 |
| 2. Amount increased in the current period | |
| 3. Amount decreased in the current period | |
| 4. Closing balance | 74,320,626.80 |
| II. Accumulated depreciation and accumulated amortization | |
| 1. Opening balance | 54,993,070.80 |
| 2. Amount increased in the current period | 3,620,574.72 |
| (1) Provision or amortization | 3,620,574.72 |
| 3. Amount decreased in the current period | |
| 4. Closing balance | 58,613,645.52 |
| III. Impairment reserve | |
| 1. Opening balance | |
| 2. Amount increased in the current period | |
| 3. Amount decreased in the current period | |
| 4. Closing balance | |
| IV. Book value | |
| 1. Ending book value | 15,706,981.28 |
| 2. Opening book value | 19,327,556.00 |

Details of certificate of title to be obtained

| Item | Carrying amount | Reason for not having obtained the title certificate |
|--------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Digital Beijing Building | 15,706,981.28 | Yet to be obtained |

Note: The above investment properties depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis at an annual rate of 5%.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

15. Fixed assets

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Fixed assets | 143,813,548.38 | 125,554,131.98 |
| Liquidation of fixed assets | 254,400.00 | |
| Total | 144,067,948.38 | 125,554,131.98 |

(1) Fixed assets

Details of fixed assets

| Item | Machinery and equipment | Others | Total |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| I. Original book value | | | |
| 1. Opening balance | 495,597,243.86 | 100,908,308.50 | 596,505,552.36 |
| 2. Amount increased in the current period | 28,826,260.38 | 62,920,133.76 | 91,746,394.14 |
| (1) Purchase | 28,826,260.38 | 62,920,133.76 | 91,746,394.14 |
| 3. Amount decreased in the current period | 33,475,036.47 | 186,744.36 | 33,661,780.83 |
| (1) Disposal or scrapping | 33,475,036.47 | 186,744.36 | 33,661,780.83 |
| 4. Closing balance | 490,948,467.77 | 163,641,697.90 | 654,590,165.67 |
| II. Accumulated depreciation | | | |
| 1. Opening balance | 410,499,197.85 | 60,452,222.53 | 470,951,420.38 |
| 2. Amount increased in the current period | 42,073,357.40 | 27,405,526.09 | 69,478,883.49 |
| (1) Accrual | 42,073,357.40 | 27,405,526.09 | 69,478,883.49 |
| 3. Amount decreased in the current period | 32,024,108.59 | 177,407.09 | 32,201,515.68 |
| (1) Disposal or scrapping | 32,024,108.59 | 177,407.09 | 32,201,515.68 |
| 4. Closing balance | 420,548,446.66 | 87,680,341.53 | 508,228,788.19 |
| III. Impairment provision | | | |
| 1. Opening balance | | | |
| 2. Amount increased in the current period | 3,407,146.54 | | 3,407,146.54 |
| (1) Accrual | 3,407,146.54 | | 3,407,146.54 |
| 3. Amount decreased in the current period | 859,317.44 | | 859,317.44 |
| (1) Disposal or scrapping | 859,317.44 | | 859,317.44 |
| 4. Closing balance | 2,547,829.10 | | 2,547,829.10 |
| IV. Book value | | | |
| 1. Ending book value | 67,852,192.01 | 75,961,356.37 | 143,813,548.38 |
| 2. Opening book value | 85,098,046.01 | 40,456,085.97 | 125,554,131.98 |

Note: The Group has no fixed assets which have been pledged or secured during the period.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

15. Fixed assets (continued)

(2) Disposal of fixed assets

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year | Reason for transfer Reason for transfer to disposal |
|-------------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| Machinery and equipment | 254,400.00 | | To be disposed of |

16. Right-of-use assets

| Item | Buildings and structures |
|---|--------------------------|
| I. Original book value | |
| 1. Opening balance | 51,998,531.22 |
| 2. Amount increased in the current period | 47,774,715.68 |
| (1) Addition of new lease | 47,774,715.68 |
| (2) Remeasurement | |
| 3. Amount decreased in the current period | 24,902,303.08 |
| (1) Termination of lease | 24,902,303.08 |
| 4. Closing balance | 74,870,943.82 |
| II. Accumulated depreciation | |
| 1. Opening balance | 24,929,348.67 |
| 2. Amount increased in the current period | 30,623,468.29 |
| (1) Accrual | 30,623,468.29 |
| 3. Amount decreased in the current period | 22,543,836.04 |
| (1) Termination of lease | 22,543,836.04 |
| 4. Closing balance | 33,008,980.92 |
| III. Impairment reserve | |
| 1. Opening balance | |
| 2. Amount increased in the current period | |
| 3. Amount decreased in the current period | |
| 4. Closing balance | |
| IV. Book value | |
| 1. Closing book value | 41,861,962.90 |
| 2. Opening book value | 27,069,182.55 |

Notes:

- (1) The Group adopted a simplified method for short-term leases, and the amount of RMB3,952,943.02 was charged into the profit and loss for the current period.
- (2) The total cash outflow in relation to the lease for the period was RMB30,451,549.21.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

17. Intangible assets

| Item | Software | Customer Relationship | Total |
|---|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| I. Original book value | | | |
| 1. Opening balance | 388,431,934.30 | 2,328,003.18 | 390,759,937.48 |
| 2. Amount increased in the current period | 78,233,847.68 | | 78,233,847.68 |
| (1) Purchase | 15,120,979.75 | | 15,120,979.75 |
| (2) Internal R&D | 63,112,867.93 | | 63,112,867.93 |
| 3. Amount decreased in the current period | | | |
| (1) Other decreases | | | |
| 4. Closing balance | 466,665,781.98 | 2,328,003.18 | 468,993,785.16 |
| II. Accumulated amortization | | | |
| 1. Opening balance | 218,779,763.89 | 2,328,003.18 | 221,107,767.07 |
| 2. Amount increased in the current period | 30,222,519.36 | | 30,222,519.36 |
| (1) Accrual | 30,222,519.36 | | 30,222,519.36 |
| 3. Amount decreased in the current period | | | |
| (1) Other decreases | | | |
| 4. Closing balance | 249,002,283.25 | 2,328,003.18 | 251,330,286.43 |
| III. Impairment provision | | | |
| 1. Opening balance | 6,900,871.88 | | 6,900,871.88 |
| 2. Amount increased in the current period | | | |
| 3. Amount decreased in the current period | | | |
| 4. Closing balance | 6,900,871.88 | | 6,900,871.88 |
| IV. Book value | | | |
| 1. Ending book value | 210,762,626.85 | | 210,762,626.85 |
| 2. Opening book value | 162,751,298.53 | | 162,751,298.53 |

Note: At the end of period, intangible assets from internal R&D represents 42.14% of the balance of intangible assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

18. Development expenditures

| Item | Opening balance | Increase in the current period | Decrease in the current period | Closing balance |
|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Development expenditure | 63,112,867.93 | | 63,112,867.93 | |

Note: For details, please refer to Note VI. Research and development expenses.

19. Goodwill

(1) Original book value of goodwill

| Name of the investee or items forming goodwill | Opening balance | Increase in the current period | | Decrease in the current period | | Closing balance |
|--|-----------------|------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|--------|-----------------|
| | | Business combination and formation | Others | Disposal | Others | |
| Rito Info | 184,597,722.06 | | | | | 184,597,722.06 |

(2) Provision for impairment of goodwill

| Name of the investee or items forming goodwill | Opening balance | Increase in the current period | | Decrease in the current period | | Closing balance |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|--------|-----------------|
| | | Provision | Others | Disposal | Others | |
| Rito Info | 184,597,722.06 | | | | | 184,597,722.06 |

20. Long-term unamortized expenses

| Item | Beginning balance | Increase in the current period | Decrease in the current period | | Closing balance |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | Amortized amount for the period | Decrease in other amounts | |
| Leasehold improvement | 40,234.38 | 2,925,649.23 | 725,795.39 | | 2,240,088.22 |
| Construction and installment fees | 7,718,861.82 | | 4,530,245.94 | | 3,188,615.88 |
| Total | 7,759,096.20 | 2,925,649.23 | 5,256,041.33 | | 5,428,704.10 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

21. Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities

(1) Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities before offset

| Item | Closing balance | | Balance at the end of the previous year | |
|---|---|--|---|---|
| | Deductible/ taxable temporary difference | Deferred income tax assets/liabilities | Deductible/ taxable temporary difference | Deferred income tax assets/ liabilities |
| Deferred tax assets: | | | | |
| Provision for asset impairment | 159,975,517.54 | 24,051,327.64 | 252,654,472.21 | 37,898,170.83 |
| Accrued cost | 146,540,531.17 | 21,981,079.67 | 273,601,025.00 | 41,040,153.75 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 24,926,174.84 | 3,738,926.23 | 35,985,071.15 | 5,397,760.67 |
| Payroll payable | 16,888,082.50 | 2,533,212.35 | 18,581,727.90 | 2,787,259.18 |
| Deferred income | 19,881,623.94 | 2,982,243.59 | 254,273.51 | 38,141.03 |
| Non-current liabilities due within | | | | |
| one year | 14,442,085.04 | 2,166,312.76 | 8,634,889.84 | 1,295,233.48 |
| Lease liabilities | 43,608,383.64 | 6,541,257.54 | 28,101,797.18 | 4,215,269.58 |
| Deductible loss | 211,902,448.24 | 31,785,367.24 | 74,298,919.68 | 11,144,837.95 |
| Subtotal | 638,164,846.91 | 95,779,727.02 | 692,112,176.47 | 103,816,826.47 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities: | | | | |
| Acceleration of charging of fixed | | | | |
| assets | 40,051,138.47 | 6,007,670.76 | 54,909,820.32 | 8,236,473.04 |
| Right-of-use assets and lease | | | | |
| prepayments | 41,861,962.90 | 6,279,294.43 | 28,987,428.57 | 4,348,114.29 |
| Changes in fair value of other | | | | |
| non- current financial assets | 6,023,368.58 | 903,505.29 | | |
| Subtotal | 87,936,469.95 | 13,190,470.48 | 83,897,248.89 | 12,584,587.33 |

(2) Breakdown of deductible temporary difference and deductible losses of unrecognized deferred income tax assets

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| | | of the previous year |
| Deductible losses | 79,430,802.17 | 67,530,126.63 |
| Provision for asset impairment | 74,861,988.47 | 12,908,732.43 |
| Total | 154,292,790.64 | 80,438,859.06 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

21. Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities (continued)

- (3) Deductible losses on unrecognized deferred income tax assets will expire in the following years

| Year | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year | Note |
|-------|-----------------|---|------|
| 2032 | 24,679,581.29 | 26,216,754.14 | |
| 2033 | 46,572,476.90 | 41,313,372.49 | |
| 2034 | 8,178,743.98 | | |
| Total | 79,430,802.17 | 67,530,126.63 | |

22. Other non-current assets

| Item | Closing balance | | | Balance at the end of the previous year | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|---|----------------------|-----------------|
| | Book balance | Impairment provision | Carrying amount | Book balance | Impairment provision | Carrying amount |
| Deposits in large amount | 40,938,219.18 | | 40,938,219.18 | 106,652,602.74 | | 106,652,602.74 |
| Prepayment to purchase long-term assets | 1,981,898.97 | | 1,981,898.97 | | | |
| Total | 42,920,118.15 | | 42,920,118.15 | 106,652,602.74 | | 106,652,602.74 |

23. Assets with limited title of use

| Item | Balance at the end of the period | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | Book balance | Book value | Type of limitation | Details of limitation |
| Monetary fund | 8,070,490.36 | 8,070,490.36 | Limited title of use/freezing | Margin, deposits in Custody Account, freezing due to litigation and other matters |
| Non-current assets due within one year | 21,428,269.54 | 21,428,269.54 | Freezing | Freezing due to litigation |
| Total | 29,498,759.90 | 29,498,759.90 | | |

| Item | Balance at the end of the previous year | | | |
|---------------|---|---------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Book balance | Book value | Type of limitation | Details of limitation |
| Monetary fund | 40,954,277.60 | 40,954,277.60 | Limited title of use/freezing | Margin, deposits in Custody Account and freezing due to litigation |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

24. Notes payables

| Type | Balance at the end of the period | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Bank acceptance bill | | 1,669,827.20 |

25. Accounts payable

(1) Disclosure of accounts payable by type

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| Payment for goods | 575,719,949.40 | 398,969,828.62 |

(2) Disclosure of accounts payable by aging

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|---------------|-----------------|--|
| Within 1 year | 380,514,634.20 | 234,755,064.91 |
| 1-2 years | 73,266,159.82 | 45,659,868.36 |
| 2-3 years | 30,646,273.86 | 38,107,259.19 |
| Above 3 years | 91,292,881.52 | 80,447,636.16 |
| Total | 575,719,949.40 | 398,969,828.62 |

Note: The aging of accounts payable is presented based on the date of receipt of goods and services.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

25. Accounts payable (continued)

(2) Disclosure of accounts payable by aging (continued)

Of which, major accounts payable aged over 1 year

| Item | Closing balance | Reasons for being outstanding or not carried forward |
|--|-----------------|--|
| Beijing Menglixing Technology Co., Ltd. (北京盟力星科技有限公司) | 8,100,000.00 | The settlement time stipulated in the contract has not arrived |
| Zhong Jin Guo Yin (Beijing) Information Service Co., Ltd. (中金國銀(北京)信息服務有限公司) | 7,937,691.05 | The project has not been settled |
| Beijing Huacheng Zhiyun Software Co., Ltd. (北京華成智雲軟件股份有限公司) | 5,861,350.00 | The project has not been settled |
| BJCA | 5,537,700.00 | The settlement time stipulated in the contract has not arrived |
| Total | 27,436,741.05 | — |

26. Contract Liabilities

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|--------------|-----------------|---|
| Item receipt | 287,842,203.33 | 315,570,239.61 |

Note: The contract liability at the beginning of 2024 was RMB315,570,239.61, of which RMB276,837,087.81 was recognized as revenue in 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

27. Payroll Payable

| Item | Opening balance | Increase in the current period | Decrease in the current period | Closing balance |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Short-term employee benefits | 71,359,899.19 | 417,757,516.52 | 437,292,303.16 | 51,825,112.55 |
| Post-employment benefits – defined contribution plans | 5,576,775.82 | 64,652,675.90 | 62,859,902.39 | 7,369,549.33 |
| Termination benefits | 16,539,451.62 | 8,621,814.07 | 8,621,814.07 | 16,539,451.62 |
| Total | 93,476,126.63 | 491,032,006.49 | 508,774,019.62 | 75,734,113.50 |

(1) Short-term compensation

| Item | Beginning balance | Increase in the current period | Decrease in the current period | Closing balance |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Salary, bonus, allowance, and subsidy | 58,830,423.14 | 334,328,373.03 | 352,937,711.28 | 40,221,084.89 |
| Staff welfare | | 833,433.75 | 833,433.75 | |
| Social insurance premium | 4,012,501.89 | 35,130,574.79 | 36,035,983.28 | 3,107,093.40 |
| Of which: 1. Medical insurance premiums | 3,959,359.45 | 34,369,943.30 | 35,281,044.90 | 3,048,257.85 |
| 2. Work injury insurance premiums | 52,946.18 | 738,050.99 | 732,357.88 | 58,639.29 |
| 3. Maternity insurance premiums | 196.26 | 22,580.50 | 22,580.50 | 196.26 |
| Housing provident fund | 24,488.70 | 40,844,989.00 | 40,827,199.00 | 42,278.70 |
| Union dues and staff training fees | 8,492,485.46 | 6,620,145.95 | 6,657,975.85 | 8,454,655.56 |
| Other short-term remuneration | | | | |
| Total | 71,359,899.19 | 417,757,516.52 | 437,292,303.16 | 51,825,112.55 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

27. Payroll Payable (continued)

(2) Defined contribution plan

| Item | Beginning balance | Increase in the current period | Decrease in the current period | Closing balance |
|---|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Post-employment benefits | 5,576,775.82 | 64,652,675.90 | 62,859,902.39 | 7,369,549.33 |
| Of which: 1. Basic pension insurance premiums | 4,224,953.67 | 54,571,222.67 | 54,105,292.44 | 4,690,883.90 |
| 2. Unemployment insurance | 135,168.43 | 1,727,510.10 | 1,708,674.16 | 154,004.37 |
| 3. Company annuity | 1,216,653.72 | 8,353,943.13 | 7,045,935.79 | 2,524,661.06 |
| Total | 5,576,775.82 | 64,652,675.90 | 62,859,902.39 | 7,369,549.33 |

Note: The employees of the Group participate in a retirement benefit scheme operated by the government of the Mainland China and managed by the state. The Group calculates and contributes to the retirement fund in accordance with relevant laws and regulations. The local government of the Mainland China is responsible for paying all pensions to retired employees. No forfeited contributions (by employees who leave the scheme prior to vesting fully in such contributions) shall be used by the Group to reduce the existing contribution level.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

27. Payroll Payable (continued)

(3) Demission benefit

| Item | Opening balance | Increase for the period | Decrease for the period | Closing balance |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Demission benefit | 16,539,451.62 | 8,621,814.07 | 8,621,814.07 | 16,539,451.62 |

Note: Demission benefit are compensation paid by a company prior to the expiration of a labor contract to terminate the labor relationship with the employee. The demission benefit of the Company and its subsidiaries is based on the amount of demission compensation determined through negotiation with the employees or labor arbitration.

28. Tax payables

| Taxes | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|--|-----------------|---|
| Value added tax | 28,165,586.15 | 21,911,249.56 |
| Enterprise income tax | 13,885,295.83 | 12,700,378.89 |
| Urban maintenance and construction tax | 872,941.68 | 2,163,421.82 |
| Education surcharges | 564,415.20 | 1,430,857.15 |
| Individual income tax | 549,571.54 | 637,123.49 |
| Land use tax | 17,686.62 | 17,686.62 |
| Stamp duty | 8,492.30 | 46,115.43 |
| Total | 44,063,989.32 | 38,906,832.96 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

29. Other payables

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|------------------|-----------------|---|
| Interest payable | | |
| Dividend payable | | |
| Other payables | 41,586,338.52 | 349,845,189.48 |
| Total | 41,586,338.52 | 349,845,189.48 |

Other payables

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|---|-----------------|---|
| Margin and deposits | 5,056,415.07 | 6,307,051.78 |
| Current account | 16,343,935.73 | 32,192,318.31 |
| Non-operating current accounts of related parties | 12,000,000.00 | 12,000,000.00 |
| Project bills payable | | 295,750,168.83 |
| Others | 8,185,987.72 | 3,595,650.56 |
| Total | 41,586,338.52 | 349,845,189.48 |

Of which, major other payables aged over 1 year

| Item | Amount | Reasons for being outstanding or not carried forward |
|--|---------------|--|
| Beijing State-owned Assets Management Co., Ltd. ("BSAM") | 12,000,000.00 | Settlement conditions are unsatisfied |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

30. Non-current liabilities due within one year

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|--|----------------------|---|
| Lease liabilities due within one year | 21,252,155.71 | 8,904,334.43 |
| Long-term payables due within one year | 59,888,873.76 | 54,631,941.15 |
| Total | 81,141,029.47 | 63,536,275.58 |

(1) Lease liabilities due within one year

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Lease liabilities due within one year | 21,252,155.71 | 8,904,334.43 |

(2) Long-term payables due within one year

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Contingent consideration of Rito Info | 59,888,873.76 | 54,631,941.15 |

31. Other current liabilities

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|--------|-----------------|---|
| Others | 7,678,865.08 | |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

32. Lease liabilities

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|---|-----------------|---|
| Lease payments of buildings and structures | 45,998,778.56 | 30,903,721.91 |
| Less: unrecognized finance costs | 2,390,394.92 | 2,801,924.73 |
| Subtotal | 43,608,383.64 | 28,101,797.18 |
| Less: Lease liabilities due within one year | 21,252,155.71 | 8,904,334.43 |
| Total | 22,356,227.93 | 19,197,462.75 |

Note: The amount of interest expense on lease liabilities accrued in 2024 was RMB2,583,341.38, which was included in finance expenses- interest expenses.

33. Deferred income

| Item | Opening balance | Increase in the current period | Decrease in the current period | Closing balance | Reasons |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Government grants | 254,273.51 | 20,270,000.00 | 642,649.57 | 19,881,623.94 | Fiscal appropriation |

Note: Details of government grant included in deferred income are set out in Note VIII. Government grants.

34. Share capital (unit: ten thousand shares)

| Item | Beginning balance | New shares issued | Share dividend | Increase/decrease for the current period (+, -) | | | Subtotal | Closing balance |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|--|-------------|--|-------------|-----------------|
| | | | | Capitalization of capital reserve into share capital | Others | | | |
| Total number of shares | 289,808.61 | | | | -260,827.75 | | -260,827.75 | 28,980.86 |

Note: The share consolidation resolution was passed at the Company's EGM held on 26 June 2024. Every ten existing domestic shares of RMB0.01 each were consolidated into one consolidated domestic share of RMB1.00 each; and every ten existing H shares of RMB0.10 each were consolidated into one consolidated H shares of RMB1.00 each.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

35. Capital reserve

| Item | Opening balance | Increase in the current period | Decrease in the current period | Closing balance |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Share premium | 259,229,641.55 | 0.10 | | 259,229,641.65 |
| Other capital reserves | 45,762,004.41 | | 3,273,787.71 | 42,488,216.70 |
| Total | 304,991,645.96 | 0.10 | 3,273,787.71 | 301,717,858.35 |

Note: Changes in other capital reserves for the current year refer to changes in owner's equity of the associate BJCA other than net profit and loss, other comprehensive income and profit distribution. The Group's share based on its proportionate shareholding is included in other capital reserves.

36. Other comprehensive income

Other comprehensive income attributable to the parent company in the balance sheet:

| Item | Opening balance | Amount incurred in the current period | | Closing balance |
|--|----------------------|--|---|----------------------|
| | | Attributable to the parent company after tax | Less: The retained earnings transferred in the current period but previously included in other comprehensive income | |
| I. Other comprehensive incomes that will not be reclassified into profit or loss | | | | |
| 1. Changes in fair value of other equity instrument investments | -8,443,166.86 | | | -8,443,166.86 |
| Total other comprehensive income | -8,443,166.86 | | | -8,443,166.86 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

37. Surplus reserve

| Item | Opening balance | Increase in the current period | Decrease in the current period | Closing balance |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Statutory surplus reserve | 129,525,384.77 | | | 129,525,384.77 |

38. Undistributed profit

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Amount incurred in the previous period adjustment | 429,068,885.33 | 552,691,825.04 |
| Total amount of adjustment for undistributed profit at the beginning of the period ("+" for increase and "-" for decrease) | | |
| Undistributed profit at the beginning of the period after adjustment | 429,068,885.33 | 552,691,825.04 |
| Plus: net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company | -13,781,409.57 | -72,906,433.12 |
| Add: withdrawal of statutory surplus reserve | | |
| Ordinary share dividends payable | | 50,716,506.59 |
| Undistributed profit at the end of the period | 415,287,475.76 | 429,068,885.33 |

Note: According to the requirements of the Articles of Association, the available- for-distribution profits for the Company's shareholders refer to amounts in the statements prepared in accordance with the Chinese Accounting Standards and Regulations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

39. Operating income and operating cost

(1) Operating income and operating cost

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | | Amount incurred in the previous period | |
|--------------------|--|------------------|---|------------------|
| | Revenue | Cost | Revenue | Cost |
| Principal business | 1,459,567,687.95 | 1,089,773,206.67 | 1,409,887,000.33 | 1,021,948,994.26 |
| Other business | 12,818,833.92 | 4,641,731.02 | 15,694,774.08 | 4,588,907.74 |
| Total | 1,472,386,521.87 | 1,094,414,937.69 | 1,425,581,774.41 | 1,026,537,902.00 |

(2) Operating income and operating cost by business type

| Business name | Amount incurred in the current period | | Amount incurred in the previous period | |
|---|--|------------------|---|------------------|
| | Operating income | Operating cost | Operating income | Operating cost |
| Principal business: | | | | |
| Product, software development and service | 434,422,175.82 | 312,146,503.27 | 435,520,136.81 | 303,513,983.34 |
| Industry solution | 337,174,883.47 | 280,522,016.62 | 390,812,265.95 | 321,607,189.26 |
| Operation and maintenance services | 687,970,628.66 | 497,104,686.78 | 583,554,597.57 | 396,827,821.66 |
| Sub-total | 1,459,567,687.95 | 1,089,773,206.67 | 1,409,887,000.33 | 1,021,948,994.26 |
| Other business: | | | | |
| Rental income from investment property | 12,818,833.92 | 4,641,731.02 | 15,694,774.08 | 4,588,907.74 |
| Sub-total | 12,818,833.92 | 4,641,731.02 | 15,694,774.08 | 4,588,907.74 |
| Total | 1,472,386,521.87 | 1,094,414,937.69 | 1,425,581,774.41 | 1,026,537,902.00 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

39. Operating income and operating cost (continued)

(3) Operating revenue by timing of transfer of goods

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Principal business revenue | 1,459,567,687.95 |
| Of which: At a certain point of time | 419,975,471.59 |
| Over a period of time | 1,039,592,216.36 |
| Other operating revenue | 12,818,833.92 |
| Of which: Leasing revenue | 12,818,833.92 |
| Total | 1,472,386,521.87 |

40. Taxes and surcharges

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| City maintenance and construction tax | 413,289.93 | 1,369,071.21 |
| Education Surcharges | 348,208.60 | 1,238,531.99 |
| Property tax | 1,803,902.42 | 1,500,744.97 |
| Land use tax | 17,686.62 | 17,686.62 |
| Stamp duty | 842,383.87 | 819,840.91 |
| Total | 3,425,471.44 | 4,945,875.70 |

Note: For details of calculation of taxes and surcharges, please refer to Note IV. Tax.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

41. Sales expenses

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|-------------------------------|--|---|
| Employee compensation | 107,514,010.54 | 95,128,963.77 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 7,419,895.71 | 8,899,881.31 |
| Labor expenses | 1,942,733.34 | 1,946,696.69 |
| Bidding service fee | 5,806,844.21 | 1,159,500.98 |
| House rental fee | 1,256,389.30 | 1,383,943.85 |
| Transportation fee | 3,439,716.83 | 1,183,423.61 |
| External negotiation fee | 451,155.13 | 483,726.38 |
| Communication expenses | 231,083.44 | 219,638.86 |
| Office expenses | 986,703.84 | 106,230.69 |
| Others | 1,585,924.60 | 499,495.30 |
| Total | 130,634,456.94 | 111,011,501.44 |

42. Administrative expenses

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Employee compensation | 81,768,032.99 | 98,461,722.06 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 20,367,423.77 | 35,884,449.09 |
| Office expenses | 8,448,642.22 | 5,742,004.40 |
| Consulting expenses | 4,303,517.16 | 3,880,510.35 |
| Property and water & electricity fee | 6,358,192.10 | 3,444,468.45 |
| Rents & leases | 2,696,553.72 | 3,432,031.52 |
| Disabled security fund | 3,541,208.15 | 2,557,004.51 |
| Labor expenses | 2,457,364.87 | 2,389,174.38 |
| Audit and evaluation fee | 2,536,586.15 | 2,381,091.92 |
| Leasehold improvement | 1,060,176.95 | 1,156,282.12 |
| Travel expense | 1,118,899.76 | 718,696.35 |
| Communication expenses | 397,047.56 | 297,593.23 |
| Transportation fee | 140,571.74 | 81,338.74 |
| Others | 4,995,765.45 | 4,909,761.71 |
| Total | 140,189,982.59 | 165,336,128.83 |

Note: Remuneration payable to the auditors by the Group for the current year was RMB2,447,400.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

43. Research and development expenses

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|--|---|
| Employee compensation | 69,493,619.49 | 121,921,487.16 |
| Materials and equipment costs | 118,584.07 | 4,074,140.10 |
| Entrust external research and development expenses | 12,784,952.66 | 2,354,442.51 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,869,297.64 | 4,399,079.88 |
| Others | 914,755.16 | 1,827,515.77 |
| Total | 85,181,209.02 | 134,576,665.42 |

44. Financial Expenses

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| Interest expense | 2,583,341.38 | 950,719.01 |
| Less: Interest income | 11,153,274.63 | 10,397,426.77 |
| Exchange gain/loss | -1,084,728.10 | -764,451.61 |
| Service charge and others | 135,764.42 | 189,065.33 |
| Total | -9,518,896.93 | -10,022,094.04 |

45. Other Income

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|--|---|
| Government grants | 1,087,008.12 | 2,299,771.70 |
| Refund of handling fees for withholding and payment of personal income tax | 272,742.42 | 285,377.35 |
| Additional input value-added tax credit | | 16,766.06 |
| Total | 1,359,750.54 | 2,601,915.11 |

Details of government grant are set out in Note VIII. Government grants.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

46. Investment income

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Long-term equity investment income accounted by the equity method | 3,304,085.33 | -12,383,797.64 |
| Investment income from disposal of long-term equity investment | | -187,916.95 |
| Investment income from deposits with a large amount | 4,488,219.18 | 3,550,000.00 |
| Investment income from other non-current financial assets | 550,346.69 | 2,516,213.64 |
| Total | 8,342,651.20 | -6,505,500.95 |

Note: See Note V.11 for "Long-term equity investment income accounted by the equity method".

47. Gain on changes in fair value

| Sources of gain on changes in fair value | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Other non-current financial assets | 687,744.00 | 1,532,437.34 |

48. Impairment losses of credit (loss is marked by "-")

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Bad debt losses on notes receivable | -51,361.59 | 3,197.06 |
| Bad debts losses of accounts receivables | -13,652,709.07 | -4,350,965.03 |
| Bad debt losses on other receivables | -5,639,870.89 | |
| Total | -19,343,941.55 | -4,347,767.97 |

49. Assets impairment loss (loss is marked by "-")

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Impairment losses on contract assets | -2,195,564.54 | 200,079.08 |
| Impairment losses on fixed assets | -3,407,146.54 | |
| Impairment losses on development expenditure | | -5,561,482.08 |
| Impairment losses on intangible assets | | -6,900,871.88 |
| Impairment losses on held-for-sale assets | | -58,803,186.83 |
| Total | -5,602,711.08 | -71,065,461.71 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

50. Gain from disposal of assets (loss is marked by "-")

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Gains on disposal of fixed assets (loss is marked by "-") | -6,027.83 | -5,832,369.74 |
| Others | -110,314.73 | |
| Total | -116,342.56 | -5,832,369.74 |

51. Non-operating income

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period | Amount included in non-recurring gains and losses for the current period |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Default fines | 274,164.00 | 110,000.00 | 274,164.00 |
| Others | 984,577.00 | 80,503.97 | 984,577.00 |
| Total | 1,258,741.00 | 190,503.97 | 1,258,741.00 |

52. Non-operating expenses

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period | Amount included in non-recurring gains and losses for the current period |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Fines and surcharges for overdue payments | 87,600.00 | | 87,600.00 |
| Interest on litigation-related debts | 8,644,093.66 | | 8,644,093.66 |
| Loss on retirement of non-current assets | 337,210.44 | | 337,210.44 |
| Others | 460,164.23 | 3,766.28 | 460,164.23 |
| Total | 9,529,068.33 | 3,766.28 | 9,529,068.33 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

53. Income tax expense

(1) Breakdown of income tax expense

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|--|---|
| Current income tax calculated according to tax law and relevant provisions | 2,762,094.61 | 3,339,939.18 |
| Deferred income tax expenses | 8,642,982.60 | -31,482,100.52 |
| Total | 11,405,077.21 | -28,142,161.34 |

(2) Relationship between income tax expenses and total profits:

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|--|---|
| Total profit | 5,116,184.34 | -90,234,215.17 |
| Income tax expense calculated at statutory (or applicable) tax rate | 767,427.65 | -13,535,132.28 |
| Impact of different tax rates applied to certain subsidiaries | 4,608,777.60 | -157,924.20 |
| Adjustments to current income taxes of prior periods | -497,597.84 | -514,814.21 |
| Profit or loss in joint ventures and associates accounted by equity method | -495,612.80 | 1,857,569.65 |
| Revenue not subject to taxation (indicated with "-") | | |
| Non-deductible costs, expenses and losses | 212,174.88 | 213,809.17 |
| Impact of changes in tax rate on opening balance of deferred income tax | | -11,892,526.60 |
| Tax effect of utilizing unrecognized deductible losses and deductible temporary differences from prior years (indicated with "-") | | |
| Tax effect of unrecognized deductible losses and deductible temporary differences | 11,078,089.74 | 8,077,987.79 |
| Impact of R&D expenses plus as deductible tax (indicated with "-") | -9,910,756.81 | -10,768,931.98 |
| Others | 5,642,574.79 | -1,422,198.68 |
| Income tax expense | 11,405,077.21 | -28,142,161.34 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

54. Supplementary information to cash flow statement

(1) Supplementary information of cash flow statement

| Supplementary information | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|--|--|---|
| 1. Reconciliation of net profit to cash flows | | |
| from operating activities: | | |
| Net profits | -6,288,892.87 | -62,092,053.83 |
| Add: Impairment losses on assets | 5,602,711.08 | 71,065,461.71 |
| Credit impairment loss | 19,343,941.55 | 4,347,767.97 |
| Depreciation of fixed assets, depreciation of investment properties, and depreciation of right-of-use assets | 103,722,926.50 | 97,739,585.81 |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 30,222,519.36 | 25,644,320.32 |
| Amortization of long-term deferred expenses | 5,256,041.33 | 5,435,708.96 |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets (gains expressed with "-") | 116,342.56 | 5,832,369.74 |
| Losses on scrapping of fixed assets (gains expressed with "-") | 337,210.44 | |
| Losses on changes in fair value (gain expressed with "-") | -687,744.00 | -1,532,437.34 |
| Financial expenses (income expressed with "-") | 1,498,613.28 | 186,267.40 |
| Investment losses (income expressed with "-") | -8,342,651.20 | 6,505,500.95 |
| Decrease of deferred income tax assets (increase expressed with "-") | 8,037,099.45 | -35,999,777.15 |
| Increase of deferred income tax liabilities (decrease expressed with "-") | 605,883.15 | 4,517,676.63 |
| Decrease in inventories (increase expressed with "-") | 42,300,546.16 | 96,260,992.39 |
| Decrease in operating receivable items (increase expressed with "-") | 16,412,924.90 | -4,507,651.56 |
| Increase in operating payable items (decrease expressed with "-") | -129,391,202.16 | 85,089,799.73 |
| Others | 32,883,787.24 | -73,380,285.34 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | 121,630,056.77 | 225,113,246.39 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

54. Supplementary information to cash flow statement (continued)

(1) Supplementary information of cash flow statement (continued)

| Supplementary information | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|--|---|
| 2. Significant investment and financing activities not involving cash receipts and payments: | | |
| Conversion of debts into capital | | |
| Convertible corporate bonds due within one year | | |
| Right-to-use assets added in the current period | 47,774,715.68 | 26,663,056.74 |
| 3. Net changes in cash and cash equivalents: | | |
| Closing balance of cash | 715,296,755.53 | 773,143,342.93 |
| Less: Opening balance of cash | 773,143,342.93 | 901,387,759.73 |
| Add: Closing balance of cash equivalents | | |
| Less: Opening balance of cash equivalents | | |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | -57,846,587.40 | -128,244,416.80 |

(2) Composition of cash and cash equivalents

| Item | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|--|-----------------|--|
| I. Cash | 715,296,755.53 | 773,143,342.93 |
| Of which: Cash on hand | 34,091.83 | 33,594.50 |
| Bank deposit available for payment at any time | 703,108,659.39 | 760,915,546.37 |
| Other monetary capitals available for payment at any time | 12,154,004.31 | 12,194,202.06 |
| II. Cash equivalents | | |
| Of which: Bond investment due within 3 months | | |
| III. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 715,296,755.53 | 773,143,342.93 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

V. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ITEMS (continued)

55. Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies

| Item | Foreign balance at the end of the period | Exchange rate | Translated RMB balance at the end of the period |
|----------------|--|---------------|---|
| Monetary funds | | | 69,795,868.67 |
| Of which: USD | 8,963,491.32 | 7.1884 | 64,433,161.01 |
| HKD | 5,790,945.92 | 0.9260 | 5,362,631.12 |
| EUR | 10.17 | 7.5257 | 76.54 |

VI. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

1. Research and development expenses

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | | Amount incurred in the previous period | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------|
| | Amount expensed | Amount capitalized | Amount expensed | Amount capitalized |
| Employee compensation | 69,493,619.49 | | 121,921,487.16 | 62,935,040.38 |
| Materials and equipment costs | 118,584.07 | | 4,074,140.10 | |
| Outsourcing service fee | 12,784,952.66 | | 2,354,442.51 | 46,240,448.09 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,869,297.64 | | 4,399,079.88 | |
| Others | 914,755.16 | | 1,827,515.77 | |
| Total | 85,181,209.02 | | 134,576,665.42 | 109,175,488.47 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

VI. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES (continued)

2. Development expenditure

| Item | Opening balance | Increase for the period | | Decrease for the period | | Closing balance |
|--|--------------------|--|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| | | Internal development expenditure | Other increases | Recognized as intangible assets | Included in profit or loss for the current period | |
| Phase 2 of the new medical insurance platform | 63,112,867.93 | | | 63,112,867.93 | | |

Development expenditure impairment provision

| Item | Opening balance | Provision for the current period | Decrease for the current period | Closing balance |
|--------|--------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Others | 5,688,881.85 | | | 5,688,881.85 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

VII. INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES

1. Interests in subsidiaries

(1) Composition of the Group

| Name of subsidiary | Type of legal entity | Registered capital | Principal operating location | Place of registration | Business nature | Percentage of shareholding (%) | | Acquisition method |
|--------------------------|---|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|--|
| | | | | | | Direct | Indirect | |
| Capinfo Technology | Other limited liability company | 51,940,643.00 | Beijing | Beijing | Information technology | 71.24 | – | Set up by investment |
| Capinfo Hong Kong | Company limited by shares | 2.12 | Hong Kong | Hong Kong | Investment | 100.00 | – | Set up by investment |
| Parking Management | Limited liability company (sole legal person) | 20,000,000.00 | Beijing | Beijing | Information technology | 100.00 | – | Set up by investment |
| Rito Info | Limited liability company | 20,000,000.00 | Xiamen | Xiamen | Information technology | 100.00 | – | Business combination involving entities not under common control |
| Capinfo Medical United | Limited liability company (sole legal person) | 50,000,000.00 | Beijing | Beijing | Information technology | 100.00 | – | Set up by investment |
| Capinfo Cloud Technology | Other limited liability company | 50,000,000.00 | Beijing | Beijing | Information technology | 37.00 | – | Set up by investment |
| Digital Intelligent | Limited liability company (sole legal person) | 10,000,000.00 | Beijing | Beijing | Information technology | 100.00 | – | Set up by investment |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

VII. INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES (continued)

1. Interests in subsidiaries (continued)

(1) Composition of the Group (continued)

Notes:

- ① The Group did not issue share capital or securities as at 31 December 2024.
- ② Capinfo Cloud Technology is jointly established by the Company and Capnet Company Limited* (北京首信網創網絡信息服務有限責任公司) (hereinafter referred to as "Capnet"). According to the Articles of Association of Capinfo Cloud Technology, the registered capital is RMB50 million, the Company subscribes RMB18.5 million, the shareholding percentage is 37%, and the maturity of subscription is 31 December 2018. Capnet subscribes RMB31.5 million, the shareholding percentage is 63%, and the maturity of subscription is 31 December 2037; the Company includes it into the scope of the consolidated statement because of:
 - A. As of 31 December 2024, the paid-up capital contribution of the Group is RMB18.5 million, representing 68.52% of the paid-up capital of Capinfo Cloud Technology. The paid-up capital contribution of Capnet is RMB8.5 million, representing 31.48% of the paid-up capital of Capinfo Cloud Technology. According to the Articles of Association of Capinfo Cloud Technology, shareholders will vote and receive Company's bonus in accordance with percentage.
 - B. Capinfo Cloud Technology established the board of directors and elected on the general meeting. There will be no board of supervisors but it has supervisors. The supervisors are nominated by the Company and elected on the general meeting; Capinfo Cloud Technology has managers who are appointed or dismissed by the board of directors.

(2) Key non-wholly owned subsidiaries

| Name of subsidiary | Share percentage of minority shareholders % | Profit and loss attributable to minority interests for the period | Dividends declared to minority shareholders for the period | Balance of minority interests at the end of the period |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| Capinfo Technology | 28.76 | 1,906,920.01 | 8,651,515.55 | 51,116,801.52 |
| Capinfo Cloud Technology | 31.48 | 5,585,596.69 | | 14,085,596.69 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

VII. INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES (continued)

1. Interests in subsidiaries (continued)

(3) Main financial information of key non-wholly owned subsidiaries

| Name of subsidiary | Closing balance | | Total assets |
|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | Current assets | Non-current assets | |
| Capinfo Technology | 552,768,265.72 | 27,337,429.86 | 580,105,695.58 |
| Capinfo Cloud Technology | 179,778,355.64 | 174,037,052.05 | 353,815,407.69 |

| Name of subsidiary | Closing balance | | Total liabilities |
|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | Current liabilities | Non-current liabilities | |
| Capinfo Technology | 402,270,949.19 | 128,712.27 | 402,399,661.46 |
| Capinfo Cloud Technology | 289,376,830.00 | 11,793,236.88 | 301,170,066.88 |

Continued (1):

| Name of subsidiary | Balance at the end of the previous year | | |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | Current liabilities | Non-current liabilities | Total liabilities |
| Capinfo Technology | 572,631,758.92 | 16,570,734.25 | 589,202,493.17 |

| Name of subsidiary | Balance at the end of the previous year | | |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | Current liabilities | Non-current liabilities | Total liabilities |
| Capinfo Technology | 386,841,184.14 | 351,173.05 | 387,192,357.19 |

Continued (2):

| Name of subsidiary | Amount incurred in the current period | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Operating revenue | Net profits | Total comprehensive income | Cash flows from operating activities |
| Capinfo Technology | 443,594,619.58 | 6,629,197.72 | 6,629,197.72 | 35,539,098.07 |
| Capinfo Cloud Technology | 316,406,398.98 | 20,580,229.73 | 20,580,229.73 | 121,133,183.61 |

| Name of subsidiary | Amount incurred in the previous period | | | |
|--------------------|--|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Operating revenue | Net profits | Total comprehensive income | Cash flows from operating activities |
| Capinfo Technology | 563,232,157.26 | 38,452,475.30 | 38,452,475.30 | 45,013,228.22 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

VII. INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES (continued)

2. Interests in joint arrangement or associates

(1) Significant associates

| Name of associate | Main business location | Place of registration | Business nature | Percentage of shareholding (%) | | The accounting method for investments in joint ventures or associates |
|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---|--------------------------------|----------|---|
| | | | | Direct | Indirect | |
| BJCA | Beijing | Beijing | Scientific research and technology services | 26.24 | – | Equity method |

Note: BJCA was listed on GEM, Shenzhen Stock Exchange. The stock market value held by the Company based on the closing price as at 31 December 2024 was RMB2,225,663,852.32.

(2) Main financial information of significant associates:

| Item | BJCA | |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| | Amount as at the end of the period | Amount as at the beginning of the period |
| Current assets | 1,211,001,257.52 | 1,184,989,161.31 |
| Non-current assets | 332,468,112.47 | 325,609,547.55 |
| Total assets | 1,543,469,369.99 | 1,510,598,708.86 |
| Current liabilities | 620,076,200.98 | 571,876,210.27 |
| Non-current liabilities | 11,546,716.96 | 24,651,207.99 |
| Total liabilities | 631,622,917.94 | 596,527,418.26 |
| Net assets | 911,846,452.05 | 914,071,290.60 |
| Of which: Minority interests | 8,060,504.73 | 10,400,826.52 |
| Owners' equity attributable to the parent company | 903,785,947.32 | 903,670,464.08 |
| Share of net assets based on percentage of shareholding | 237,112,917.85 | 237,082,620.23 |
| Book value of equity investment to associate | 237,112,917.85 | 237,082,620.23 |
| Fair value of equity investment with quoted price | 2,225,663,852.32 | 1,831,816,270.56 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

VII. INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES (continued)

2. Interests in joint arrangement or associates (continued)

(2) Main financial information of significant associates: (continued)

Continued:

| Item | BJCA | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
| Operating revenue | 1,122,479,441.51 | 972,471,946.36 |
| Net profits | 10,609,797.51 | -47,491,545.21 |
| Of which: Net profit attributable to the parent company | 12,593,940.14 | -47,202,414.73 |
| Net profit from discontinued operations | | |
| Other comprehensive income | | |
| Total comprehensive income | 10,609,797.51 | -47,491,545.21 |
| Dividend receivable from associate during the period | | 2,479,256.36 |

(3) Changes in the scope of consolidation due to other reasons

On 9 January 2024, the Company established a new subsidiary, Beijing Digital Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd. *

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

VIII. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

1. Government grants included in other receivables

The Group has no government grants included in other receivables.

2. Government grants included in deferred income

| Category | Opening balance | Increase for the period | Decrease for the period | Closing balance |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Asset-related government grants | 254,273.51 | 20,270,000.00 | 642,649.57 | 19,881,623.94 |
| Revenue-related government grants | | | | |
| Total | 254,273.51 | 20,270,000.00 | 642,649.57 | 19,881,623.94 |

Government grants included in deferred income and subsequently measured using the gross method

| Type | Opening balance | Increase for the period | Amounts carried forward into the profits and losses in the period | Other changes | Closing balance | Items carried forward into the profits and losses in the period |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------|---|---------------|----------------------|---|
| Asset-related government grants: | | | | | | |
| Support funds of Z-Park's Beijing Medical Information Service Platform project based on big data analysis | 254,273.51 | | 72,649.57 | | 181,623.94 | Other income |
| Support funds of multi-level medical insurance digital service platform project | | 8,700,000.00 | | | 8,700,000.00 | Other income |
| Support funds of demonstration of innovative application of high-speed broadband wireless access to Beijing TD-LTE government affair network based on WAPI technology | | 11,000,000.00 | | | 11,000,000.00 | Other income |
| Support funds of industrial Internet identifiers and platform interoperability middleware project | | 570,000.00 | 570,000.00 | | | Other income |
| Total | 254,273.51 | 20,270,000.00 | 642,649.57 | | 19,881,623.94 | |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

VIII. GOVERNMENT GRANTS (continued)

3. Government grants included in profits and losses in the current period measured using the gross method

| Type | Amounts included in the profits and losses in the current period | Amounts included in the profits or loss in the previous period | Items reported in profit or loss |
|--|---|---|--|
| Asset-related government grants: | | | |
| Support funds of Z-Park's Beijing Medical Information Service Platform project based on big data analysis | 72,649.57 | 72,649.57 | Other income |
| Support funds of industrial Internet identifiers and platform interoperability middleware project | 570,000.00 | | Other income |
| Sub-total | 642,649.57 | 72,649.57 | Other income |
| Revenue-related government grants: | | | |
| Financial subsidies from Beijing Tongzhou District Science and Technology Commission | | 1,500,000.00 | Other income |
| Subsidy for the Third Batch of High-tech Enterprises for "transition from small to large-scale" for 2023 | | 200,000.00 | Other income |
| Incentive Fund for Beijing Fengtai Investment Promotion Service Center | | 184,300.00 | Other income |
| 2022 Corporate R&D Subsidy from the Ministry of Science and Technology in Xiamen | | 150,000.00 | Other income |
| Haidian District Employment Subsidy for Disabled Persons | 49,597.56 | 119,584.81 | Other income |
| Beijing Fengtai District Support and Incentive Funds for Promoting the Development of High-tech Industries | 300,000.00 | | Other income |
| Employment subsidy | 94,760.99 | 65,405.00 | Other income |
| Others | | 7,832.32 | Other income |
| Sub-total | 444,358.55 | 2,227,122.13 | Other income |
| Total | 1,087,008.12 | 2,299,771.70 | |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

IX. RISK MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT

1. Objectives and Policies of Risk Management

The Group's objective in risk management is to achieve an appropriate equilibrium between risk and return, seeking to minimize the adverse impact of the financial risk on the Group's financial performance. Based on the objectives of risk management, the Group has formulated risk management policies to identify and analyze risks that the Group faces, set an appropriate level for risk tolerance, and designed corresponding internal control procedures to monitor the risk position of the Group. The Group reviews the policies of risk management and internal control procedures on a regular basis, to adapt itself to the changes in the market and business activities of the Group. The Internal Audit Department of the Group also reviews the implementation of the internal control procedures regularly or randomly in accordance with the risk management policies.

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments, namely credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including interest rate risk and exchange risk).

Directors are responsible for planning and establishing the risk management structure of the Group, designating the risk management policies and the related guidance for the Group, and monitoring the implementation of risk management measures. The Group has risk management policies in place to identify and analyze the risk exposure of the Group. These risk management policies have defined particular risks, covering the aspects of the management of credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Group will decide whether it is necessary to update the risk management policies and system by regularly evaluating changes in market environment and the operating activities of the Group. Risk management of the Group is carried out by the risk management committee in accordance with the policies approved by the board. Risk management committee identifies, evaluates and mitigates the relevant risks by closely working with other business departments. Internal audit department of the Group will conduct audit regularly on risk management control and procedures, and submit the audit results to the audit committee of the Group.

The Group spreads the risks from financial instruments by diversified investment and business portfolio, and develops risk management policies accordingly to mitigate the risk of overconcentration on any single industry, particular region or particular counterparties.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

IX. RISK MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT (continued)

1. Objectives and Policies of Risk Management (continued)

(1) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one counterparty will cause a financial loss for the Group by failing to discharge an obligation.

The Group manages credit risk by collective classification. Credit risk is mainly attributable to cash at bank and receivables.

The bank deposit of the Group is mainly held with well-known financial institutions with high credit ratings. The counterparties of the Group's bank deposits are placed in the well-established banks with high credit ratings. The management does not foresee any significant credit risk from these deposits.

In respect of receivables, the Group has established a credit policy to control credit risk exposure. Based on the debtors' financial position, the external ratings of the customers, their possibility of acquiring guarantee from third parties, their credit record and other factors (e. g. existing market conditions), the Group assesses the credit quality of its debtors, and sets up the outstanding limits and credit terms accordingly. The Group has adopted policies to cooperate with the counterparties with good credit record, and obtain full collateral, if necessary, to relieve the risk of financial loss arising from default of these counterparties. The Group will monitor the credit record of its customers, and ensure the overall credit risk of the Group within controllable extent by issuing written collection notice, reducing credit terms or canceling credit terms for the debtors with poor credit records.

The Group's accounts receivable debtors are the customers distributed in different industries and regions. The Group will continually conduct credit assessment on the financial position of the accounts receivable, and secure credit guarantee insurance as appropriate.

The highest credit risk exposed to the Group is limited to the carrying amount of each financial asset illustrated in the balance sheet. The Group does not provide any guarantee that might cause credit risk to the Group. The maximum credit risk exposure to the Group is the carrying amount of each financial asset presented in the balance sheet. The Group does not provide any other guarantee that may enable the Group to assume credit risk. Among the accounts receivable and contract assets of the Group, the aggregate amount of accounts receivable and contract assets attributable to the top five customers account for 39.10% of the aggregate amount of closing balance of accounts receivable and contract assets of the Group. Other receivables attributable to the top five companies account for 29.45% of the Group's total other receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

IX. RISK MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT (continued)

1. Objectives and Policies of Risk Management (continued)

(2) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group may encounter deficiency of funds in meeting obligations settled with cash or other financial assets delivery.

In managing the liquidity risk, the Group maintains and monitors an adequate level of cash and cash equivalents as deemed by the Management, to finance its operations and mitigate the effect of fluctuations in cash flows. The Management of the Group monitors the use of bank loans and ensures that bank loans are used in accordance with loan agreements. At the same time, the Company obtains commitments from major financial institutions to secure sufficient reserve funds, to satisfy short and long-term capital needs.

The financial assets and liabilities held by the Group at end of period are analyzed at terms of the remaining contractual cash flows as follows (expressed in RMB0'000):

| | Closing balance | | Total |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | Within one year | More than one year | |
| Financial liabilities: | | | |
| Notes payable | | | |
| Accounts payable | 57,571.99 | | 57,571.99 |
| Other payables | 4,158.63 | | 4,158.63 |
| Non-current liabilities due within one year | 8,114.10 | | 8,114.10 |
| Other current liabilities | 707.63 | | 707.63 |
| Lease liabilities | | 2,235.62 | 2,235.62 |
| Total financial liabilities | 70,552.35 | 2,235.62 | 72,787.97 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

IX. RISK MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT (continued)

1. Objectives and Policies of Risk Management (continued)

(2) Liquidity risk (continued)

The financial assets and liabilities held by the Group at end of the previous year are analyzed at terms of the remaining contractual cash flows as follows (expressed in RMB0'000):

| Item | Balance at the end of the previous year | | Total |
|---|--|-----------------------|-----------|
| | Within one year | More than one year | |
| Financial liabilities: | | | |
| Notes payable | 166.98 | | 166.98 |
| Accounts payable | 39,896.98 | | 39,896.98 |
| Other payables | 34,984.52 | | 34,984.52 |
| Non-current liabilities due within one year | 6,353.63 | | 6,353.63 |
| Lease liabilities | | 1,919.75 | 1,919.75 |
| Total financial liabilities | 81,402.11 | 1,919.75 | 83,321.86 |

(3) Market risk

Market risk of financial instruments is the risk of fluctuation in the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flow arising from changes in market price. Market risk includes exchange risk and other price risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

IX. RISK MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT (continued)

1. Objectives and Policies of Risk Management (continued)

(3) Market risk (continued)

Exchange rate risk

Exchange rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flow of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the exchange rate. The Company's exchange rate risk mainly comes from financial instruments denominated in foreign currencies other than the functional currency.

The exchange rate risk is mainly the effect of the fluctuation of the foreign exchange rate on the Group's financial position and cash flow. Except that the subsidiaries established in Hong Kong hold monetary fund in Hong Kong dollars and U. S. dollars as the settlement currency, the proportion of assets and liabilities held by the Group in foreign currency to total assets and liabilities is not significant. Therefore, the Group believes that its exposure to exchange rate risks is not significant.

As at 31 December 2024, the amounts in RMB translated from the assets denominated in foreign currencies held by the Group were summarized as follows (Unit: RMB0'000):

| Item | Assets denominated in foreign currencies | |
|-------|---|--|
| | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
| US\$ | 6,443.32 | 5,909.16 |
| HKD | 536.26 | 496.40 |
| EUR | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Total | 6,979.59 | 6,405.57 |

The Group closely monitors the impact of changes in exchange rates on the Group's exchange rate risk. The Group currently does not take any measure to avoid exchange rate risks. However, the management is responsible for monitoring exchange rate risks and will consider hedging significant exchange rate risks when necessary.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

IX. RISK MANAGEMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT (continued)

1. Objectives and Policies of Risk Management (continued)

(3) Market risk (continued)

Exchange rate risk (continued)

As at 31 December 2024, for the Group's monetary fund denominated in foreign currencies, assuming that the RMB appreciates or depreciates against foreign currencies (mainly for the US dollar, Hong Kong dollar) by 10%, while other factors remain unchanged, both shareholders' equity and net profit of the Group will increase or decrease by approximately RMB6,979,600.

2. Capital Management

The purpose of the capital management policy of the Group is to ensure the Group's ability to operate on a going concern basis and bring return for shareholders and other stakeholders as well as maintaining the best capital structure to reduce capital costs.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or dispose of assets to reduce debts.

The Company monitors its capital structure on the basis of gearing ratio (total liabilities divided by total assets). As at 31 December 2024, the Group's gearing ratio was 49.49%.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

X. FAIR VALUE

Based on the inputs of the lowest level that are of great significance to the measurement as a whole in the fair value measurement, the fair value can be categorized as:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable inputs other than the quoted market price of assets or liabilities in Level 1, either directly (the prices) or indirectly (derived from prices).

Level 3: Any input that is not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) is used for assets or liabilities.

(1) Items and amounts measured at fair value

As at 31 December 2024, assets and liabilities measured at fair value are listed as follows based on the three hierarchies set out above:

| Item | Level 1 fair value measurement | Level 2 fair value measurement | Level 3 fair value measurement | Total |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| I. Continuous fair value measurement | | | | |
| (I) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | | 67,294,538.92 | 67,294,538.92 |
| Beijing Jingguosheng Investment Fund (Limited Partnership) (北京京國盛投資基金(有限合伙)) | | | 67,294,538.92 | 67,294,538.92 |
| Total assets continuously measured at fair value | | | 67,294,538.92 | 67,294,538.92 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

X. FAIR VALUE (continued)

(2) The quantitative information of important unobservable input used in the Level 3 fair value measurement

| Content | Fair value at the end of period | Valuation techniques | Unobservable inputs | Sensitivity relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---|
| Beijing Jingguosheng Investment Fund (Limited Partnership) (北京京國盛投資基金(有限合夥)) | 67,294,538.92 | Net assets | | |

Note:

As Beijing Jingguosheng Investment Fund (Limited Partnership) (北京京國盛投資基金(有限合夥)) has adopted a fair value to measure its investment, its net book value of assets multiplied by its shareholding percentage was used as the best estimate of fair value of equity in Beijing Jingguosheng Investment Fund (Limited Partnership).

(3) Table of reconciliation of fair value measurements categorized into level 3 of the fair value hierarchy

| Item | Opening balance | Transfer into level 3 | Transfer out from level 3 | Included in profit or loss | Total profit or loss for the current period Included in other comprehensive income | Purchase, issuance, sale and settlement | Closing balance | Assets held at the end of the Reporting Period are included in profit or loss as changes in gain or loss that are not realized in the period |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---|---|-----------------|--|
| Beijing Jingguosheng Investment Fund (Limited Partnership) (北京京國盛投資基金(有限合夥)) | 51,300,941.47 | | | 687,744.00 | | 23,738,165.30 | 8,432,311.85 | 67,294,538.92 |
| | | | | | | | | - |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Information on the parent company of the Company

| Name of parent company | Place of registration | Business nature | Registered capital (RMB0'000) | Parent company's shareholding percentage to the Company % | Parent company's percentage of voting rights to the Company % |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|
| BSAM | Beijing | Investment management | 1,000,000.00 | 63.30 | 63.30 |

The ultimate controlling party of the Company is: the People's Government of Beijing Municipality.

(2) Information on the subsidiaries of the Company

Details on the subsidiaries are set out in Note VII.1.

(3) Information on the joint ventures and associates of the Group

Details of the important joint ventures and associates are set out in Note VII.2.

Set out below are other joint ventures or associates which were involved in related party transactions with the Group during the period, or for which balances were formed due to their involvement in related party transactions with the Group during previous periods:

| Name of joint ventures or associates | Relations with the Group |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| BJCA | Associate |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

4. Information on other related parties of the Group

| Name of related parties | Relations with the Group |
|--|--------------------------|
| China Beijing Equity Exchange Limited (hereinafter referred to as "Beijing Equity Exchange") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Guoyuan Sports & Culture Investment Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Guoyuan Sports & Culture") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Software and Information Service Exchange Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Software and Information Service Exchange") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Industrial Development Investment Management Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Industrial Development") | The same parent company |
| Beijing National Swimming Centre Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "National Swimming Centre") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Huayu Energy Technology Holdings Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Beijing Huayu Energy Technology") | The same parent company |
| Capnet | The same parent company |
| Beijing Crystal Digital Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Beijing Crystal Digital") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Xinlongfu Culture Investment Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Xinlongfu Culture") | The same parent company |
| National Sport Stadium Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "National Stadium") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Science Park Development (Group) Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Beijing Science Development") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Science Holding Land Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Beijing Science Land") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Guotong Asset Management Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Beijing Guotong Asset") | The same parent company |
| Beijing State-owned Financial Leasing Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Beijing State-owned Financial Leasing") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Artists Management Corp., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Artists Corporation") | The same parent company |
| Dynagreen Environmental Protection Group Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Dynagreen Group") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Financial Assets Exchange Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "BFAE") | The same parent company |
| Beijing BeiAo Group Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "BeiAo Group") | The same parent company |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

4. Information on other related parties of the Group (continued)

| Name of related parties | Relations with the Group |
|--|--------------------------|
| Beijing Guohua Wenke Finance Guarantee Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Guohua Wenke Finance Guarantee") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Xinlongfu Property Management Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "BXLE Property") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Industrial Development Investment Financial Management Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Beijing Industrial Development") | The same parent company |
| Beijing International Trust Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "International Trust") | The same parent company |
| Beijing SME Finance Re-guarantee Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Finance Re-guarantee") | The same parent company |
| Beike TEDA Investment Development Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as "Beike TEDA") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Bird's Nest Culture Creative Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Bird's Nest Culture") | The same parent company |
| Changchun Beihu Science and Technology Park Development Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Beihu Science Park") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Beike Yichuang Technology Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Beike Yichuang") | The same parent company |
| Jiaxing Innovation Park Development Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Jiaxing Innovation Park") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Registration and Clearing Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Registration and Clearing") | The same parent company |
| Shanghai Kehuan Investment Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Kehuan Investment") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Guo Xu Microfinance Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as "Guo Xu Microfinance") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Jizhi Future Artificial Intelligence Industry Innovation Base Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "BIDP") | The same parent company |
| Qingdao Blue Biotechnology Park Development Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Blue Biotechnology Park") | The same parent company |
| Tianjin Beike Real Estate Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Tianjin Beike Real Estate") | The same parent company |
| Wuxi Z-Park Development Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Wuxi Z-Park") | The same parent company |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

4. Information on other related parties of the Group (continued)

| Name of related parties | Relations with the Group |
|---|------------------------------|
| Beijing Guorong Chuangyin Private Equity Fund Management Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Guorong Chuangyin") | The same parent company |
| Beijing Beike Real Estate Co., Ltd (hereinafter referred to as Beike Real Estate) | The same parent company |
| Bank of Beijing Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as Bank of Beijing) | Associates of parent company |
| Beijing Rural Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as BRCB) | Associates of parent company |
| Beijing Kechuang Huiju Industrial Operation Management Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as Kechuang Huiju) | The same parent company |
| Beijing Longfu Tiandi Real Estate Development and Management Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as Longfu Tiandi) | The same parent company |

Note: Bank of Beijing became an associate of Beijing State-owned Assets Management Co., Ltd. in April 2024.
Bank of Beijing will be the Group's related party from 1 April 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

5. Related party transactions

(1) Information on related party purchases and sales

① Purchase of goods and receipt of services

The prices of the Group's transactions with related parties are determined at market prices.

| Related parties | Subjects of related party transactions | Amount incurred in the current period (RMB0'000) | Amount incurred in the previous period (RMB0'000) |
|---|--|--|---|
| Capnet | Purchase of relevant services | 443.40 | 423.72 |
| BJCA | Purchase of network security system service and purchase of assets | 1,965.76 | 2,058.69 |
| Software and Information Service Exchange | Purchase of network system and relevant technical service | | 8.43 |
| Registration and Clearing | Purchase of network system and relevant technical service | 3.88 | — |
| Beijing Crystal Digital | Purchase of network system and relevant technical service | | 9.04 |
| BeiAo Group | Purchase of relevant services | 8.55 | |
| Jizhi Future | Purchase of relevant services | 234.46 | |
| BXLE Property | Purchase of relevant services | 197.22 | |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

5. Related party transactions (continued)

(1) Information on related party purchases and sales (continued)

② Sale of goods and provision of labor service

| Related parties | Subjects of related party transactions | Amount incurred in the current period (RMB0'000) | Amount incurred in the previous period (RMB0'000) |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Capnet | Provision of network system and relevant services | 1,151.31 | 1,044.34 |
| BSAM | Provision of network system and relevant service | 3,287.17 | 661.12 |
| Beijing Science Land | Provision of network system and relevant service | | 66.51 |
| Beijing Industrial Development | Provision of network system and relevant service | 26.84 | 6.12 |
| BJCA | Provision of network system and relevant services | 230.70 | 161.07 |
| National Stadium | Provision of network system and relevant service | 69.86 | |
| Industrial Development | Provision of network system and relevant service | 33.06 | 3.55 |
| Finance Re-guarantee | Provision of network system and relevant service | 308.00 | 42.39 |
| Beike TEDA | Provision of network system and relevant service | 21.28 | 13.28 |
| National Swimming Centre | Provision of network system and relevant service | 0.46 | 2.14 |
| Jizhi Future | Provision of network system and relevant service | 26.46 | 49.53 |
| Artists Corporation | Provision of network system and relevant service | 2.92 | 3.81 |
| Guohua Wenke Finance Guarantee | Provision of network system and relevant service | 22.86 | 10.38 |
| Beijing Guotong Asset | Provision of network system and relevant service | 4.82 | 4.87 |
| Beijing Equity Exchange | Provision of network system and relevant service | 3.61 | 6.29 |
| Guoyuan Sports & Culture | Provision of network system and relevant service | 0.35 | 1.22 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

5. Related party transactions (continued)

(1) Information on related party purchases and sales (continued)

② Sale of goods and provision of labor service (continued)

| Related parties | Subjects of related party transactions | Amount incurred in the current period (RMB0'000) | Amount incurred in the previous period (RMB0'000) |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Beijing State-owned Financial Leasing | Provision of network system and relevant service | 33.14 | 2.23 |
| Beijing Science Development | Provision of network system and relevant service | 758.83 | 990.15 |
| Dynagreen Group | Provision of network system and relevant service | 12.76 | 11.49 |
| Beike Yichuang | Provision of network system and relevant service | 232.86 | 123.98 |
| Blue Biotechnology Park | Provision of network system and relevant service | | 0.46 |
| Tianjin Beike Real Estate | Provision of network system and relevant service | | 2.21 |
| Jiaxing Innovation Park | Provision of network system and relevant service | | 1.54 |
| BeiAo Group | Provision of network system and relevant service | 10.90 | |
| Beike Real Estate | Provision of network system and relevant service | 127.10 | |
| Guo Xu Microfinance | Provision of network system and relevant service | 1.89 | |
| Xinlongfu Culture | Provision of network system and relevant service | 201.37 | |
| Beihu Science Park | Provision of network system and relevant service | 192.62 | |

The prices of the Group's transactions with related parties are determined at market prices.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

5. Related party transactions (continued)

(2) Related lease

Lease

| Name of lessor | Type of leased asset | Lease payments payable in the current period | Lease payments payable in the previous period |
|-------------------|----------------------|--|---|
| Xinlongfu Culture | Office premise | 14,402,867.76 | 16,681,375.48 |
| Jizhi Future | Office premise | 6,297,469.20 | 1,579,012.98 |

The building rental fees between the Group and related parties are determined at market prices.

Increase of right-of-use assets recognized as a lessee in the current year:

| Name of lessor | Type of leased assets | Increase for the current period | Increase for the previous period |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Xinlongfu Culture | Office premise | 34,081,505.91 | |
| Jizhi Future | Office premise | | 25,523,352.29 |

Interest expense on lease liabilities borne as a lessee in the current year:

| Name of lessor | Type of leased assets | Interest expense for the current period | Interest expense for the previous period |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| Xinlongfu Culture | Office premise | 1,207,460.67 | 415,457.20 |
| Jizhi Future | Office premise | 1,193,464.61 | 244,678.63 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

5. Related party transactions (continued)

(3) Other related party transactions

① Utilities

| Lessor | Subjects of related party transactions | Method of pricing and procedure for decision-making in respect of related party transactions | Amount incurred in the current period (RMB0'000) | Amount incurred in the previous period (RMB0'000) |
|-------------------|--|--|--|---|
| BXLE Property | Utilities | Based on prevailing market price | 76.27 | 88.51 |
| Xinlongfu Culture | Property fee | Based on prevailing market price | 197.22 | 219.35 |

② Related-party transactions with financial institutions

| Name of related party | Project name | Closing balance/ current period amount | Opening balance/ previous period amount |
|-----------------------|--|--|---|
| Bank of Beijing | Monetary fund | 39,933,773.09 | |
| Bank of Beijing | Financial expenses-interest income | 5,054.51 | |
| Bank of Beijing | Financial expenses-handling fees and others | 200.00 | |
| Bank of Beijing | Provision of network system and relevant service | 118,852,003.32 | |
| BRCB | Monetary fund | 102,085,733.45 | 104,359,559.47 |
| BRCB | Financial expenses-interest income | 208,235.27 | 2,039,525.55 |
| BRCB | Financial expenses-handling fees and others | 3,940.30 | 3,047.00 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

5. Related party transactions (continued)

(3) Other related party transactions (continued)

③ Others

On 25 March 2019, the Company entered into a participation agreement and a limited partnership agreement (the agreement of Beijing Jingguosheng Investment Fund Limited Partnership (北京京國盛投資基金有限合夥)) with Guorong Chuangyin, BSAM, Beijing Science Development, Beijing Equity Exchange, Beijing Guotong, National Stadium and Jizhi Future, according to which the Company agreed to act as the Limited Partner of the Partnership and the subscribed capital contribution of the Company was RMB300,000,000.00. The Company made capital contribution of RMB59,310,480.35 from 2019 to 2023. Capital contributions of RMB13,645,163.46 were received from the partnership. In 2024, the Company made an additional capital contribution of RMB23,738,165.30. Capital contributions of RMB8,432,311.85 were received from the partnership.

(4) Compensation of key management personnel

The compensation of key management personnel is set out in Note XIV.3.

(5) Loans to directors, legal entities controlled by these directors or entities connected to these directors

From 2023 to 2024, the Group did not provide loans to directors, legal entities controlled by these directors, or entities connected to such directors.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

6. Amounts receivable from and payable to related parties

(1) Amounts receivable from related parties

| Name of item | Related parties | Closing balance | | Balance at the end of the previous year | |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| | | Book balance | Provision for bad debts | Book balance | Provision for bad debts |
| Accounts receivable | Capnet | 554,562.50 | 28,837.25 | 1,971,698.13 | 25,632.08 |
| Accounts receivable | Beijing Science Land | 2,327,072.54 | 804,787.22 | 2,327,072.54 | 434,453.03 |
| Accounts receivable | International Trust | 1,420,600.00 | 1,376,848.36 | 1,420,600.00 | 1,365,722.80 |
| Accounts receivable | BeiAo Group | 156,599.30 | 84,493.66 | 80,538.50 | 80,538.50 |
| Accounts receivable | National Stadium | 618,538.76 | 65,344.02 | 35,000.00 | 35,000.00 |
| Accounts receivable | Beijing Industrial Development | 64,671.00 | 3,362.89 | 203.77 | 94.41 |
| Accounts receivable | BJCA | 1,803,336.41 | 301,163.22 | 1,389,623.93 | 397,918.88 |
| Accounts receivable | Dynagreen Group | | | 4,850.00 | 63.05 |
| Accounts receivable | Industrial Development | 12,843.60 | 12,843.60 | 15,470.74 | 13,523.01 |
| Accounts receivable | Beijing Guotong Asset | 10,328.40 | 10,328.40 | 10,328.40 | 10,328.40 |
| Accounts receivable | Guoyuan Sports & Culture | | | 458.493 | 212.42 |
| Accounts receivable | Jizhi Future | | | 458.49 | 212.42 |
| Accounts receivable | BSAM | 3,748,457.79 | 207,220.53 | 57,975.45 | 13,560.45 |
| Accounts receivable | Xinlongfu Culture | 554,925.47 | 163,868.97 | 1,841,203.77 | 444,511.81 |
| Accounts receivable | Beike Yichuang | 1,886,280.86 | 342,630.86 | 172,392.55 | 9,774.66 |
| Accounts receivable | Beijing Huayu Energy Technology | | | 27,150.00 | 27,150.00 |
| Accounts receivable | BFAE | 67,500.00 | 67,500.00 | 67,500.00 | 67,500.00 |
| Accounts receivable | Beijing Science Development | 2,597,994.86 | 157,957.67 | 2,916,810.49 | 225,615.72 |
| Accounts receivable | Beike TEDA | 24,101.70 | 8,336.09 | 21,710.70 | 1,231.00 |
| Accounts receivable | Jiaxing Innovation Park | 502.72 | 184.00 | 502.72 | 28.50 |
| Accounts receivable | Wuxi Z-Park | 723.69 | 264.87 | 723.69 | 41.03 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

6. Amounts receivable from and payable to related parties (continued)

(1) Amounts receivable from related parties (continued)

| Name of item | Related parties | Closing balance | | Balance at the end of the previous year | |
|--------------------------|---|-----------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| | | Book balance | Provision for bad debts | Book balance | Provision for bad debts |
| Accounts receivable | Beike Real Estate | 1,426,104.38 | 232,597.62 | | |
| Accounts receivable | Beijing State-owned Financial Leasing | 18,270.33 | 950.06 | | |
| Accounts receivable | Longfu Tiandi | 183,219.22 | 9,527.40 | | |
| Accounts receivable | Bank of Beijing | 172,423,588.97 | 10,094,037.25 | | |
| Accounts receivable | Finance Re-guarantee | 283,254.41 | 22,220.82 | | |
| Accounts receivable | Beihu Science Park | 1,260,446.32 | 205,716.56 | | |
| Prepayments | BJCA | 792,452.83 | | 1,376,592.12 | |
| Prepayments | BXLE Property | | | 136,957.54 | |
| Prepayments | Guohua Wenke Finance Guarantee | 943.40 | | | |
| Prepayments | Jizhi Future | 89,751.66 | | | |
| Other non-current assets | BJCA | 305,309.73 | | | |
| Other receivables | Capnet | | | 12,763,374.39 | |
| Other receivables | Xinlongfu Culture | 4,512,039.00 | 22,560.20 | 5,524,889.58 | |
| Other receivables | BXLE Property | | | 131,094.00 | |
| Other receivables | BSAM | 100,000.00 | 500.00 | 305,999.51 | |
| Other receivables | Beijing Equity Exchange | | | 5,798.13 | |
| Other receivables | Software and Information Service Exchange | | | 90,000.00 | |
| Other receivables | Jizhi Future | 722,490.00 | 3,612.45 | 722,490.00 | |
| Other receivables | BeiAo Group | | | 400.00 | |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

6. Amounts receivable from and payable to related parties (continued)

(2) Amounts payable to related parties

| Name of item | Related parties | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Accounts payable | BJCA | 20,299,534.24 | 19,124,002.34 |
| Accounts payable | Capnet | 1,850.00 | 1,400.00 |
| Accounts payable | Software and Information Service | | |
| | Exchange | 24,000.00 | 24,000.00 |
| Accounts payable | Jizhi Future | 8,432.58 | 977,901.12 |
| Accounts payable | Xinlongfu Culture | | 3,297,722.02 |
| Accounts payable | Registration and Clearing | 38,754.20 | |
| Accounts payable | Beijing Crystal Digital | 22,603.77 | |
| Contract liabilities | BJCA | | 528,318.38 |
| Contract liabilities | Finance Re-guarantee | 1,370,092.39 | 2,766,093.51 |
| Contract liabilities | BSAM | 5,264,722.11 | 7,013,105.15 |
| Contract liabilities | Beike TEDA | | 145,410.83 |
| Contract liabilities | Beijing Science Development | 978,163.89 | 2,344,740.44 |
| Contract liabilities | National Stadium | 5,189.69 | 148,140.64 |
| Contract liabilities | Beijing State-owned Financial | | |
| | Leasing | 96,312.72 | 281,241.50 |
| Contract liabilities | Beijing Industrial Development | 80,796.45 | 105,612.26 |
| Contract liabilities | Industrial Development | 52,797.26 | 179,093.40 |
| Contract liabilities | Beijing Guotong Asset | | 39,143.40 |
| Contract liabilities | Guohua Wenke Finance Guarantee | 51,029.89 | 47,169.81 |
| Contract liabilities | BeiAo Group | | 37,240.75 |
| Contract liabilities | Beijing Equity Exchange | 25,856.23 | 30,959.43 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XI. RELATED PARTIES AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

6. Amounts receivable from and payable to related parties (continued)

(2) Amounts payable to related parties (continued)

| Name of item | Related parties | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Contract liabilities | Dynagreen Group | 11,434.47 | 37,725.47 |
| Contract liabilities | Artists Corporation | | 19,054.72 |
| Contract liabilities | National Swimming Centre | | 2,264.15 |
| Contract liabilities | Guoyuan Sports & Culture | 130,188.68 | 3,500.00 |
| Contract liabilities | Xinlongfu Culture | | 706,603.77 |
| Contract liabilities | Kehuan Investment | | 5,524.60 |
| Contract liabilities | Guo Xu Microfinance | | 18,867.92 |
| Contract liabilities | Beihu Science Park | | 805,172.38 |
| Contract liabilities | Jizhi Future | 69,227.40 | 232,916.98 |
| Contract liabilities | Sci-Tech Convergence | 31,334.86 | |
| Contract liabilities | Bank of Beijing | 63,716.81 | |
| Other payables | BSAM | 12,000,000.00 | 12,000,000.00 |
| Other payables | Capnet | | 7,598,201.05 |
| Other payables | Beijing Science Development | | 84,000.00 |
| Other payables | Jizhi Future | | 225,501.15 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XII. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

1. Principal commitments

(1) Capital commitments

| Capital commitments contracted but not yet confirmed in the financial statements | Closing balance | Balance at the end of the previous year |
|---|-----------------|--|
| Commitment to acquisition and construction of long- term assets | | |
| – Contracted but not executed | 20,409,369.62 | 19,911,887.96 |
| – Authorized but not contracted | 79,849,005.56 | 66,645,953.85 |
| Total | 100,258,375.18 | 86,557,841.81 |

(2) Other commitments

As of 31 December 2024, the Group had no other disclosable commitments.

2. Contingencies

As of 31 December 2024, save as disclosed in Note XIV.4, the Group has no pending lawsuits, external guarantees and other contingencies that should be disclosed.

XIII. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

1. Dividend Distribution

According to the resolution of the 8th meeting of the 9th Board of Directors of the Company on 31 March 2025, the Board proposed that the Company distribute a cash dividend of RMB7 cents to all shareholders calculated based on the 289,808,609.00 shares in issue and it is proposed to distribute a total of RMB20,286,602.63 in cash dividend (among them, 77,449,800 H shares were issued overseas, and a total of RMB5,421,486.00 in cash dividends were distributed. The above proposal is subject to the approval of shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XIII. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS (continued)

2. Other post balance sheet events

On 14 March 2025, Rito Info received a notice issued by the Intermediate People's Court of Xiamen City, Fujian Province ((2025) Min 02 Bankruptcy No. 132), and on 6 February 2025, the Intermediate People's Court of Xiamen City, Fujian Province made a civil ruling ((2024) Min 02 Bankruptcy No. 588), which accepted the bankruptcy liquidation application filed by Rito Info; and appointed Fujian Zhongzi Hezhong Law Firm as the liquidator of Rito Info on 14 March 2025.

As of 31 March 2025, the Group did not have other post balance sheet events.

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

1. Correction of prior period errors

The Group has no correction of prior period errors in this year.

2. Segment Reporting

Apart from the principal business, the Group does not operate any other business that has a significant impact on the results of operations. As the Group operates in only one geographical region, its revenue is mainly derived from the PRC and its major assets are located within the PRC. Therefore, the Group is not required to disclose segment data.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANT EVENTS (continued)

3. Compensation of Directors, Supervisors and Key Management

(1) Compensation of Directors, Supervisors and Key Management

The remuneration of each of the Directors, Supervisors and key management in 2024 was as follows: (unit: RMB0'000)

| Title | Name | Directors Fees | Salaries, allowances and subsidies | Retirement benefit scheme contributions | Total |
|--|---|-------------------|--|---|--------|
| Chairman, Executive Director | Yu Donghui | | 102.55 | 8.30 | 110.85 |
| Executive Director, General Manager | Zhang Yiqian | | 108.17 | 8.37 | 116.54 |
| Non-executive Director | Yan Yi | | | | |
| Non-executive Director | Zhou Weihua | | | | |
| Non-executive Director | Zhao Shujie | | | | |
| Non-executive Director | Xin Shuangbai | | | | |
| Non-executive Director | Feng Jianxun (Resigned) | | | | |
| Non-executive Director | Jiang Wei (Replaced Feng Jianxun) | | | | |
| Independent Non-executive Director | Yang Xiaohui | 8.00 | | | 8.00 |
| Independent Non-executive Director | Gong Zhiqiang | 8.00 | | | 8.00 |
| Independent Non-executive Director | Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell | 8.00 | | | 8.00 |
| Independent Non-executive Director | Su Zhongxing (Resigned) | 3.17 | | | 3.17 |
| Independent Non-executive Director | Li Jianqiang (Replaced Su Zhongxing) | | | | |
| Independent Non-executive Director | Dong Jin | 8.00 | | | 8.00 |
| Chairman of the Board of Supervisors | Ge Li | | | | |
| Supervisor | Zhu Chenlan (Resigned) | | 29.96 | 4.53 | 34.49 |
| Supervisor | Kuang Mingzhi (Replaced Zhu Chenlan) | | 24.03 | 3.40 | 27.43 |
| Supervisor | Ma Xiaoping | | | | |
| Deputy General Manager | Xia Xiaoqing | | 90.95 | 8.33 | 99.28 |
| Deputy General Manager/ Chief Financial Officer | Du Xiaoling | | 87.12 | 8.37 | 95.49 |
| General Legal Counsel/Secretary to the Board of Directors | Wu Ning | | 78.86 | 8.20 | 87.06 |
| Deputy General Manager | Wang Liang | | 89.04 | 8.38 | 97.42 |
| Assistant to General Manager | Guo Hongtao | | 77.66 | 8.17 | 85.83 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANT EVENTS (continued)

3. Compensation of Directors, Supervisors and Key Management (continued)

(1) Compensation of Directors, Supervisors and Key Management (continued)

The remuneration of each of the Directors, Supervisors and key management in 2023 was as follows: (unit: RMB0'000)

| Title | Name | Directors Fees | Salaries, allowances and subsidies | Retirement benefit scheme contributions | Total |
|--|---|-------------------|--|---|--------|
| Chairman, Executive Director | Yu Donghui | | 116.38 | 9.14 | 125.52 |
| Executive Director, General Manager | Zhang Yiqian | | 116.38 | 9.13 | 125.51 |
| Executive Director | Zong Zhaoxing (Resigned) | | 48.73 | 4.43 | 53.16 |
| Executive Director | Yang Yongxin (Replaced Zong Zhaoxing, and subsequently resigned) | | 49.49 | 4.71 | 54.20 |
| Non-executive Director | Yan Yi | | | | |
| Non-executive Director | Zhou Weihua | | | | |
| Non-executive Director | Shan Yuhu | | | | |
| Non-executive Director | Zhao Shujie (Replaced Shan Yuhu) | | | | |
| Non-executive Director | Liang Yi | | | | |
| Non-executive Director | Xin Shuangbai (Replaced Liang Yi) | | | | |
| Non-executive Director | Feng Jianxun | | | | |
| Independent Non-executive Director | Yang Xiaohui | 8.00 | | | 8.00 |
| Independent Non-executive Director | Gong Zhiqiang | 8.00 | | | 8.00 |
| Independent Non-executive Director | Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell | 8.00 | | | 8.00 |
| Independent Non-executive Director | Su Zhongxing | 8.00 | | | 8.00 |
| Independent Non-executive Director | Dong Jin | | | | |
| Chairman of the Board of Supervisors | Yu Nan | | | | |
| Chairman of the Board of Supervisors | Ge Li (Replaced Yu Nan) | | | | |
| Supervisor | Zhu Chenlan | | 71.47 | 8.75 | 80.22 |
| Supervisor | Ma Xiaoping | | | | |
| Deputy General Manager | Xia Xiaoqing | | 95.59 | 9.14 | 104.73 |
| Deputy General Manager/ Secretary of the Board | Lu Lei | | 21.23 | 2.21 | 23.44 |
| Deputy General Manager/ Chief Financial Officer | Du Xiaoling | | 98.71 | 9.14 | 107.85 |
| Deputy General Manager | Wang Liang | | 91.43 | 9.14 | 100.57 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANT EVENTS (continued)

3. Compensation of Directors, Supervisors and Key Management (continued)

- (2) Payments made or benefits provided for directors (including former directors and shadow directors) who terminate services

During the year, the Company did not make payments or provide benefits for the directors (including former directors and shadow directors) who terminate services. (2023: nil)

- (3) Details about any compensation arrangement that directors have waived or agreed to waive

During the year, no director of the Company has waived or agreed to waive any compensation arrangement (2023: nil).

- (4) Payment to cooperative manufacturers for obtaining directorship services

During the year, the Company did not pay the cooperative manufacturers for the services provided by the directors (2023: nil).

- (5) Loans, quasi-loans and other transactions provided to directors, legal entities controlled by directors, and connected parties of directors, or guarantees on loans to directors, legal entities controlled by directors, and connected parties of directors

During the year, the Company did not provide loans, quasi-loans, and other transactions for any directors, legal entities controlled by directors, and connected parties of directors, or provided guarantees on loans to directors, legal entities controlled by directors, and connected parties of directors (2023: nil).

- (6) Significant interests of directors in transactions, arrangements or contracts

During the year, the Company did not enter into any important transaction, arrangement or contract that is related to the business of the Group and where the directors of the Company have direct or indirect interests in it (2023: nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANT EVENTS (continued)

3. Compensation of Directors, Supervisors and Key Management (continued)

(7) Top five employees with the highest salary

The top five employees with the highest salary for the current year included one acted as executive Director and Chairman, one acted as executive Director and General Manager (2023: one acted as executive Director and Chairman, one acted as executive Director and General Manager). Details of their remuneration are shown in Note XIV.3 (1). Details of remuneration of the remaining three (2023: three) non-directors and non-key management personnel are set out as follows:

| Item | Amount for the current period (RMB0'000) | Amount for the previous period (RMB0'000) |
|---|--|---|
| Basic salaries and allowances | 267.11 | 325.34 |
| Retirement benefit scheme contributions | 25.08 | 27.43 |
| Total | 292.19 | 352.77 |

Number of the highest paid employees who are non-directors and non-key management personnel within the following remuneration range is set out as follows:

| Item | Number of employees | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| | Closing balance | Opening balance |
| HK\$0 to HK\$1,000,000 | | |
| HK\$1,000,000 to HK\$1,500,000 | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| Total | 3.00 | 3.00 |

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XIV. OTHER SIGNIFICANT EVENTS (continued)

4. Progress of cases

On 21 July 2014, the Company entered into a share transfer agreement with Xiamen Ruitailong Investment Development Company Limited* (廈門銳泰隆投資發展有限公司) and other transferors (the "Former Shareholders") to acquire the equity interest of Rito Info. On the ground that the Former Shareholders were suspected of exaggeration of financial performance for the period under assessment, in order to protect the interests of the Company and its Shareholders, a new legal proceeding was instituted by the Company in the Beijing First Intermediate People's Court (北京市第一中級人民法院) on 3 April 2023, to seek legal action against the Former Shareholders according to law, requesting, among other things, the revocation of the share transfer agreement and the refund of the consideration paid for the share transfer. The Company applied for property preservation on 25 April 2023, and the preservation measures shall be limited to RMB335,995,436.60. The Beijing First Intermediate People's Court (北京市第一中級人民法院) made a civil judgment and imposed preservation measures on the Former Shareholders in accordance with the law. During the trial of the case, the Former Shareholders counterclaimed that the Company should continue to pay the third installment of the consideration for the share transfer in accordance with the share transfer agreement in dispute, and filed an application for property preservation. The Beijing First Intermediate People's Court (北京市第一中級人民法院) ruled to freeze the bank deposits of the Company in the amount of RMB21,428,269.54. As of 31 December 2024, the case is still in the process of hearing. The frozen funds were automatically unfrozen on 4 January 2025 due to the fact that the Former Shareholders did not apply for extension of preservation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year 2024 (All amounts in RMB unless otherwise stated)

XV. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. Earnings per Share

(1) Basic earnings per share

| Item | Amount incurred in the current period | Amount incurred in the previous period |
|---|--|---|
| Net profit attributable to the parent company's ordinary shareholders | -13,781,409.57 | -72,906,433.12 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding of the parent company | 289,808,609.00 | 2,898,086,091 |
| Basic earnings per share | -0.048 | -0.025 |

Basic earnings per share is calculated as dividing consolidated net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

(2) Diluted earnings per share

The diluted earnings per share are the same as the basic earnings per share, because the Company did not have any potential dilutive shares during the Reporting Period.

Note: From 31 December 2024 to the date of approval of the financial report, there was no change in the number of ordinary shares outstanding of the Company.

2. Dividends

The Company approved not to pay final dividends for the year ended 31 December 2023 at the annual general meeting convened on 18 June 2024. (Final dividend for 2022 approved during the year 2023: RMB1.75 cents (before tax) per share, amounted to RMB50,716,506.59).

Capinfo Company Limited
31 March 2025

DEFINITION

| Abbreviation | Full Name |
|------------------------------|--|
| Group | the Company and its subsidiaries |
| Capinfo/Company | Capinfo Company Limited* (首都信息發展股份有限公司) |
| Capinfo Hong Kong | Capinfo (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. |
| Capinfo Technology | Capinfo Technology Development Co., Ltd.* (首都信息科技發展有限公司) |
| Capinfo Medical United | Capinfo Medical United Information Technology Company Limited* (首信醫聯信息技術有限公司) |
| Capinfo Cloud | Capinfo Cloud Technology Co., Ltd.* (首信雲技術有限公司) |
| Parking Management | Beijing Parking Management Centre Co., Ltd.* (北京市停車管理中心有限公司) |
| Rito Info | Rito Info Technology Co., Ltd.* (廈門融通信息技術有限責任公司) |
| Beijing Digital Intelligence | Beijing Digital Intelligence Technology Co., Ltd.* (北京數智先行科技有限公司) |
| BJCA | Beijing Certificate Authority Co., Ltd.* (北京數字認證股份有限公司) |
| BST | Beijing Culture & Sports Technology Co., Ltd.* (北京文化體育科技有限公司) |
| Capinfo Soft | Capinfo Soft Co., Ltd.* (遼寧眾信同行軟件開發有限公司) |
| BSAM | Beijing State-owned Assets Management Co., Ltd.* (北京市國有資產經營有限責任公司) |
| Capnet | Capnet Company Limited* (北京首信網創網絡信息服務有限責任公司) |
| BXLE | Beijing Xinlongfu Cultural Investment Co., Ltd.* (北京新隆福文化投資有限公司) |
| BXLE Property Management | Beijing Xinlongfu Property Management Co., Ltd.* (北京新隆福物業管理有限公司) |
| Beijing Equity Exchange | China Beijing Equity Exchange Co., Ltd.* (北京產權交易所有限公司) |
| Beijing Quanyitong | Beijing QYT Pay Sci-tech Co., Ltd.* (北京權益通支付科技有限公司) |
| Beijing Anxintianxing | Beijing Anxintianxing Science Co., Ltd.* (北京安信天行科技有限公司) |
| Hong Kong Registrars | Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited |
| CSDCC | China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited |
| Grant Thornton | Grant Thornton Certified Public Accountants LLP |
| Companies Law | the Companies Law of the People's Republic of China |
| Articles of Association | the Articles of Association of Capinfo Company Limited |
| Listing Rules | the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited |
| Stock Exchange | the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited |
| INED | the independent non-executive directors |
| the Year | the year ended 31 December 2024 |
| Reporting Period | the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 |

* For identification purposes only

CORPORATE INFORMATION

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

Executive Directors

Mr. Yu Donghui (*Party Secretary and Chairman*)
Mr. Zhang Yiqian (*Deputy Party Secretary and General Manager*)

Non-executive Directors

Ms. Yan Yi
Mr. Zhou Weihua
Mr. Xin Shuangbai
Ms. Zhao Shujie
Mr. Jiang Wei

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Yang Xiaohui
Mr. Gong Zhiqiang
Mr. Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell
Mr. Dong Jin
Mr. Li Jianqiang

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Yang Xiaohui (*Chairman*)
Mr. Gong Zhiqiang
Mr. Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell

REMUNERATION AND APPRAISAL COMMITTEE

Mr. Gong Zhiqiang (*Chairman*)
Ms. Yan Yi
Mr. Yang Xiaohui

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Yu Donghui (*Chairman*)
Mr. Gong Zhiqiang
Mr. Cheung, Wai Hung Boswell

STRATEGY COMMITTEE

Mr. Yu Donghui (*Chairman*)
Mr. Zhang Yiqian
Mr. Dong Jin
Mr. Li Jianqiang

RULE OF LAW AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

Mr. Yu Donghui (*Chairman*)
Mr. Zhang Yiqian
Mr. Gong Zhiqiang

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Ms. Ge Li (*Chairman*)
Ms. Ma Xiaoping
Ms. Kuang Mingzhi

SECRETARY OF THE COMPANY

Ms. Koo Ching Fan

SECRETARY OF THE BOARD

Mr. Wu Ning (*General Counsel*)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

Mr. Yu Donghui

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.capinfo.com.cn

H SHARE STOCK CODE

1075

REGISTERED ADDRESS

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Post Code: 100036

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Grant Thornton (special general partnership)
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22 Jianguomen Wai Avenue,
Chaoyang District, Beijing, PRC
Post Code: 100004

CORPORATE INFORMATION

LEGAL ADVISOR

PRC law advisor

Beijing Docvit Law Firm
Address: 56/F, Fortune Financial Center,
No. 5 East Third Ring Middle Road,
Chaoyang District,
Beijing, PRC
Post Code: 100020

Hong Kong law advisor

Jia Yuan Law Offices
Address: 7/F and 17/F,
238 Des Voeux Road Central,
Sheung Wan, Hong Kong, PRC

SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

China Securities Depository and Clearing
Corporation Limited (Domestic Shares)
Address: No. 17 Taipingqiao Street,
Xicheng District, Beijing, PRC
Post Code: 100033
Tel.: (8610) 59378888
Fax: (8610) 58598977

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services
Limited (H Shares)
Address: Rooms 1712-1716,
17/F, Hopewell Centre,
183 Queen's Road East,
Wanchai, Hong Kong, PRC
Tel.: (852) 28628523
Fax: (852) 28650990

CONTACTS

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